

## GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS (GD)

GD.1 In the Grid Code the following words and expressions shall, unless the subject matter or context otherwise requires or is inconsistent therewith, bear the following meanings:

<b>Access Group</b>	<p>A group of <b>Connection Points</b> within which a <b>User</b> declares under the <b>Planning Code</b></p> <p>(a) An interconnection and/or</p> <p>(b) A need to redistribute <b>Demand</b> between those <b>Connection Points</b> either pre-fault or post-fault</p> <p>Where a single <b>Connection Point</b> does not form part of an <b>Access Group</b> in accordance with the above, that single <b>Connection Point</b> shall be considered to be an <b>Access Group</b> in its own right.</p>
<b>Access Period</b>	<p>A period of time in respect of which each <b>Transmission Interface Circuit</b> is to be assessed as whether or not it is capable of being maintained as derived in accordance with PC.A.4.1.4. The period shall commence and end on specified calendar weeks.</p>
<b>Act</b>	<p>The Electricity Act 1989 (as amended by the Utilities Act 2000 and the Energy Act 2004).</p>
<b>Active Control Based Droop Power</b>	<p><b>The Active Control Based Power</b> output supplied by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> through controlled means (be it manual or automatic).</p> <p>For <b>GBGF-I</b> this is equivalent to a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> with a traditional governor coupled to its prime mover.</p> <p><b>Active Control Based Droop Power</b> is used by <b>The Company</b> to control <b>System Frequency</b> changes through the instruction of <b>Primary Response</b> and <b>Secondary Response</b>.</p>

<p><b>Active Control Based Power</b></p>	<p>The <b>Active Power</b> output supplied by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> through controlled means (be it manual or automatic) of the positive phase sequence Root Mean Square <b>Active Power</b> produced at fundamental <b>System Frequency</b> by the control system of a <b>Grid Forming Unit</b>.</p> <p>For <b>GBGF-I</b>, this is equivalent to a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> with a traditional governor coupled to its prime mover.</p> <p><b>Active Control Based Power</b> includes <b>Active Power</b> changes that results from a change to the <b>Grid Forming Plant Owners</b> available set points that have a 5 Hz limit on the bandwidth of the provided response.</p> <p><b>Active Control Based Power</b> also includes <b>Active Power</b> components produced by the normal operation of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> that comply with the <b>Engineering Recommendation P28</b> limits. These <b>Active Power</b> components do not have a 5 Hz limit on the bandwidth of the provided response.</p> <p><b>Active Control Based Power</b> does not include <b>Active Power</b> components proportional to <b>System Frequency</b>, slip or deviation that provide damping power to emulate the natural damping function provided by a real <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b>.</p>
<p><b>Active Damping Power</b></p>	<p>The <b>Active Power</b> naturally injected or absorbed by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to reduce <b>Active Power</b> oscillations in the <b>Total System</b>.</p> <p>More specifically, <b>Active Damping Power</b> is the damped response of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to an oscillation between the voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> and the voltage of the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> of the <b>Grid Forming Plant</b>.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, <b>Active Damping Power</b> is an inherent capability of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> that starts to respond naturally, within less than 5ms to low frequency oscillations in the <b>System Frequency</b>.</p>
<p><b>Active Energy</b></p>	<p>The electrical energy produced, flowing or supplied by an electric circuit during a time interval, being the integral with respect to time of the instantaneous power, measured in units of watt-hours or standard multiples thereof, ie:</p> <p>1000 Wh = 1 kWh</p> <p>1000 kWh = 1 MWh</p> <p>1000 MWh = 1 GWh</p> <p>1000 GWh = 1 TWh</p>

<p><b>Active Frequency Response Power</b></p>	<p>The injection or absorption of <b>Active Power</b> by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to or from the <b>Total System</b> during a deviation of the <b>System Frequency</b> away from the <b>Target Frequency</b>.</p> <p>For a <b>GBGF-I</b> this is very similar to <b>Primary Response</b> but with a response time to achieve the declared service capability (which could be the <b>Maximum Capacity</b> or <b>Registered Capacity</b>) within 1 second.</p> <p>For <b>GBGF-I</b> this can rapidly inject or absorb <b>Active Power</b> in addition to the phase-based <b>Active Inertia Power</b> to provide a system with desirable <b>NFP</b> plot characteristics.</p> <p><b>Active Frequency Response Power</b> can be produced by any viable control technology.</p>
<p><b>Active Inertia Power</b></p>	<p>The injection or absorption of <b>Active Power</b> by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to or from the <b>Total System</b> during a <b>System Frequency</b> change.</p> <p>The transient injection or absorption of <b>Active Power</b> from a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to the <b>Total System</b> as a result of the <b>ROCOF</b> value at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b>. This requires a sufficient energy storage capacity of the <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to meet the <b>Grid Forming Capability</b> requirements specified in ECC.6.3.19.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, this includes the rotational inertial energy of the complete drive train of a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b>.</p> <p><b>Active Inertia Power</b> is an inherent capability of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to respond naturally, within less than 5ms, to changes in the <b>System Frequency</b>.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, the <b>Active Inertia Power</b> has a slower frequency response compared with <b>Active Phase Jump Power</b>.</p>
<p><b>Active Phase Jump Power</b></p>	<p>The transient injection or absorption of <b>Active Power</b> from a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to the <b>Total System</b> as a result of changes in the phase angle between the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> of the <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> and the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b>.</p> <p>In the event of a disturbance or fault on the <b>Total System</b>, a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> will instantaneously (within 5ms) inject or absorb <b>Active Phase Jump Power</b> to the <b>Total System</b> as a result of the phase angle change.</p> <p>For <b>GBGF-I</b> as a minimum value this is up to the <b>Phase Jump Angle Limit Power</b>.</p> <p><b>Active Phase Jump Power</b> is an inherent capability of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> that starts to respond naturally, within less than 5 ms and can have frequency components of over 1000 Hz.</p>
<p><b>Active Power</b></p>	<p>The product of voltage and the in-phase component of alternating current measured in units of watts and standard multiples thereof, ie:</p> <p>1000 Watts = 1 kW</p> <p>1000 kW = 1 MW</p> <p>1000 MW = 1 GW</p> <p>1000 GW = 1 TW</p>

<b>Active ROCOF Response Power</b>	The <b>Active Inertia Power</b> developed from a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> plus the <b>Active Frequency Response Power</b> that can be supplied by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> when subject to a rate of change of the <b>System Frequency</b> .
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<b>Additional BM Unit</b>	Has the meaning as set out in the <b>BSC</b>
<b>Affiliate</b>	In relation to any person, any holding company or subsidiary of such person or any subsidiary of a holding company of such person, in each case within the meaning of Section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the <b>Transfer Date</b> , as if such section were in force at such date.
<b>AF Rules</b>	Has the meaning given to “allocation framework” in section 13(2) of the Energy Act 2013.
<b>Agency</b>	As defined in <b>The Company’s Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Aggregator</b>	A <b>BM Participant</b> who controls one or more <b>Additional BM Units</b> or <b>Secondary BM Units</b> .
<b>Aggregator Impact Matrix</b>	Defined for an <b>Additional BM Unit</b> or a <b>Secondary BM Unit</b> . Provides data allowing <b>The Company</b> to model the result of a <b>Bid-Offer Acceptance</b> on each of the <b>Grid Supply Points</b> within the <b>GSP Group</b> over which the <b>Additional BM Unit</b> or <b>Secondary BM Unit</b> is defined.
<b>Alternate Member</b>	Shall mean an alternate member for the <b>Panel Members</b> elected or appointed in accordance with this GR.7.2(a) or (b).
<b>Ancillary Service</b>	A <b>System Ancillary Service</b> and/or a <b>Commercial Ancillary Service</b> , as the case may be. An <b>Ancillary Service</b> may include one or more <b>Demand Response Services</b> .
<b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b>	An agreement between a <b>User</b> and <b>The Company</b> for the payment by <b>The Company</b> to that <b>User</b> in respect of the provision by such <b>User</b> of <b>Ancillary Services</b> .
<b>Annual Average Cold Spell Conditions</b> or <b>ACS Conditions</b>	A particular combination of weather elements which gives rise to a level of peak <b>Demand</b> within a <b>Financial Year</b> which has a 50% chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone.
<b>Apparatus</b>	Other than in <b>OC8</b> , means all equipment in which electrical conductors are used, supported or of which they may form a part. In <b>OC8</b> , it means <b>High Voltage</b> electrical circuits forming part of a <b>System</b> on which <b>Safety Precautions</b> may be applied to allow work and/or testing to be carried out on a <b>System</b> .
<b>Apparent Power</b>	The product of voltage and of alternating current measured in units of voltamperes and standard multiples thereof, ie: 1000 VA = 1 kVA 1000 kVA = 1 MVA
<b>Approved Fast Track Proposal</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.26.7, provided that no objection is received pursuant to GR.26.12.

<b>Approved Grid Code Self-Governance Proposal</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.24.10.
<b>Approved Modification</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.22.7
<b>Authorised Certifier</b>	An entity that issues <b>Equipment Certificates</b> and <b>Power Generating Module Documents</b> and whose accreditation is given by the United Kingdom Accreditation Service or such other body as may be established from time to time to carry out the function of accreditation.
<b>Authorised Electricity Operator</b>	Any person (other than <b>The Company</b> ) who is authorised under the <b>Act</b> to generate, participate in the transmission of, distribute or supply electricity which shall include any <b>Interconnector Owner</b> or <b>Interconnector User</b> .
<b>Authority-Led Modification</b>	A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> in respect of a <b>Significant Code Review</b> , raised by the Authority pursuant to GR.17
<b>Authority-Led Modification Report</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.17.4.
<b>Authority for Access</b>	An authority which grants the holder the right to unaccompanied access to sites containing exposed <b>HV</b> conductors.
<b>Authority, The</b>	The <b>Authority</b> established by section 1 (1) of the Utilities Act 2000.
<b>Automatic Voltage Regulator or AVR</b>	The continuously acting automatic equipment controlling the terminal voltage of a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> or <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> by comparing the actual terminal voltage with a reference value and controlling by appropriate means the output of an <b>Exciter</b> , depending on the deviations.
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	Any item of <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> not directly a part of the boiler plant or <b>Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Equipment</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> , but required for the boiler plant's or <b>Power Generating Module's</b> or <b>Generating Unit's</b> or <b>DC Converter's</b> or <b>HVDC Equipment's</b> or <b>Power Park Module's</b> functional operation.
<b>Auxiliary Diesel Engine</b>	A diesel engine driving a <b>Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Generating Unit</b> which can supply a <b>Unit Board</b> or <b>Station Board</b> , which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the <b>Power Station</b> within which it is situated.
<b>Auxiliary Gas Turbine</b>	A <b>Gas Turbine Unit</b> , which can supply a <b>Unit Board</b> or <b>Station Board</b> , which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the <b>Power Station</b> within which it is situated.
<b>Average Conditions</b>	That combination of weather elements within a period of time which is the average of the observed values of those weather elements during equivalent periods over many years (sometimes referred to as normal weather).
<b>Back-Up Protection</b>	A <b>Protection</b> system which will operate when a system fault is not cleared by other <b>Protection</b> .

<b>Balancing and Settlement Code</b> or <b>BSC</b>	The code of that title as from time to time amended.
<b>Balancing Code</b> or <b>BC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which specifies the <b>Balancing Mechanism</b> process.
<b>Balancing Mechanism</b>	Has the meaning set out in <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b>
<b>Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent</b> or <b>BMRA</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Balancing Mechanism Reporting Service</b> or <b>BMRS</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Balancing Principles Statement</b>	A statement prepared by <b>The Company</b> in accordance with Condition C16 of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Baseline Forecast</b>	Has the meaning given to the term 'baseline forecast' in Section G of the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Bid-Offer Acceptance</b>	(a) A communication issued by <b>The Company</b> in accordance with BC2.7; or (b) an <b>Emergency Instruction</b> to the extent provided for in BC2.9.2.3.
<b>Bid-Offer Data</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Bilateral Agreement</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Black Start</b>	The procedure necessary for a recovery from a <b>Total Shutdown</b> or <b>Partial Shutdown</b> .
<b>Black Start Capability</b>	In the case of a <b>Black Start Station</b> , is the ability for at least one of its <b>Gensets</b> to <b>Start-Up</b> from <b>Shutdown</b> and to energise a part of the <b>System</b> and be <b>Synchronised</b> to the <b>System</b> upon instruction from <b>The Company</b> , within two hours, without an external electrical power supply.  In the case of a <b>Black Start HVDC System</b> is the ability of an <b>HVDC System</b> to <b>Start-Up</b> from <b>Shutdown</b> and to energise a part of the <b>System</b> and be <b>Synchronised</b> to the <b>System</b> upon instruction from <b>The Company</b> , within two hours, without an external electrical power supply from the <b>GB Synchronous Area</b> .
<b>Black Start Contract</b>	An agreement between a <b>Black Start Service Provider</b> and <b>The Company</b> under which the <b>Black Start Service Provider</b> provides <b>Black Start Capability</b> and other associated services;
<b>Black Start HVDC System</b>	An <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> which are registered, pursuant to the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> with a <b>User</b> , as having a <b>Black Start Capability</b> .
<b>Black Start HVDC Test</b>	A <b>Black Start Test</b> carried out by an <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>DC Converter Station Owner</b> with a <b>Black Start HVDC System</b> while the <b>Black Start HVDC System</b> is disconnected from all external electrical power supplies from the <b>GB Synchronous Area</b> .
<b>Black Start Service Provider</b>	A <b>Generator</b> with a <b>Black Start Station</b> or an <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>DC Converter Station Owner</b> with a <b>Black Start HVDC System</b> .

<b>Black Start Stations</b>	<b>Power Stations</b> which are registered, pursuant to the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> with a <b>User</b> , as having a <b>Black Start Capability</b> .
<b>Black Start Station Test</b>	A <b>Black Start Test</b> carried out by a <b>Generator</b> with a <b>Black Start Station</b> while the <b>Black Start Station</b> is disconnected from all external electrical power supplies from the <b>GB Synchronous Area</b> .
<b>Black Start Test</b>	A <b>Black Start Test</b> carried out by a <b>Black Start Service Provider</b> on the instructions of <b>The Company</b> , in order to demonstrate that a <b>Black Start Station</b> or a <b>Black Start HVDC System</b> has a <b>Black Start Capability</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Black Start Test</b> could comprise a <b>Black Start Station Test</b> , a <b>Black Start Unit Test</b> or <b>Black Start HVDC Test</b> .
<b>Black Start Unit Test</b>	A <b>Black Start Test</b> carried out on a <b>Generating Unit</b> or a <b>CCGT Unit</b> or a <b>Power Generating Module</b> , as the case may be, at a <b>Black Start Station</b> while the <b>Black Start Station</b> remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply.
<b>Block Loading Capability</b>	The incremental <b>Active Power</b> steps, from no load to <b>Rated MW</b> , which a <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> or <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> can instantaneously supply without causing it to trip or go outside the <b>Frequency</b> range of 47.5Hz – 52Hz (or an otherwise agreed <b>Frequency</b> range). The time between each incremental step shall also be provided.
<b>BM Participant</b>	A person who is responsible for and controls one or more <b>BM Units</b> or where a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> specifies that a <b>User</b> is required to be treated as a <b>BM Participant</b> for the purposes of the Grid Code. For the avoidance of doubt, it does not imply that they must be active in the <b>Balancing Mechanism</b> .
<b>BM Unit</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> , except that for the purposes of the Grid Code the reference to “Party” in the <b>BSC</b> shall be a reference to <b>User</b> .
<b>BM Unit Data</b>	The collection of parameters associated with each <b>BM Unit</b> , as described in Appendix 1 of <b>BC1</b> .
<b>Boiler Time Constant</b>	Determined at <b>Registered Capacity</b> or <b>Maximum Capacity</b> (as applicable), the boiler time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
<b>British Standards or BS</b>	Those standards and specifications approved by the British Standards Institution.
<b>BSCCo</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>BSC Panel</b>	Has meaning set out for “Panel” in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Black Start Unit Test</b>	A <b>Black Start Test</b> carried out on a <b>Generating Unit</b> or a <b>CCGT Unit</b> or a <b>Power Generating Module</b> , as the case may be, at a <b>Black Start Station</b> while the <b>Black Start Station</b> remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply.

<b>Business Day</b>	Any week day (other than a Saturday) on which banks are open for domestic business in the City of London.
<b>Cancellation of National Electricity Transmission System Warning</b>	The notification given to <b>Users</b> when a <b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning</b> is cancelled.
<b>Capacity Market Documents</b>	The <b>Capacity Market Rules</b> , The <b>Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014</b> and any other Regulations made under Chapter 3 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013 which are in force from time to time.
<b>Capacity Market Rules</b>	The rules made under section 34 of the Energy Act 2013 as modified from time to time in accordance with that section and The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014.
<b>Cascade Hydro Scheme</b>	Two or more hydro-electric <b>Generating Units</b> , owned or controlled by the same <b>Generator</b> , which are located in the same water catchment area and are at different ordnance datums and which depend upon a common source of water for their operation, known as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Moriston</li> <li>(b) Killin</li> <li>(c) Garry</li> <li>(d) Conon</li> <li>(e) Clunie</li> <li>(f) Beauuly</li> </ul> which will comprise more than one <b>Power Station</b> .
<b>Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix</b>	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to <b>BC1</b> under the heading <b>Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix</b> .
<b>Category 1 Intertripping Scheme</b>	A <b>System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme</b> arising from a Variation to Connection Design following a request from the relevant <b>User</b> which is consistent with the criteria specified in the <b>Security and Quality of Supply Standard</b> .
<b>Category 2 Intertripping Scheme</b>	A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme which is:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) required to alleviate an overload on a circuit which connects the <b>Group</b> containing the <b>User's Connection Site</b> to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>; and</li> <li>(ii) installed in accordance with the requirements of the planning criteria of the <b>Security and Quality of Supply Standard</b> in order that measures can be taken to permit maintenance access for each transmission circuit and for such measures to be economically justified,</li> </ul> and the operation of which results in a reduction in <b>Active Power</b> on the overloaded circuits which connect the <b>User's Connection Site</b> to the rest of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> which is equal to the reduction in <b>Active Power</b> from the <b>Connection Site</b> (once any system losses or third party system effects are discounted).

<b>Category 3 Intertripping Scheme</b>	A <b>System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme</b> which, where agreed by <b>The Company</b> and the <b>User</b> , is installed to alleviate an overload on, and as an alternative to, the reinforcement of a third party system, such as the <b>Distribution System</b> of a <b>Public Distribution System Operator</b> .
<b>Category 4 Intertripping Scheme</b>	A <b>System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme</b> installed to enable the disconnection of the <b>Connection Site</b> from the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> in a controlled and efficient manner in order to facilitate the timely restoration of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> .
<b>Caution Notice</b>	A notice conveying a warning against interference.
<b>CENELEC</b>	European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation.
<b>Citizens Advice</b>	Means the National Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux.
<b>Citizens Advice Scotland</b>	Means the Scottish Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux.
<b>CfD Counterparty</b>	A person designated as a “CfD counterparty” under section 7(1) of the Energy Act 2013.
<b>CfD Documents</b>	The <b>AF Rules</b> , The Contracts for Difference (Allocation) Regulations 2014, The Contracts for Difference (Definition of Eligible Generator) Regulations 2014 and The Contracts for Difference (Electricity Supplier Obligations) Regulations 2014 and any other regulations made under Chapter 2 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013 which are in force from time to time.
<b>CfD Settlement Services Provider</b>	means any person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) appointed for the time being and from time to time by a <b>CfD Counterparty</b>; or</li> <li>(ii) who is designated by virtue of Section C1.2.1B of the Balancing and Settlement Code,</li> </ul> in either case to carry out any of the CFD settlement activities (or any successor entity performing CFD settlement activities).
<b>CCGT Module Matrix</b>	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading <b>CCGT Module Matrix</b> .
<b>CCGT Module Planning Matrix</b>	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 3 of OC2 showing the combination of <b>CCGT Units</b> within a <b>CCGT Module</b> which would be running in relation to any given MW output.
<b>Closed Distribution System or CDSO</b>	A distribution system classified as a <b>Closed Distribution System</b> by the <b>Authority</b> which distributes electricity within a geographically confined industrial, commercial or shared services site and does not supply household <b>Customers</b> , without prejudice to incidental use by a small number of households located within the area served by the <b>System</b> and with employment or similar associations with the owner of the <b>System</b> .

<b>CM Administrative Parties</b>	The <b>Secretary of State</b> , the <b>CM Settlement Body</b> , and any <b>CM Settlement Services Provider</b> .
<b>CM Settlement Body</b>	the Electricity Settlements Company Ltd or such other person as may from time to time be appointed as Settlement Body under regulation 80 of the Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014.
<b>CM Settlement Services Provider</b>	any person with whom the <b>CM Settlement Body</b> has entered into a contract to provide services to it in relation to the performance of its functions under the <b>Capacity Market Documents</b> .
<b>Code Administration Code of Practice</b>	Means the code of practice approved by the <b>Authority</b> and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) developed and maintained by the code administrators in existence from time to time; and</li> <li>(b) amended subject to the <b>Authority's</b> approval from time to time; and</li> <li>(c) re-published from time to time;</li> </ul>
<b>Code Administrator</b>	Means <b>The Company</b> carrying out the role of <b>Code Administrator</b> in accordance with the General Conditions.
<b>Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Module or CCGT Module</b>	A collection of <b>Generating Units</b> (registered as a <b>CCGT Module</b> (which could be within a <b>Power Generating Module</b> ) under the <b>PC</b> ) comprising one or more <b>Gas Turbine Units</b> (or other gas based engine units) and one or more <b>Steam Units</b> where, in normal operation, the waste heat from the <b>Gas Turbines</b> is passed to the water/steam system of the associated <b>Steam Unit</b> or <b>Steam Units</b> and where the component units within the <b>CCGT Module</b> are directly connected by steam or hot gas lines which enable those units to contribute to the efficiency of the combined cycle operation of the <b>CCGT Module</b> .
<b>Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit or CCGT Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> within a <b>CCGT Module</b> .
<b>Commercial Ancillary Services</b>	<b>Ancillary Services</b> , other than <b>System Ancillary Services</b> , utilised by <b>The Company</b> in operating the <b>Total System</b> if a <b>User</b> (or other person such as a <b>Demand Response Provider</b> ) has agreed to provide them under an <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> or under a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> with payment being dealt with under an <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> or in the case of <b>Externally Interconnected System Operators</b> or <b>Interconnector Users</b> , under any other agreement (and in the case of <b>Externally Interconnected System Operators</b> and <b>Interconnector Users</b> includes <b>Ancillary Services</b> equivalent to or similar to <b>System Ancillary Services</b> ).
<b>Commercial Boundary</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b>
<b>Committed Level</b>	The expected <b>Active Power</b> output from a <b>BM Unit</b> after accepting a <b>Bid- Offer Acceptance</b> or <b>RR Instruction</b> or a combination of <b>Bid-Offer Acceptances</b> and <b>RR Instructions</b> .
<b>Committed Project Planning Data</b>	Data relating to a <b>User Development</b> once the offer for a <b>CUSC Contract</b> is accepted.

<b>Common Collection Busbar</b>	A busbar within a <b>Power Park Module</b> to which the higher voltage side of two or more <b>Power Park Unit</b> generator transformers are connected.
<b>Completion Date</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> with each <b>User</b> to that term or in the absence of that term to such other term reflecting the date when a <b>User</b> is expected to connect to or start using the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> . In the case of an <b>Embedded Medium Power Station</b> or <b>Embedded DC Converter Station</b> or <b>Embedded HVDC System</b> having a similar meaning in relation to the <b>Network Operator's System</b> as set out in the <b>Embedded Development Agreement</b> .
<b>Complex</b>	A <b>Connection Site</b> together with the associated <b>Power Station</b> and/or <b>Network Operator</b> substation and/or associated <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> , as appropriate.
<b>Compliance Processes or CP</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>Compliance Processes</b> .
<b>Compliance Statement</b>	<p>A statement completed by the relevant <b>User</b> confirming compliance with each of the relevant Grid Code provisions, and the supporting evidence in respect of such compliance, of its:</p> <p><b>Generating Unit(s)</b>; or,</p> <p><b>Power Generating Modules</b> (including <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> and/or <b>Electricity Storage Modules</b>); or,</p> <p><b>CCGT Module(s)</b>; or,</p> <p><b>Power Park Module(s)</b>; or,</p> <p><b>DC Converter(s)</b>; or</p> <p><b>HVDC Systems</b>; or</p> <p><b>Plant and Apparatus</b> at an <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> owned or operated by a <b>Network Operator</b>; or</p> <p><b>Network Operator's</b> entire distribution <b>System</b> where such <b>Network Operator's</b> distribution <b>System</b> comprises solely of <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> procured on or after 7 September 2018 and was connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> on or after 18 August 2019. In this case, all connections to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> would comprise only of <b>EU Grid Supply Points</b>;</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>Plant and Apparatus</b> at an <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> owned or operated by a <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> where such <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> is defined as an <b>EU Code User</b>;</p> <p>In the form provided by <b>The Company</b> to the relevant <b>User</b> or another format as agreed between the <b>User</b> and <b>The Company</b>.</p>
<b>Configuration 1 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Module</b>	One or more <b>Offshore Power Park Modules</b> that are connected to an <b>AC Offshore Transmission System</b> and that <b>AC Offshore Transmission System</b> is connected to only one <b>Onshore</b> substation and which has one or more <b>Transmission Interface Points</b> .

<b>Configuration 2 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Module</b>	One or more <b>Offshore Power Park Modules</b> that are connected to a meshed AC <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> and that <b>AC Offshore Transmission System</b> is connected to two or more <b>Onshore</b> substations at its <b>Transmission Interface Points</b> .
<b>Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Module</b>	One or more <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> that are connected to an <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>Transmission DC Converter</b> and that <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>Transmission DC Converter</b> is connected to only one <b>Onshore</b> substation and which has one or more <b>Transmission Interface Points</b> .
<b>Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module</b>	One or more <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> that are connected to an <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>Transmission DC Converter</b> and that <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>Transmission DC Converter</b> is connected to more than one <b>Onshore</b> substation at its <b>Transmission Interface Points</b> .
<b>Connection Conditions or CC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>Connection Conditions</b> being applicable to <b>GB Code Users</b> .
<b>Connection Entry Capacity</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Connected Planning Data</b>	Data which replaces data containing estimated values assumed for planning purposes by validated actual values and updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for <b>Forecast Data</b> items such as <b>Demand</b> .
<b>Connection Point</b>	A <b>Grid Supply Point</b> or <b>Grid Entry Point</b> , as the case may be.
<b>Connection Site</b>	A <b>Transmission Site</b> or <b>User Site</b> , as the case may be.
<b>Construction Agreement</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b>
<b>Consumer Representative</b>	Means the person appointed by the <b>Citizens Advice</b> or the <b>Citizens Advice Scotland</b> (or any successor body) representing all categories of customers, appointed in accordance with GR.4.2(b)
<b>Contingency Reserve</b>	The margin of generation over forecast <b>Demand</b> which is required in the period from 24 hours ahead down to real time to cover against uncertainties in <b>Large Power Station</b> availability and against both weather forecast and <b>Demand</b> forecast errors.
<b>Control Based Reactive Power</b>	The <b>Reactive Power</b> supplied by a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> through controlled means based on operator adjustment selectable setpoints (these may be manual or automatic).
<b>Control Calls</b>	<del>A telephone call</del> whose destination and/or origin is a <del>key on the control desk telephone keyboard at a Control Centre</del> <u>or Control Point, either from dedicated control desk telephone systems or dedicated telephone handsets</u> , and which, for the purpose of <b>Control Telephony</b> , <del>has</del> <u>has</u> the right to exercise priority over (ie. disconnect) a call of a lower status.
<b>Control Centre</b>	A location used for the purpose of control and operation of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station owner's System</b> or <b>HVDC System Owner's System</b> or a <b>User System</b> other than a <b>Generator's System</b> or an <b>External System</b> .

<b>Control Engineer</b>	A person nominated by the relevant party for the control of its <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> .
<b>Control Person</b>	The term used as an alternative to " <b>Safety Co-ordinator</b> " on the <b>Site Responsibility Schedule</b> only.
<b>Control Phase</b>	The <b>Control Phase</b> follows on from the <b>Programming Phase</b> and covers the period down to real time.
<b>Control Point</b>	<p>The point from which:-</p> <p>(a) A <b>Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus</b> is controlled; or</p> <p>(b) A <b>BM Unit</b> at a <b>Large Power Station</b> or at a <b>Medium Power Station</b> or representing a <b>Cascade Hydro Scheme</b> or with a <b>Demand Capacity</b> with a magnitude of:</p> <p>(i) 50MW or more in <b>NGET's Transmission Area</b>; or</p> <p>(ii) 30MW or more in <b>SPT's Transmission Area</b>; or</p> <p>(iii) 10MW or more in <b>SHETL's Transmission Area</b>,</p> <p>(iv) 10MW or more which is connected to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b></p> <p>is physically controlled by a <b>BM Participant</b>; or</p> <p>(c) In the case of any other <b>BM Unit</b> or <b>Generating Unit</b> (which could be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b>), data submission is co-ordinated for a <b>BM Participant</b> and instructions are received from <b>The Company</b>,</p> <p>as the case may be. For a <b>Generator</b>, this will normally be at a <b>Power Station</b> but may be at an alternative location agreed with <b>The Company</b>. In the case of a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC System</b>, the <b>Control Point</b> will be at a location agreed with <b>The Company</b>. In the case of a <b>BM Unit</b> of an <b>Interconnector User</b>, the <b>Control Point</b> will be the <b>Control Centre</b> of the relevant <b>Externally Interconnected System Operator</b>.</p>
<b>Control Telephony</b>	The principal method by which a <b>User's Responsible Engineer/Operator</b> , <u>the relevant <b>Transmission Licensees' Control Engineers</b></u> and <b>The Company's Control Engineer(s)</b> speak to one another for the purposes of control of the <b>Total System</b> in both normal and emergency operating conditions.
<b>Core Industry Document</b>	As defined in the <b>Transmission Licence</b>
<b>Core Industry Document Owner</b>	In relation to a <b>Core Industry Document</b> , the body(ies) or entity(ies) responsible for the management and operation of procedures for making changes to such document

<p><b><u>Critical Tools and Facilities</u></b></p>	<p><b><u>Apparatus</u></b> and tools required in relation to <b><u>Black Start</u></b>:</p> <p>In the case of <b><u>The Company</u></b> include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) <u>Tools for operating and monitoring the <b>Transmission System</b> including but not limited to state estimation, the <b>Balancing Mechanism, Load and System Frequency control, alarms, real time system operation and operational security analysis including off line transmission analysis;</b></u></li> <li>ii) <u>The ability to control, protect and monitor transmission assets including switchgear, tap changers and other <b>Transmission System</b> equipment including where available auxiliary equipment and to ensure the safe operation of <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> and the safety of personnel;</u></li> <li>iii) <u><b>Control Telephony</b> systems as provided for in CC.6.5.1 – CC.6.5.5 and ECC.6.5.1 – ECC.6.5.5;</u></li> <li>iv) <u>Operational telephony as provided for in STCP 04-5; and</u></li> <li>v) <u>Tools and communications systems to facilitate cross border operations.</u></li> </ul> <p>In the case of <b><u>Generators, HVDC System Owners, DC Converter Station Owners, Defence Service Providers, Restoration Service Providers and Virtual Lead Parties</u></b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) <u>Tools for monitoring their <b>Plant and Apparatus</b>;</u></li> <li>ii) <u>The ability to control, protect and monitor their <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> necessary for <b>Black Start</b> including as applicable primary <b>Plant</b>, switchgear, tap changers and other auxiliary equipment and to ensure the safe operation of <b>Plant and personnel</b>; and</u></li> <li>iii) <u><b>Control Telephony</b> as provided for in CC.6.5.1 – CC.6.5.5 and ECC.6.5.1 – ECC.6.5.5.</u></li> </ul> <p>In the case of <b><u>Network Operators</u></b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) <u>Control room <b>Apparatus</b> and tools for monitoring their <b>System</b> including but not limited to, alarms, real time system operation and operational security analysis including off line network analysis;</u></li> <li>ii) <u>The ability to control, protect and monitor those assets necessary for <b>Black Start</b> including switchgear, tap changers and other network equipment including where available auxiliary equipment and to ensure the safe operation of <b>Plant and personnel</b>; and</u></li> <li>iii) <u><b>Control Telephony</b> as provided for in CC.6.5.1 – CC.6.5.5 and ECC.6.5.1 – ECC.6.5.5.</u></li> </ul> <p>In the case of <b><u>Non-Embedded Customers</u></b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) <u>Tools for monitoring their <b>System</b> including but not limited to, alarms and real time system operation;</u></li> <li>ii) <u>The ability to control, protect and monitor those assets necessary for <b>Black Start</b> including switchgear, tap changers and other network equipment including where available auxiliary equipment and to ensure the safe operation of <b>Plant and personnel</b>; and</u></li> <li>iii) <u><b>Control Telephony</b> as provided for in CC.6.5.1 – CC.6.5.5 and ECC.6.5.1 – ECC.6.5.5.</u></li> </ul>
<p><b>CUSC</b></p>	<p>Has the meaning set out in <b>The Company’s Transmission Licence</b></p>

<b>CUSC Contract</b>	One or more of the following agreements as envisaged in Standard Condition C1 of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> : (a) the <b>CUSC Framework Agreement</b> ; (b) a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> ; (c) a <b>Construction Agreement</b> or a variation to an existing <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> and/or <b>Construction Agreement</b> ;
<b>CUSC Framework Agreement</b>	Has the meaning set out in <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>CUSC Party</b>	As defined in the <b>The Company's</b> Transmission Licence and "CUSC Parties" shall be construed accordingly.
<b>Customer</b>	A person to whom electrical power is provided (whether or not they are the same person as the person who provides the electrical power).
<b>Customer Demand Management</b>	Reducing the supply of electricity to a <b>Customer</b> or disconnecting a <b>Customer</b> in a manner agreed for commercial purposes between a <b>Supplier</b> and its <b>Customer</b> .
<b>Customer Demand Management Notification Level</b>	The level above which a <b>Supplier</b> has to notify <b>The Company</b> of its proposed or achieved use of <b>Customer Demand Management</b> which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.
<b>Customer Generating Plant</b>	A <b>Power Station</b> or <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> of a <b>Customer</b> to the extent that it operates the same exclusively to supply all or part of its own electricity requirements, and does not export electrical power to any part of the <b>Total System</b> .
<b>Damping Factor (<math>\zeta</math>)</b>	The ratio of the actual damping to critical damping.  For a <b>GBGF-I</b> the open loop phase angle, for an open loop gain of one, is measured from the systems <b>Nichols Chart</b> .  This angle is used to define the system's equivalent <b>Damping Factor</b> that is the same as the <b>Damping Factor</b> of a second order system with the same open loop phase angle.  Alternatively, the <b>Damping Factor</b> refers to the damping of a specific oscillation mode that is associated with the second order system created by the power to angle transfer function as show in Figure PC.A.5.8.1(a) and PCA.5.8.1(b).
<b>Data Publisher</b>	The person providing a reporting service, in relation to data which is submitted to the reporting service under OC2.4.2.3 or a <b>Transmission Licensee</b> , in relation to data which the <b>Transmission Licensee</b> is required to publish.
<b>Data Registration Code or DRC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>Data Registration Code</b> .

<b>Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules</b>	The rules relating to validity and consistency of data, and default data to be applied, in relation to data submitted under the <b>Balancing Codes</b> , to be applied by <b>The Company</b> under the <b>Grid Code</b> as set out in the document “Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules” - Issue 8, dated 25 <sup>th</sup> January 2012. The document is available on the National Grid website or upon request from <b>The Company</b> .
<b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b>	A <b>Power Park Module</b> that is connected to one or more <b>HVDC Interface Points</b> .
<b>DC Converter</b>	Any <b>Onshore DC Converter</b> or <b>Offshore DC Converter</b> as applicable to <b>GB Code User’s</b> .
<b>DC Converter Station</b>	An installation comprising one or more <b>Onshore DC Converters</b> connecting a direct current interconnector:  to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> ; or,  (if the installation has a rating of 50MW or more) to a <b>User System</b> ,  and it shall form part of the <b>External Interconnection</b> to which it relates.
<b>DC Network</b>	All items of <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> connected together on the direct current side of a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC System</b> .
<b>DCUSA</b>	The Distribution Connection and Use of System Agreement approved by the <b>Authority</b> and required to be maintained in force by each <b>Electricity Distribution Licence</b> holder.
<b>Defence Service Provider</b>	A <b>User</b> or <b>Non-CUSC Party</b> with a legal or contractual obligation to provide a service contributing to one or several measures of the <b>System Defence Plan</b> .
<b>Defined Active Damping Power</b>	The <b>Active Damping Power</b> supplied by a <b>GBGF-I</b> when it is operating at the <b>Grid Oscillation Value</b> defined in Table PC.A.5.8.2
<b>De-Load</b>	The condition in which a <b>Genset</b> has reduced or is not delivering electrical power to the <b>System</b> to which it is <b>Synchronised</b> .
$\Delta f$	Deviation from <b>Target Frequency</b>
<b>Demand</b>	The demand of MW and MVAR of electricity (i.e. both <b>Active</b> and <b>Reactive Power</b> ), unless otherwise stated.
<b>Demand Aggregation</b>	A process where one or more <b>Demand Facilities</b> or <b>Closed Distribution Systems</b> can be controlled by a <b>Demand Response Provider</b> either as a single facility or <b>Closed Distribution System</b> for the purposes of offering one or more <b>Demand Response Services</b> .
<b>Demand Capacity</b>	Has the meaning as set out in the <b>BSC</b> .

<b>Demand Control</b>	Any or all of the following methods of achieving a <b>Demand</b> reduction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <b>Customer</b> voltage reduction initiated by <b>Network Operators</b> (other than following an instruction from <b>The Company</b>);</li> <li>(b) <b>Customer Demand</b> reduction by <b>Disconnection</b> initiated by <b>Network Operators</b> (other than following an instruction from <b>The Company</b>);</li> <li>(c) <b>Demand</b> reduction instructed by <b>The Company</b>;</li> <li>(d) automatic low <b>Frequency Demand Disconnection</b>;</li> <li>(e) emergency manual <b>Demand Disconnection</b>.</li> </ul>
<b>Demand Control Notification Level</b>	The level above which a <b>Network Operator</b> has to notify <b>The Company</b> of its proposed or achieved use of <b>Demand Control</b> which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.
<b>Demand Facility</b>	A facility which consumes electrical energy and is connected at one or more <b>Grid Supply Points</b> to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or connection points to a <b>Network Operator's System</b> . A <b>Network Operator's System</b> and/or auxiliary supplies of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> do not constitute a <b>Demand Facility</b> .
<b>Demand Facility Owner</b>	A person who owns or operates one or more <b>Demand Units</b> within a <b>Demand Facility</b> . A <b>Demand Facility Owner</b> who owns or operates a <b>Demand Facility</b> which is directly connected to the <b>Transmission System</b> shall be treated as a <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> .
<b>Demand Response Active Power Control</b>	<b>Demand</b> within a <b>Demand Facility</b> or <b>Closed Distribution System</b> that is available for modulation by <b>The Company</b> or <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> , which results in an <b>Active Power</b> modification.
<b>Demand Response Provider</b>	A party (other than <b>The Company</b> ) who owns, operates, controls or manages <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> (excluding storage equipment) which was first connected to the <b>Total System</b> on or after 18 August 2019 and who had placed <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> on or after 7 September 2018 or is the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> on or after 18 August 2019 and has an agreement with <b>The Company</b> to provide a <b>Demand Response Service(s)</b> . The party may be one or more <b>Customers</b> , a <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> or <b>EU Code User</b> contracting bilaterally with <b>The Company</b> for the provision of services, or may be a third party providing <b>Demand Aggregation</b> from many individual <b>Customers</b> .
<b>Demand Response Reactive Power Control</b>	A <b>Demand Response Service</b> derived from <b>Reactive Power</b> or <b>Reactive Power</b> compensation devices in a <b>Demand Facility</b> or <b>Closed Distribution System</b> that are available for modulation by <b>The Company</b> or <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Demand Response Transmission Constraint Management</b>	A <b>Demand Response Service</b> derived from <b>Demand</b> within a <b>Demand Facility</b> or <b>Closed Distribution System</b> that is available for modulation by <b>The Company</b> or <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> to manage transmission constraints within the <b>System</b> .

<b>Demand Response Service</b>	<p>A <b>Demand Response Service</b> includes one of more of the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <b>Demand Response Active Power Control;</b></li> <li>(b) <b>Demand Response Reactive Power Control;</b></li> <li>(c) <b>Demand Response Transmission Constraint Management;</b></li> <li>(d) <b>Demand Response System Frequency Control;</b></li> <li>(e) <b>Demand Response Very Fast Active Power Control.</b></li> </ul> <p>The above <b>Demand Response Services</b> are not exclusive and do not preclude <b>Demand Response Providers</b> from negotiating other services for demand response capability with <b>The Company</b>. Where such services are negotiated they would still be treated as a <b>Demand Response Service</b>.</p>
<b>Demand Response Services Code (DRSC)</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>Demand Response Services Code</b> being applicable to <b>Demand Response Providers</b> .
<b>Demand Response System Frequency Control</b>	A <b>Demand Response Service</b> derived from a <b>Demand</b> within one or more <b>Demand Facilities</b> or <b>Closed Distribution Systems</b> that is available for the reduction or increase in response to <b>Frequency</b> fluctuations, made by an autonomous response from those <b>Demand Facilities</b> or <b>Closed Distribution Systems</b> to diminish these fluctuations.
<b>Demand Response Unit Document (DRUD)</b>	A document, issued either by the <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> , <b>Demand Facility Owner</b> or the <b>CDSO</b> to <b>The Company</b> or the <b>Network Operator</b> (as the case may be) for <b>Demand Units</b> with demand response and providing a <b>Demand Response Service</b> which confirms the compliance of the <b>Demand Unit</b> with the technical requirements set out in the Grid Code and provides the necessary data and statements, including a statement of compliance.
<b>Demand Response Very Fast Active Power Control</b>	A <b>Demand Response Service</b> derived from a <b>Demand</b> within a <b>Demand Facility</b> or <b>Closed Distribution System</b> that can be modulated very fast in response to a <b>Frequency</b> deviation, which results in a very fast <b>Active Power</b> modification.
<b>Demand Unit</b>	An indivisible set of installations containing equipment which can be actively controlled at one or more sites by a <b>Demand Response Provider</b> , <b>Demand Facility Owner</b> , <b>CDSO</b> or by a <b>Non Embedded Customer</b> , either individually or commonly as part of <b>Demand Aggregation</b> through a third party who has agreed to provide <b>Demand Response Services</b> .
<b>Designed Minimum Operating Level</b>	The output (in whole MW) below which a <b>Genset</b> or a <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> (in any of its operating configurations) has no <b>High Frequency Response</b> capability.
<b>De-Synchronise</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) The act of taking a <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b>), <b>Generating Unit</b>, <b>Power Park Module</b>, <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter</b> off a <b>System</b> to which it has been <b>Synchronised</b>, by opening any connecting circuit breaker; or</li> <li>(b) The act of ceasing to consume electricity at an importing <b>BM Unit</b>; and the term "<b>De-Synchronising</b>" shall be construed accordingly.</li> </ul>
<b>De-synchronised Island(s)</b>	Has the meaning set out in OC9.5.1(a).
<b>Detailed Planning Data</b>	Detailed additional data which <b>The Company</b> requires under the <b>PC</b> in support of <b>Standard Planning Data</b> , comprising <b>DPD I</b> and <b>DPD II</b> .

<b>Detailed Planning Data Category I or DPD I</b>	The <b>Detailed Planning Data</b> categorised as such in the <b>DRC</b> , and submitted in accordance with PC.4.4.2 or PC.4.4.4 as applicable.
<b>Detailed Planning Data Category II or DPD II</b>	The <b>Detailed Planning Data</b> categorised as such in the <b>DRC</b> , and submitted in accordance with PC.4.4.2 or PC.4.4.4 as applicable.
<b>Disconnection</b>	The physical separation of <b>Users</b> (or <b>Customers</b> ) from the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or a <b>User System</b> as the case may be.
<b>Discrimination</b>	The quality where a relay or protective system is enabled to pick out and cause to be disconnected only the faulty <b>Apparatus</b> .
<b>Disputes Resolution Procedure</b>	The procedure described in the <b>CUSC</b> relating to disputes resolution.
<b>Distribution Code</b>	The distribution code required to be drawn up by each <b>Electricity Distribution Licence</b> holder and approved by the <b>Authority</b> , as from time to time revised with the approval of the <b>Authority</b> .
<b>Droop</b>	The ratio of the per unit steady state change in speed (or <b>Frequency</b> ), to the per unit steady state change in <b>Active Power</b> output. Whilst not mandatory, it is often common practice to express <b>Droop</b> in percentage terms.
<b>Dynamic Parameters</b>	Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to <b>BC1</b> under the heading <b>BM Unit Data – Dynamic Parameters</b> .
<b>Dynamic Reactive Compensation Equipment</b>	<b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> capable of injecting or absorbing <b>Reactive Power</b> in a controlled manner which includes but is not limited to Synchronous Compensators, Static Var Compensators (SVC), or STATCOM devices.
<b>E&amp;W Offshore Transmission System</b>	An <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> with an <b>Interface Point</b> in England and Wales.
<b>E&amp;W Offshore Transmission Licensee</b>	A person who owns or operates an <b>E&amp;W Offshore Transmission System</b> pursuant to a <b>Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>E&amp;W Transmission System</b>	Collectively <b>NGET's Transmission System</b> and any <b>E&amp;W Offshore Transmission Systems</b> .
<b>E&amp;W User</b>	A <b>User</b> in <b>England</b> and <b>Wales</b> or any <b>Offshore User</b> who owns or operates <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> connected (or which will at the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time</b> be connected) to an <b>E&amp;W Offshore Transmission System</b> .
<b>Earth Fault Factor</b>	At a selected location of a three-phase <b>System</b> (generally the point of installation of equipment) and for a given <b>System</b> configuration, the ratio of the highest root mean square phase-to-earth power <b>Frequency</b> voltage on a sound phase during a fault to earth (affecting one or more phases at any point) to the root mean square phase-to-earth power <b>Frequency</b> voltage which would be obtained at the selected location without the fault.

<b>Earthing</b>	<p>A way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an <b>Earthing Device</b> which is either:</p> <p>(a) Immobilised and <b>Locked</b> in the earthing position. Where the <b>Earthing Device</b> is <b>Locked</b> with a <b>Safety Key</b>, the <b>Safety Key</b> must be secured in a <b>Key Safe</b> and the <b>Key Safe Key</b> must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the <b>Requesting Safety Co-ordinator</b> and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the <b>Key Safe Key</b> must be retained by the authorised site representative of the <b>Implementing Safety Co-ordinator</b> in safe custody; or</p> <p>(b) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the <b>Local Safety Instructions</b> of <b>NGET</b> or the <b>Safety Rules</b> of the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> or that <b>User</b>, as the case may be.</p>
<b>Earthing Device</b>	A means of providing a connection between a conductor and earth being of adequate strength and capability.
<b>Elected Panel Members</b>	<p>Shall mean the following <b>Panel Members</b> elected in accordance with GR4.2(a):</p> <p>(a) the representative of the <b>Suppliers</b>;</p> <p>(b) the representative of the <b>Onshore Transmission Licensees</b>;</p> <p>(c) the representative of the <b>Offshore Transmission Licensees</b>; and</p> <p>(d) the representatives of the <b>Generators</b></p>
<b>Electrical Standard</b>	A standard listed in the Annex to the <b>General Conditions</b> .
<b>Electricity Balancing Regulation</b>	as defined in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Electricity Council</b>	That body set up under the Electricity Act, 1957.
<b>Electricity Distribution Licence</b>	The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (c) of the <b>Act</b> .
<b>Electricity Regulation</b>	As defined in the <b>Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Electricity Storage</b>	The conversion of electrical energy into a form of energy which can be stored, the storing of that energy, and the subsequent reconversion of that energy back into electrical energy.
<b>Electricity Storage Module</b>	Is either one or more <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit(s)</b> or <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit(s)</b> which could also be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, <b>Non-Controllable Electricity Storage Equipment</b> would not be considered to be classed as an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> or as an <b>Electricity Storage Unit</b> .
<b>Electricity Storage Unit</b>	A <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> or <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> .

<b>Electricity Supply Industry Arbitration Association</b>	The unincorporated members' club of that name formed inter alia to promote the efficient and economic operation of the procedure for the resolution of disputes within the electricity supply industry by means of arbitration or otherwise in accordance with its arbitration rules.
<b>Electricity Supply Licence</b>	The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (d) of the <b>Act</b> .
<b>Electromagnetic Compatibility Level</b>	Has the meaning set out in <b>Engineering Recommendation G5</b> .
<b>Electronic Power Converter</b>	<b>Electrical Plant and Apparatus</b> which uses switched solid state power electronic devices to produce a real voltage waveform, that has a fundamental component with harmonics.
<b>Embedded</b>	Having a direct connection to a <b>User System</b> or the <b>System</b> of any other <b>User</b> to which <b>Customers</b> and/or <b>Power Stations</b> are connected, such connection being either a direct connection or a connection via a busbar of another <b>User</b> or of a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> (but with no other connection to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> ).
<b>Embedded Development</b>	Has the meaning set out in PC.4.4.3(a).
<b>Embedded Development Agreement</b>	An agreement entered into between a <b>Network Operator</b> and an <b>Embedded Person</b> , identifying the relevant site of connection to the <b>Network Operator's System</b> and setting out other site specific details in relation to that use of the <b>Network Operator's System</b> .
<b>Embedded Generation Control</b>	Any or all of the following methods by which a <b>Network Operator</b> can achieve a reduction in the <b>Active Power</b> output of <b>Embedded Power Stations</b> to implement an instruction issued by <b>The Company</b> :  (a) <b>Embedded Generation De-energisation</b> ; or (b) where this is achievable in a suitable timescale to comply with an instruction, arranging to reduce the <b>Active Power</b> output of <b>Embedded Power Stations</b> or <b>Embedded Generator Unit(s)</b> connected to their <b>System</b> .
<b>Embedded Generation Deenergisation</b>	The de-energisation by <b>Network Operators</b> of one or more <b>Embedded Power Stations</b> or <b>Embedded Generating Units</b> from their <b>System</b> as part of an <b>Embedded Generation Control</b> action.
<b>Embedded Person</b>	The party responsible for a <b>Medium Power Station</b> not subject to a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> not subject to a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> or <b>HVDC System</b> not subject to a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> connected to or proposed to be connected to a <b>Network Operator's System</b> .
<b>Emergency Deenergisation Instruction</b>	An <b>Emergency Instruction</b> issued by <b>The Company</b> to <b>De-Synchronise</b> a <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> ), <b>Generating Unit</b> , <b>Power Park Module</b> , <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter</b> in circumstances specified in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Emergency Instruction</b>	An instruction issued by <b>The Company</b> in emergency circumstances, pursuant to BC2.9, to the <b>Control Point</b> of a <b>User</b> . In the case of such instructions applicable to a <b>BM Unit</b> , it may require an action or response which is outside the <b>Dynamic Parameters</b> or <b>Other Relevant Data</b> , and may include an instruction to trip a <b>Genset</b> .

<b>EMR Administrative Parties</b>	Has the meaning given to “administrative parties” in The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014 and each <b>CfD Counterparty</b> and <b>CfD Settlement Services Provider</b> .
<b>EMR Documents</b>	The Energy Act 2013, The Electricity Capacity Regulations 2014, the <b>Capacity Market Rules</b> , The Contracts for Difference (Allocation) Regulations 2014, The Contracts for Difference (Definition of Eligible Generator) Regulations 2014, The Contracts for Difference (Electricity Supplier Obligations) Regulations 2014, The Electricity Market Reform (General) Regulations 2014, the <b>AF Rules</b> and any other regulations or instruments made under Chapter 2 (contracts for difference), Chapter 3 (capacity market) or Chapter 4 (investment contracts) of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013 which are in force from time to time.
<b>EMR Functions</b>	Has the meaning given to “EMR functions” in Chapter 5 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2013.
<b>Engineering Recommendations</b>	The documents referred to as such and issued by the Energy Networks Association or the former Electricity Council.
<b>Engineering Recommendation G5</b>	Means Engineering Recommendation G5/5.
<b>Energisation Operational Notification or EON</b>	A notification (in respect of <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> (including <b>OTSUA</b> ) which is directly connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> ) from <b>The Company</b> to a <b>User</b> confirming that the <b>User</b> can in accordance with the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> and/or <b>Construction Agreement</b> , energise such <b>User’s Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> (including <b>OTSUA</b> ) specified in such notification.
<b>Equipment Certificate</b>	A document issued by an <b>Authorised Certifier</b> for equipment used by a <b>Power Generating Module, Demand Unit, Network Operators System, Non-Embedded Customers System, Demand Facility or HVDC System</b> . The <b>Equipment Certificate</b> defines the scope of its validity at a national level. For the purpose of replacing specific parts of the compliance process, the <b>Equipment Certificate</b> may include models or equivalent information that have been verified against actual test results.
<b>Estimated Registered Data</b>	Those items of <b>Standard Planning Data</b> and <b>Detailed Planning Data</b> which either upon connection will become <b>Registered Data</b> , or which for the purposes of the <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> concerned as at the date of submission are <b>Registered Data</b> , but in each case which for the seven succeeding <b>Financial Years</b> will be an estimate of what is expected.

<p><b>EU Code User</b></p>	<p>A <b>User</b> who is any of the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) A <b>Generator</b> in respect of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> (excluding a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b>) or <b>OTSDUA</b> (in respect of an <b>AC Offshore Transmission System</b>) whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> is connected to the <b>System</b> on or after 27 April 2019 and who concluded <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> on or after 17 May 2018</li> <li>(b) A <b>Generator</b> in respect of any <b>Type C</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Module</b> which is the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 27 April 2019.</li> <li>(c) A <b>Generator</b> in respect of any <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> is connected to the <b>System</b> on or after 8 September 2019 and who had concluded <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> on or after 28 September 2018.</li> <li>(d) A <b>Generator</b> in respect of any <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> which is the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 8 September 2019.</li> <li>(e) An <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>OTSDUA</b> (in respect of a <b>DC Offshore Transmission System</b> including a <b>Transmission DC Converter</b>) whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> is connected to the <b>System</b> on or after 8 September 2019 and who had concluded <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> on or after 28 September 2018.</li> <li>(f) An <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>OTSDUA</b> (in respect of a <b>DC Offshore Transmission System</b> including a <b>Transmission DC Converter</b>) whose <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Offshore Transmission System</b> including a <b>Transmission DC Converter</b> is the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> on or after 8 September 2019.</li> <li>(g) A <b>User</b> which the <b>Authority</b> has determined should be considered as an <b>EU Code User</b>.</li> <li>(h) A <b>Network Operator</b> whose entire distribution <b>System</b> was first connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> on or after 18 August 2019 and who had placed <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> in respect of its entire distribution <b>System</b> on or after 7 September 2018. For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Network Operator</b> will be an <b>EU Code User</b> if its entire distribution <b>System</b> is connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> at <b>EU Grid Supply Points</b> only.</li> <li>(i) A <b>Non Embedded Customer</b> whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> at each <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> was first connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> on or after 18 August 2019 and who had placed <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> at each <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> on or after 7 September 2018 or is the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> on or after 18 August 2019.</li> <li>(j) A <b>Storage User</b> in respect of an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> is connected to the <b>System</b> on or after 20 May 2020 and who concluded <b>Purchase</b></li> </ul>
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	<b>Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> on or after 20 May 2019.
<b>EU Generator</b>	A <b>Generator</b> or <b>OTSDUA</b> who is also an <b>EU Code User</b> .
<b>EU Grid Supply Point</b>	A <b>Grid Supply Point</b> where either:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) (a) the <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> had placed <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for all of its <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> at that <b>Grid Supply Point</b> on or after 7 September 2018, and</li> <li>(b) All of the <b>Network Operator's</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer's Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> at that <b>Grid Supply Point</b> was first connected to the <b>Transmission System</b> on or after 18 August 2019; or</li> <li>(ii) the <b>Network Operator's</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer's Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> at a <b>Grid Supply Point</b> is the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 18 August 2019.</li> </ul>
<b>EU Transparency Availability Data</b>	Such relevant data as <b>Customers</b> and <b>Generators</b> are required to provide under Articles 7.1(a) and 7.1(b) and Articles 15.1(a), 15.1(b), 15.1(c), 15.1(d) of <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 543/2013), and which also forms part of <b>DRC</b> Schedule 6 ( <b>Users' Outage Data</b> ).
<b>European Compliance Processes</b> or <b>ECP</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>European Compliance Processes</b> .
<b>European Connection Conditions</b> or <b>ECC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>European Connection Conditions</b> being applicable to <b>EU Code Users</b> .
<b>European Specification</b>	A common technical specification, a <b>British Standard</b> implementing a European standard or a European technical approval. The terms "common technical specification", "European standard" and "European technical approval" shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in the <b>Regulations</b> .
<b>Event</b>	An unscheduled or unplanned (although it may be anticipated) occurrence on, or relating to, a <b>System</b> (including <b>Embedded Power Stations</b> ) including, without limiting that general description, faults, incidents and breakdowns and adverse weather conditions being experienced.
<b>Exciter</b>	The source of the electrical power providing the field current of a synchronous machine.
<b>Excitation System</b>	The equipment providing the field current of a machine, including all regulating and control elements, as well as field discharge or suppression equipment and protective devices.
<b>Excitation System No-Load Negative Ceiling Voltage</b>	The minimum value of direct voltage that the <b>Excitation System</b> is able to provide from its terminals when it is not loaded, which may be zero or a negative value.

<b>Excitation System Nominal Response</b>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999</b> Section 116.1: 1992]. The time interval applicable is the first half-second of excitation system voltage response.
<b>Excitation System On-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage</b>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system on load ceiling voltage' in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999</b> Section 116.1: 1992].
<b>Excitation System No-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage</b>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system no load ceiling voltage' in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999</b> Section 116.1: 1992].
<b>Exemptable</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Existing AGR Plant</b>	The following nuclear advanced gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the <b>Total System</b> at the <b>Transfer Date</b> ):- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Dungeness B</li> <li>(b) Hinkley Point B</li> <li>(c) Heysham 1</li> <li>(d) Heysham 2</li> <li>(e) Hartlepool</li> <li>(f) Hunterston B</li> <li>(g) Torness</li> </ul>
<b>Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit</b>	In respect of each <b>Genset</b> within each <b>Existing AGR Plant</b> which has a safety case enabling it to so operate, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of reduction of output as instructed by <b>The Company</b> in relation to operation in <b>Frequency Sensitive Mode</b> totals 8) instances of flexibility in any calendar year (or such lower or greater number as may be agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate and notified to <b>The Company</b> ) for the purpose of assisting in the period of low <b>System NRAPM</b> and/or low <b>Localised NRAPM</b> provided that in relation to each <b>Generating Unit</b> each change in output shall not be required to be to a level where the output of the reactor is less than 80% of the reactor thermal power limit (as notified to <b>The Company</b> and which corresponds to the limit of reactor thermal power as contained in the "Operating Rules" or "Identified Operating Instructions" forming part of the safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate).
<b>Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant</b>	Both <b>Existing Magnox Reactor Plant</b> and <b>Existing AGR Plant</b> .

<b>Existing Magnox Reactor Plant</b>	The following nuclear gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the <b>Total System</b> at the <b>Transfer Date</b> ):-  (a) Calder Hall (b) Chapelcross (c) Dungeness A (d) Hinkley Point A (e) Oldbury-on-Severn (f) Bradwell (g) Sizewell A (h) Wylfa
<b>Export and Import Limits</b>	Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to <b>BC1</b> under the heading <b>BM Unit Data – Export and Import Limits</b> .
<b>External Interconnection</b>	<b>Apparatus</b> for the transmission of electricity to or from the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or a <b>User System</b> into or out of an <b>External System</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, a single <b>External Interconnection</b> may comprise several circuits operating in parallel.
<b>External Interconnection Circuit</b>	<b>Plant</b> or <b>Apparatus</b> which comprises a circuit and which operates in parallel with another circuit and which forms part of the <b>External Interconnection</b> .
<b>Externally Interconnected System Operator or EISO</b>	A person who operates an <b>External System</b> which is connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or a <b>User System</b> by an <b>External Interconnection</b> .
<b>External System</b>	In relation to an <b>Externally Interconnected System Operator</b> means the transmission or distribution system which it owns or operates which is located outside <b>the National Electricity Transmission System Operator Area</b> any <b>Apparatus</b> or <b>Plant</b> which connects that system to the <b>External Interconnection</b> and which is owned or operated by such <b>Externally Interconnected System Operator</b> .
<b>Fast Fault Current</b>	A current delivered by a <b>Power Park Module</b> or <b>HVDC System</b> during and after a voltage deviation caused by an electrical fault within the <b>System</b> with the aim of identifying a fault by network <b>Protection</b> systems at the initial stage of the fault, supporting <b>System</b> voltage retention at a later stage of the fault and <b>System</b> voltage restoration after fault clearance.
<b>Fault Current Interruption Time</b>	The time interval from fault inception until the end of the break time of the circuit breaker (as declared by the manufacturers).
<b>Fault Ride Through</b>	The capability of <b>Power Generating Modules</b> (including <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> ) and <b>HVDC Systems</b> to be able to remain connected to the <b>System</b> and operate through periods of low voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> caused by secured faults.
<b>Fast Start</b>	A start by a <b>Genset</b> with a <b>Fast Start Capability</b> .
<b>Fast Start Capability</b>	The ability of a <b>Genset</b> to be <b>Synchronised</b> and <b>Loaded</b> up to full <b>Load</b> within 5 minutes.

<b>Fast Track Criteria</b>	A proposed Grid Code Modification Proposal that, if implemented, (a) would meet the <b>Self-Governance Criteria</b> ; and (b) is properly a housekeeping modification required as a result of some error or factual change, including but not limited to: (i) updating names or addresses listed in the <b>Grid Code</b> ; (ii) correcting any minor typographical errors; (iii) correcting formatting and consistency errors, such as paragraph numbering; or (iv) updating out of date references to other documents or paragraphs
<b>Fault Current Interruption Time</b>	The time interval from fault inception until the end of the break time of the circuit breaker (as declared by the manufacturers).
<b>Fault Ride Through</b>	The capability of <b>Power Generating Modules</b> (including <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> ) and <b>HVDC Systems</b> to be able to remain connected to the <b>System</b> and operate through periods of low voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> caused by secured faults.
<b>Final Generation Outage Programme</b>	An outage programme as agreed by <b>The Company</b> with each <b>Generator</b> and each <b>Interconnector Owner</b> at various stages through the <b>Operational Planning Phase</b> and <b>Programming Phase</b> which does not commit the parties to abide by it, but which at various stages will be used as the basis on which <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> outages will be planned.
<b>Final Operational Notification or FON</b>	A notification from <b>The Company</b> to a <b>Generator</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> confirming that the <b>User</b> has demonstrated compliance: (a) with the Grid Code, (or where they apply, that relevant derogations have been granted), and (b) where applicable, with Appendices F1 to F5 of the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> , in each case in respect of the <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> specified in such notification.
<b>Final Physical Notification Data</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Final Report</b>	A report prepared by the <b>Test Proposer</b> at the conclusion of a <b>System Test</b> for submission to <b>The Company</b> (if it did not propose the <b>System Test</b> ) and other members of the <b>Test Panel</b> .
<b>Financial Year</b>	Bears the meaning given in Condition A1 (Definitions and Interpretation) of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> .

<b>Fixed Proposed Implementation Date</b>	The proposed date(s) for the implementation of a <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> such date to be a specific date by reference to an assumed date by which a direction from the <b>Authority</b> approving the <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> is required in order for the <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or any <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> , if it were approved, to be implemented by the proposed date.
<b>Flicker Severity (Long Term)</b>	A value derived from 12 successive measurements of <b>Flicker Severity (Short Term)</b> (over a two hour period) and a calculation of the cube root of the mean sum of the cubes of 12 individual measurements, as further set out in <b>Engineering Recommendation P28</b> as current at the <b>Transfer Date</b> .
<b>Flicker Severity (Short Term)</b>	A measure of the visual severity of flicker derived from the time series output of a flickermeter over a 10 minute period and as such provides an indication of the risk of <b>Customer</b> complaints.
<b>Forecast Data</b>	Those items of <b>Standard Planning Data</b> and <b>Detailed Planning Data</b> which will always be forecast.
<b>Frequency</b>	The number of alternating current cycles per second (expressed in Hertz) at which a <b>System</b> is running.
<b>Frequency Containment Reserves (FCR)</b>	means, in the context of <b>Balancing Services</b> , the <b>Active Power</b> reserves available to contain <b>System Frequency</b> after the occurrence of an imbalance.
<b>Frequency Response Deadband</b>	An interval used intentionally to make the <b>Frequency</b> control unresponsive.  In the case of mechanical governor systems, the <b>Frequency Response Deadband</b> is the same as <b>Frequency Response Insensitivity</b> .
<b>Frequency Response Insensitivity</b>	The inherent feature of the control system specified as the minimum magnitude of change in the <b>Frequency</b> or input signal that results in a change of output power or output signal.
<b>Frequency Restoration Reserves (FRR)</b>	Means, in the context of <b>Balancing Services</b> , the <b>Active Power</b> reserves available to restore <b>System Frequency</b> to the nominal <b>Frequency</b> .
<b>Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit</b>	Each <b>Generating Unit</b> in an <b>Existing AGR Plant</b> for which the <b>Generator</b> has notified <b>The Company</b> that it has a safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate enabling it to operate in <b>Frequency Sensitive Mode</b> , to the extent that such unit is within its <b>Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit</b> . Each such <b>Generating Unit</b> shall be treated as if it were operating in accordance with BC3.5.1 provided that it is complying with its <b>Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit</b> .

<b>Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit</b>	<p>In respect of each <b>Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit</b>, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of flexibility for the purposes of assisting in a period of low <b>System</b> or <b>Localised NRAPM</b> totals 8) instances of reduction of output in any calendar year as instructed by <b>The Company</b> in relation to operation in <b>Frequency Sensitive Mode</b> (or such greater number as may be agreed between <b>The Company</b> and the <b>Generator</b>), for the purpose of assisting with <b>Frequency</b> control, the level of operation of each <b>Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit</b> in <b>Frequency Sensitive Mode</b> shall not be outside that agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate in the relevant safety case.</p>
<b>Frequency Sensitive Mode</b>	<p>A <b>Genset</b>, or <b>Type C Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Module</b> or <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> or <b>HVDC System</b> operating mode which will result in <b>Active Power</b> output changing, in response to a change in <b>System Frequency</b>, in a direction which assists in the recovery to <b>Target Frequency</b>, by operating so as to provide <b>Primary Response</b> and/or <b>Secondary Response</b> and/or <b>High Frequency Response</b>.</p>
<b>Fuel Security Code</b>	<p>The document of that title designated as such by the <b>Secretary of State</b>, as from time to time amended.</p>
<b>Gas Turbine Unit</b>	<p>A <b>Generating Unit</b> driven by a gas turbine (for instance by an aero-engine).</p>
<b>Gas Zone Diagram</b>	<p>A single line diagram showing boundaries of, and interfaces between, gas-insulated <b>HV Apparatus</b> modules which comprise part, or the whole, of a substation at a <b>Connection Site</b> (or in the case of <b>OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Transmission Interface Site</b>), together with the associated stop valves and gas monitors required for the safe operation of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or the <b>User System</b>, as the case may be.</p>
<b>Gate Closure</b>	<p>Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b>.</p>

<b>GB Code User</b>	<p>A <b>User</b> in respect of:-</p> <p>(a) A <b>Generator</b> or <b>OTSDUA</b> whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> (excluding a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b>) is connected to the <b>System</b> before 27 April 2019, or who had concluded <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> before 17 May 2018, or whose <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> is not the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 27 April 2019; or</p> <p>(b) A <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> is connected to the <b>System</b> before 8 September 2019, or who had concluded <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> before 28 September 2018, or whose <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> is not the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 8 September 2019; or</p> <p>(c) A <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> whose <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> was connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> at a <b>GB Grid Supply Point</b> before 18 August 2019 or who had placed <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> before 7 September 2018 or that <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> is not the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 18 August 2019; or</p> <p>(d) A <b>Network Operator</b> whose entire distribution <b>System</b> was connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> at one or more <b>GB Grid Supply Points</b> before 18 August 2019 or who had placed <b>Purchase Contracts</b> for its <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> in respect of its entire distribution <b>System</b> before 7 September 2018 or its entire distribution <b>System</b> is not the subject of a <b>Substantial Modification</b> which is effective on or after 18 August 2019. For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Network Operator</b> would still be classed as a <b>GB Code User</b> where its entire distribution <b>System</b> was connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> at one or more <b>GB Grid Supply Points</b>, even where that entire distribution <b>System</b> may have one or more <b>EU Grid Supply Points</b> but still comprises of <b>GB Grid Supply Points</b>.</p>
<b>GB Generator</b>	A <b>Generator</b> , or <b>OTSDUA</b> , who is also a <b>GB Code User</b> .
<b>GBGF Fast Fault Current Injection</b>	The ability of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to supply reactive current, that starts to be delivered into the <b>Total System</b> in less than 5ms when the voltage falls below 90% of its nominal value at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> .
<b>GB Grid Forming - Inverter or GBGF-I</b>	Is any <b>Power Park Module, HVDC System, DC Converter, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module, Dynamic Reactive Compensation Equipment</b> or any <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> (including a smart load) which is connected or partly connected to the <b>Total System</b> via an <b>Electronic Power Converter</b> which has a <b>Grid Forming Capability (GBGF-I)</b> .
<b>GB Grid Forming – Synchronous or GBGF-S</b>	Is a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module, Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> or <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> with a <b>Grid Forming Capability</b> .

<b>GB Grid Supply Point</b>	A <b>Grid Supply Point</b> which is not an <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> .
<b><u>GB NETS System State</u></b>	<p>The state of the <b>GB NETS</b> as classified according to Article 18 of <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1485 “System Operation Guideline”, as monitored and determined in real-time by <b>The Company</b> according to Article 19 of <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1485 and which includes the following defined system states:</p> <p><u>‘normal state’ means a situation in which the system is within operational security limits currently and will remain so after the occurrence of any contingency from the contingency list as created by <b>The Company</b> in accordance with <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1485, and taking into account the effect of any available remedial actions;</u></p> <p><u>‘alert state’ (which shall, when reported on <b>BMRS</b> according to OC4.4.3, be recorded as ‘Awareness State’) means the system state in which the system is within operational security limits currently, but a contingency from the contingency list has been detected and in case of its occurrence the available remedial actions are not sufficient to maintain the normal state;</u></p> <p><u>‘emergency state’ means the system state in which one or more operational security limits are violated;</u></p> <p><u>‘blackout state’ means the system state in which the operation of part or all of the transmission system is terminated, which would equate to a <b>Total or Partial System Shutdown</b>; and</u></p> <p><u>‘restoration state’ means the system state in which the objective of all activities in the <b>Transmission System</b> is to re-establish system operation and maintain operational security after a blackout or emergency state.</u></p>
<b>GB Synchronous Area</b>	The AC power <b>System</b> in <b>Great Britain</b> which connects <b>User’s, Relevant Transmission Licensee’s</b> whose AC <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> is considered to operate in synchronism with each other at each <b>Connection Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> and at the same <b>System Frequency</b> .
<b>GCDF</b>	Means the Grid Code Development Forum.
<b>General Conditions</b> or <b>GC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>General Conditions</b> .
<b>Generating Plant Demand Margin</b>	The difference between <b>Output Usable</b> and forecast <b>Demand</b> .
<b>Generating Unit</b>	An <b>Onshore Generating Unit</b> and/or an <b>Offshore Generating Unit</b> which could also be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> .

<b>Generating Unit Data</b>	<p>The <b>Physical Notification, Export and Import Limits</b> and <b>Other Relevant Data</b> only in respect of each <b>Generating Unit</b> (which could be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b>):</p> <p>(a) which forms part of the <b>BM Unit</b> which represents that <b>Cascade Hydro Scheme</b>;</p> <p>(b) at an <b>Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station</b>, where the relevant <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> specifies that compliance with <b>BC1</b> and/or <b>BC2</b> is required:</p> <p>(i) to each <b>Generating Unit</b>, or</p> <p>(ii) to each <b>Power Park Module</b> where the <b>Power Station</b> comprises <b>Power Park Modules</b>.</p>
<b>Generation Capacity</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Generation Planning Parameters</b>	Those parameters listed in Appendix 2 of <b>OC2</b> .
<b>Generator</b>	A person who generates electricity or undertakes <b>Electricity Storage</b> under licence or exemption under the <b>Act</b> , acting in its capacity as a generator in <b>Great Britain</b> or <b>Offshore</b> . The term <b>Generator</b> includes a <b>EU Generator</b> and a <b>GB Generator</b> .
<b>Generator Performance Chart</b>	A diagram which shows the MW and MVA <sub>r</sub> capability limits within which a <b>Generating Unit</b> will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.
<b>Genset</b>	A <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> and/or <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> ), <b>Generating Unit</b> , <b>Power Park Module</b> or <b>CCGT Module</b> at a <b>Large Power Station</b> or any <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> ), <b>Generating Unit</b> , <b>Power Park Module</b> or <b>CCGT Module</b> which is directly connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> .
<b>Good Industry Practice</b>	The exercise of that degree of skill, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced operator engaged in the same type of undertaking under the same or similar circumstances.
<b>Governance Rules or GR</b>	That portion of the <b>Grid Code</b> which is identified as the <b>Governance Rules</b> .
<b>Governor Deadband</b>	An interval used intentionally to make the <b>frequency</b> control unresponsive.
<b>Great Britain or GB</b>	The landmass of England and Wales and Scotland, including internal waters.
<b>Grid Code Fast Track Proposals</b>	A proposal to modify the <b>Grid Code</b> which is raised pursuant to GR.26 and has not yet been approved or rejected by the <b>Grid Code Review Panel</b> .
<b>Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report</b>	A report prepared pursuant to GR.26

<b>Grid Code Modification Register</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.13.1.
<b>Grid Code Modification Report</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.22.1.
<b>Grid Code Modification Procedures</b>	The procedures for the modification of the <b>Grid Code</b> (including the implementation of <b>Approved Modifications</b> ) as set out in the <b>Governance Rules</b> .
<b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b>	A proposal to modify the <b>Grid Code</b> which is not yet rejected pursuant to GR.15.5 or GR.15.6 and has not yet been implemented.
<b>Grid Code Modification Self- Governance Report</b>	Has the meaning given in GR.24.5
<b>Grid Code Objectives</b>	Means the objectives referred to in Paragraph 1b of Standard Condition C14 of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Grid Code Review Panel or Panel</b>	The panel with the functions set out in GR.1.2.
<b>Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote</b>	The vote of <b>Panel Members</b> undertaken by the <b>Panel Chairperson</b> in accordance with Paragraph GR.22.4 as to whether in their view they believe each proposed <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> , or <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> would better facilitate achievement of the <b>Grid Code Objective(s)</b> and so should be made.
<b>Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote</b>	The vote of <b>Panel Members</b> undertaken by the <b>Panel Chairperson</b> in accordance with GR.24.9 as to whether they believe each proposed Grid Code Modification Proposal, as compared with the then existing provisions of the <b>Grid Code</b> and any <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> set out in the <b>Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report</b> , would better facilitate achievement of the <b>Grid Code Objective(s)</b> .
<b>Grid Code Self-Governance Proposals</b>	<b>Grid Code Modification Proposals</b> which satisfy the <b>Self Governance Criteria</b> .
<b>Grid Entry Point</b>	An <b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b> or an <b>Offshore Grid Entry Point</b> .
<b>Grid Forming Active Power</b>	<b>Grid Forming Active Power</b> is the inherent <b>Active Power</b> produced by <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> that includes <b>Active Inertia Power</b> plus <b>Active Phase Jump Power</b> plus <b>Active Damping Power</b> .

<b>Grid Forming Capability</b>	<p>Is (but not limited to) the capability a <b>Power Generating Module, HVDC Converter</b> (which could form part of an <b>HVDC System</b>), <b>Generating Unit, Power Park Module, DC Converter, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Electricity Storage Module, Dynamic Reactive Compensation Equipment</b> or any <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> (including a smart load) whose supplied <b>Active Power</b> is directly proportional to the difference between the magnitude and phase of its <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> and the magnitude and phase of the voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> and the sine of the <b>Load Angle</b>. As a consequence, <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> which has a <b>Grid Forming Capability</b> has a frequency of rotation of the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> which is the same as the <b>System Frequency</b> for normal operation, with only the <b>Load Angle</b> defining the relative position between the two. In the case of a <b>GBGF-I</b>, a <b>Grid Forming Unit</b> forming part of a <b>GBGF-I</b> shall be capable of sustaining a voltage at its terminals irrespective of the voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> for normal operating conditions.</p> <p>For <b>GBGF-I</b>, the control system, which determines the amplitude and phase of the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b>, shall have a response to the voltage and <b>System Frequency</b> at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b>) with a bandwidth that is less than a defined value as shown by the control system's <b>NFP Plot</b>. Exceptions to this requirement are only allowed during transients caused by <b>System</b> faults, voltage dips/surges and/or step or ramp changes in the phase angle which are large enough to cause damage to the <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> via excessive currents.</p>
<b>Grid Forming Electronic Power Converter</b>	A <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> whose output is derived from an <b>Electronic Power Converter</b> with a <b>GBGF-I</b> capability.
<b>Grid Forming Plant</b>	A site which contains <b>Plant and Apparatus</b> which is classified as either a <b>GBGF-S</b> or a <b>GBGF-I</b>
<b>Grid Forming Plant Owner</b>	The owner or operator of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> .
<b>Grid Forming Unit</b>	A <b>Power Park Unit</b> or <b>Electricity Storage Unit</b> or a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Unit</b> or individual <b>Load</b> with a <b>Grid Forming Capability</b> .
<b>Grid Oscillation Value</b>	An injected test frequency signal applied at nominal <b>System Frequency</b> with a superimposed oscillatory response overlaid onto the nominal <b>System Frequency</b> with an amplitude of 0.05 Hz peak to peak at a frequency of 1 Hz and is used for determining the rating of the <b>Defined Active Damping Power</b> .
<b>Grid Supply Point</b>	A point of supply from the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> to <b>Network Operators</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customers</b> which could be a <b>GB Grid Supply Point</b> or an <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> .
<b>Group</b>	Those <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> sub-stations bounded solely by the faulted circuit(s) and the overloaded circuit(s) excluding any third party connections between the <b>Group</b> and the rest of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , the faulted circuit(s) being a <b>Secured Event</b> .
<b>GSP Group</b>	Has the meaning as set out in the <b>BSC</b> .

<b>Headroom</b>	The <b>Power Available</b> (in MW) less the actual <b>Active Power</b> exported from the <b>Power Park Module</b> (in MW).
<b>High Frequency Response</b>	An automatic reduction in <b>Active Power</b> output in response to an increase in <b>System Frequency</b> above the <b>Target Frequency</b> (or such other level of <b>Frequency</b> as may have been agreed in an <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> ). This reduction in <b>Active Power</b> output must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> which will provide that it will be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the <b>Frequency</b> increase on the basis set out in the <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> and fully achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the start of the <b>Frequency</b> increase and it must be sustained at no lesser reduction thereafter. The interpretation of the <b>High Frequency Response</b> to a + 0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.3 and Figure ECC.A.3.3.
<b>High Voltage or HV</b>	For <b>E&amp;W Transmission Systems</b> , a voltage exceeding 650 volts. For <b>Scottish Transmission Systems</b> , a voltage exceeding 1000 volts.
<b>Historic Frequency Data</b>	<b>System Frequency</b> data at a maximum of one second intervals for the whole month, published by <b>The Company</b> as detailed in OC3.4.4.
<b>Houseload Operation</b>	Operation which ensures that a <b>Power Station</b> is able to continue to supply its in-house load in the event of <b>System</b> faults resulting in <b>Power-Generating Modules</b> being disconnected from the <b>System</b> and tripped onto their auxiliary supplies
<b>HP Turbine Power Fraction</b>	Ratio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the HP turbine to the total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at <b>Registered Capacity</b> or <b>Maximum Capacity</b> .
<b>HV Connections</b>	<b>Apparatus</b> connected at the same voltage as that of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , including <b>Users'</b> circuits, the higher voltage windings of <b>Users'</b> transformers and associated connection <b>Apparatus</b> .
<b>HVDC Converter</b>	Any <b>EU Code User Apparatus</b> used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An <b>HVDC Converter</b> is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, reactors, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an <b>HVDC Converter</b> represents the bipolar configuration.
<b>HVDC Converter Station</b>	Part of an <b>HVDC System</b> which consists of one or more <b>HVDC Converters</b> installed in a single location together with buildings, reactors, filters reactive power devices, control, monitoring, protective, measuring and auxiliary equipment.
<b>HVDC Equipment</b>	Collectively means an <b>HVDC System</b> and a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> and a <b>Remote End HVDC Converter Station</b> .
<b>HVDC Interface Point</b>	A point at which <b>HVDC Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> is connected to an <b>AC System</b> at which technical specifications affecting the performance of the <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> can be prescribed.
<b>HVDC System</b>	An electrical power system which transfers energy in the form of high voltage direct current between two or more alternating current (AC) buses and comprises at least two <b>HVDC Converter Stations</b> with <b>DC Transmission</b> lines or cables between the <b>HVDC Converter Stations</b> .

<b>HVDC System Owner</b>	A party who owns and is responsible for an <b>HVDC System</b> . For the avoidance of doubt a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> owner would be treated as a <b>Generator</b> .
<b>IEC</b>	International Electrotechnical Commission.
<b>IEC Standard</b>	A standard approved by the International Electrotechnical Commission.
<b>Implementation Date</b>	Is the date and time for implementation of an <b>Approved Modification</b> as specified in accordance with Paragraph GR.25.3.
<b>Implementing Safety Co-ordinator</b>	The <b>Safety Co-ordinator</b> implementing <b>Safety Precautions</b> .
<b>Import Usable</b>	That portion of <b>Registered Import Capacity</b> which is expected to be available and which is not unavailable due to a <b>Planned Outage</b> .
<b>Incident Centre</b>	A centre established by <b>The Company</b> or a <b>User</b> as the focal point in <b>The Company</b> or in that <b>User</b> , as the case may be, for the communication and dissemination of information between the senior management representatives of <b>The Company</b> , or of that <b>User</b> , as the case may be, and the relevant other parties during a <b>Joint System Incident</b> in order to avoid overloading <b>The Company's</b> , or that <b>User's</b> , as the case may be, existing operational/control arrangements.
<b>Independent Back-Up Protection</b>	A <b>Back-Up Protection</b> system which utilises a discrete relay, different current transformers and an alternate operating principle to the <b>Main Protection</b> systems(s) such that it can operate autonomously in the event of a failure of the <b>Main Protection</b> .
<b>Independent Main Protection</b>	A <b>Main Protection</b> system which utilises a physically discrete relay and different current transformers to any other <b>Main Protection</b> .
<b>Indicated Constraint Boundary Margin</b>	The difference between a constraint boundary transfer limit and the difference between the sum of <b>BM Unit</b> Maximum Export Limits and the forecast of local <b>Demand</b> within the constraint boundary.
<b>Indicated Imbalance</b>	The difference between the sum of <b>Physical Notifications</b> for <b>BM Units</b> comprising <b>Generating Units</b> or <b>CCGT Modules</b> or <b>Power Generating Modules</b> and the forecast of <b>Demand</b> for the whole or any part of the <b>System</b> .
<b>Indicated Margin</b>	The difference between the sum of <b>BM Unit</b> Maximum Export Limits submitted and the forecast of <b>Demand</b> for the whole or any part of the <b>System</b> .
<b>Inertia Constant H</b>	For a <b>GBGF-S</b> the <b>Inertia Constant H</b> is measured in MWsec/MVA.
<b>Inertia Constant He</b>	For a <b>GBGF- I Electronic Power Converter</b> the <b>Inertia Constant He</b> , is measured in MWsec/MVA and produced by the <b>Active ROCOF Response Power</b> .
<b>Installation Document</b>	A simple structured document containing information about a <b>Type A Power Generating Module</b> or a <b>Demand Unit</b> , with demand response connected below 1000 V, and confirming its compliance with the relevant requirements

<b>Instructor Facilities</b>	A device or system which gives certain <b>Transmission Control Centre</b> instructions with an audible or visible alarm, and incorporates the means to return message acknowledgements to the <b>Transmission Control Centre</b> .
<b>Integral Equipment Test or IET</b>	A test on equipment, associated with <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> , which takes place when that <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> forms part of a <b>Synchronised System</b> and which, in the reasonable judgement of the person wishing to perform the test, may cause an <b>Operational Effect</b> .
<b>Intellectual Property" or "IPRs</b>	Patents, trade marks, service marks, rights in designs, trade names, copyrights and topography rights (whether or not any of the same are registered and including applications for registration of any of the same) and rights under licences and consents in relation to any of the same and all rights or forms of protection of a similar nature or having equivalent or similar effect to any of the same which may subsist anywhere in the world.
<b>Interconnection Agreement</b>	An agreement made between <b>The Company</b> and an <b>Externally Interconnected System Operator</b> and/or an <b>Interconnector User</b> and/or other relevant persons for the <b>External Interconnection</b> relating to an <b>External Interconnection</b> and/or an agreement under which an <b>Interconnector User</b> can use an <b>External Interconnection</b> .
<b>Interconnector Export Capacity</b>	In relation to an <b>External Interconnection</b> means the (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW) at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand, of the maximum level at which the <b>External Interconnection</b> can export to the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> .
<b>Interconnector Import Capacity</b>	In relation to an <b>External Interconnection</b> means the (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW) at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand of the maximum level at which the <b>External Interconnection</b> can import from the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> .
<b>Interconnector Owner</b>	Has the meaning given to the term in the <b>Connection and Use of System Code</b> .
<b>Interconnector User</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Interface Agreement</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Interface Point</b>	As the context admits or requires either; (a) the electrical point of connection between an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> and an <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> , or (b) the electrical point of connection between an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> and a <b>Network Operator's User System</b> .
<b>Interface Point Capacity</b>	The maximum amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable at the <b>Interface Point</b> as declared by a <b>User</b> under the <b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b> expressed in whole MW.
<b>Interface Point Target Voltage/Power factor</b>	The nominal target voltage/power factor at an <b>Interface Point</b> which a <b>Network Operator</b> requires <b>The Company</b> to achieve by operation of the relevant <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> .

<b>Interim Operational Notification or ION</b>	<p>A notification from <b>The Company</b> to a <b>Generator</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> acknowledging that the <b>User</b> has demonstrated compliance, except for the <b>Unresolved Issues</b>;</p> <p>(a) with the Grid Code, and</p> <p>(b) where applicable, with Appendices F1 to F5 of the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b>,</p> <p>in each case in respect of the <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> (including <b>OTSUA</b>) specified in such notification and provided that in the case of the <b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b> such notification shall be provided to a <b>Generator</b> in two parts dealing with the <b>OTSUA</b> and <b>Generator’s Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> (called respectively “<b>Interim Operational Notification Part A</b>” or “<b>ION A</b>” and “<b>Interim Operational Notification Part B</b>” or “<b>ION B</b>”) as provided for in the <b>CP</b> or <b>ECP</b>.</p>
<b>Intermittent Power Source</b>	<p>The primary source of power for a <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> that cannot be considered as controllable, e.g. wind, wave or solar. For the avoidance of doubt, the output from an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> would not be considered to be an <b>Intermittent Power Source</b>.</p>
<b>Internal Voltage Source or IVS</b>	<p>For a <b>GBGF-S</b>, a real magnetic field, that rotates synchronously with the <b>System Frequency</b> under normal operating conditions, which as a consequence induces an internal voltage (which is often referred to as the Electro Motive Force (EMF)) in the stationary generator winding that has a real impedance.</p> <p>In a <b>GBGF-I</b>, switched power electronic devices are used to produce a voltage waveform, with harmonics, that has a fundamental rotational component called the <b>Internal Voltage Source (IVS)</b> that rotates synchronously with the <b>System Frequency</b> under normal operating conditions.</p> <p>For a <b>GBGF-I</b> there must be an impedance with only real physical values, between the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> and the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b>.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, a virtual impedance, is not permitted in <b>GBGF-I</b>.</p>
<b>Intertripping</b>	<p>(a) The tripping of circuit-breaker(s) by commands initiated from <b>Protection</b> at a remote location independent of the state of the local <b>Protection</b>; or</p> <p>(b) <b>Operational Intertripping</b>.</p>
<b>Intertrip Apparatus</b>	<p><b>Apparatus</b> which performs <b>Intertripping</b>.</p>
<b>IP Completion Day</b>	<p>31 December 2020 as defined in Section 39 of the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020.</p>
<b>IP Turbine Power Fraction</b>	<p>Ratio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the IP turbine to the total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at <b>Registered Capacity</b> or <b>Maximum Capacity</b>.</p>
<b>Isolating Device</b>	<p>A device for achieving <b>Isolation</b>.</p>

<p><b>Isolation</b></p>	<p>The disconnection of <b>HV Apparatus</b> (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2) from the remainder of the <b>System</b> in which that <b>HV Apparatus</b> is situated by either of the following:</p> <p>(a) an <b>Isolating Device</b> maintained in an isolating position. The isolating position must either be:</p> <p>(i) maintained by immobilising and <b>Locking</b> the <b>Isolating Device</b> in the isolating position and affixing a <b>Caution Notice</b> to it. Where the <b>Isolating Device</b> is <b>Locked</b> with a <b>Safety Key</b>, the <b>Safety Key</b> must be secured in a <b>Key Safe</b> and the <b>Key Safe Key</b> must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the <b>Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator</b> and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the <b>Key Safe Key</b> must be retained by the authorised site representative of the <b>Implementing Safety Co-ordinator</b> in safe custody; or</p> <p>(ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the <b>Local Safety Instructions</b> or the <b>Safety Rules</b> of the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> or that <b>User</b>, as the case may be; or</p> <p>(b) an adequate physical separation which must be in accordance with and maintained by the method set out in the <b>Local Safety Instructions</b> or the <b>Safety Rules</b> of the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> or that <b>User</b>, as the case may be.</p>
<p><b>Joint System Incident</b></p>	<p>An <b>Event</b> wherever occurring (other than on an <b>Embedded Medium Power Station</b> or an <b>Embedded Small Power Station</b>) which, in the opinion of <b>The Company</b> or a <b>User</b>, has or may have a serious and/or widespread effect, in the case of an <b>Event</b> on a <b>User(s) System(s)</b> (other than on an <b>Embedded Medium Power Station</b> or <b>Embedded Small Power Station</b>), on the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>, and in the case of an <b>Event</b> on the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>, on a <b>User(s) System(s)</b> (other than on an <b>Embedded Medium Power Station</b> or <b>Embedded Small Power Station</b>).</p>
<p><b>Key Safe</b></p>	<p>A device for the secure retention of keys.</p>
<p><b>Key Safe Key</b></p>	<p>A key unique at a <b>Location</b> capable of operating a lock, other than a control lock, on a <b>Key Safe</b>.</p>

<p><b>Large Power Station</b></p>	<p>A <b>Power Station</b> which is</p> <p>(a) directly connected to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) <b>NGET’s Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 100MW or more; or</li> <li>(ii) <b>SPT’s Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 30MW or more; or</li> <li>(iii) <b>SHETL’s Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 10MW or more; or</li> <li>(iv) an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 10MW or more;</li> </ul> <p>or,</p> <p>(b) <b>Embedded</b> within a <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) where such <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) <b>NGET’s Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 100MW or more; or</li> <li>(ii) <b>SPT’s Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 30MW or more; or</li> <li>(iii) <b>SHETL’s Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 10MW or more;</li> </ul> <p>or,</p> <p>(c) <b>Embedded</b> within a <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) where the <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) is not connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>, although such <b>Power Station</b> is in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) <b>NGET’s Transmission Area</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 100MW or more; or</li> <li>(ii) <b>SPT’s Transmission Area</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 30MW or more; or</li> <li>(iii) <b>SHETL’s Transmission Area</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 10MW or more;</li> </ul> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Large Power Station</b> could comprise of <b>Type A, Type B, Type C</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Modules</b>.</p>
<p><b>Legally Binding Decisions of the European Commission and/or the Agency</b></p>	<p>Any relevant legally binding decision or decisions of the European Commission and/or the <b>Agency</b>, but a binding decision does not include a decision that is not, or so much of a decision as is not, <b>Retained EU Law</b>.</p>
<p><b>Legal Challenge</b></p>	<p>Where permitted by law, a judicial review in respect of the <b>Authority’s</b> decision to approve or not to approve a <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b>.</p>
<p><b>Licence</b></p>	<p>Any licence granted to <b>The Company</b> or a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> or a <b>User</b>, under Section 6 of the <b>Act</b>.</p>

<b>Licence Standards</b>	Those standards set out or referred to in Condition C17 of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> and/or Condition D3 and/or Condition E16 of a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode</b>	A mode whereby the operation of the <b>Genset</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> (or <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Systems</b> exporting <b>Active Power</b> to the <b>Total System</b> ) is <b>Frequency</b> insensitive except when the <b>System Frequency</b> exceeds 50.4Hz, from which point <b>Limited High Frequency Response</b> must be provided. For <b>Power Generating Modules</b> (including <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> ) and <b>HVDC Systems</b> , operation in <b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode</b> would require <b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Overfrequency (LFSM-O)</b> capability and <b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Underfrequency (LFSM-U)</b> capability.
<b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Overfrequency or LFSM-O</b>	A <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> ) or <b>HVDC System</b> operating mode which will result in <b>Active Power</b> output reduction in response to a change in <b>System Frequency</b> above a certain value.
<b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Underfrequency or LFSM-U</b>	A <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> ) or <b>HVDC System</b> operating mode which will result in <b>Active Power</b> output increase in response to a change in <b>System Frequency</b> below a certain value.
<b>Limited High Frequency Response</b>	A response of a <b>Genset</b> (or <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> exporting <b>Active Power</b> to the <b>Total System</b> ) to an increase in <b>System Frequency</b> above 50.4Hz leading to a reduction in <b>Active Power</b> in accordance with the provisions of BC3.7.2.1.
<b>Limited Membership Workgroup</b>	<p>A <b>Workgroup</b> having less than five (5) but more than two (2) persons that have nominated themselves for membership in addition to the <b>Code Administrator</b> representative and the chairperson of the <b>Workgroup</b>.</p> <p>Members of a <b>Limited Membership Workgroup</b> where employed by companies that are considered to be an <b>Affiliate</b> of each other will be considered to be a single workgroup member for the purposes of fulfilling this minimum requirement.</p>
<b>Limited Operational Notification or LON</b>	<p>A notification from <b>The Company</b> to a <b>Generator</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b> or <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> stating that the <b>User's Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> specified in such notification may be, or is, unable to comply:</p> <p>(a) with the provisions of the Grid Code specified in the notice, and</p> <p>(b) where applicable, with Appendices F1 to F5 of the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> ,</p> <p>and specifying the <b>Unresolved Issues</b>.</p>
<b>Load</b>	The <b>Active, Reactive or Apparent Power</b> , as the context requires, generated, transmitted or distributed.
<b>Loaded</b>	Supplying electrical power to the <b>System</b> .

<b>Load Angle</b>	The angle in radians between the voltage of the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> and the voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> .
<b>Load Factor</b>	The ratio of the actual output of a <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> to the possible maximum output of that <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> .
<b>Load Management Block</b>	A block of <b>Demand</b> controlled by a <b>Supplier</b> or other party through the means of radio teleswitching or by some other means.
<b>Local Joint Restoration Plan</b>	A plan produced under OC9.4.7.12 detailing the agreed method and procedure by which a <b>Black Start Service Provider</b> will energise part of the <b>Total System</b> and meet complementary blocks of local <b>Demand</b> so as to form a <b>Power Island</b> .  In Scotland, the plan may also: cover more than one <b>Black Start Service Provider</b> ; including <b>Gensets</b> other than those at a <b>Black Start Station</b> and cover the creation of one or more <b>Power Islands</b> .
<b>Local Safety Instructions</b>	For safety co-ordination in England and Wales, instructions on each <b>User Site</b> and <b>Transmission Site</b> , approved by <b>NGET's</b> or <b>User's</b> relevant manager, setting down the methods of achieving the objectives of <b>NGET's</b> or the <b>User's Safety Rules</b> , as the case may be, to ensure the safety of personnel carrying out work or testing on <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> on which their <b>Safety Rules</b> apply and, in the case of a <b>User</b> , any other document(s) on a <b>User Site</b> which contains rules with regard to maintaining or securing the isolating position of an <b>Isolating Device</b> , or maintaining a physical separation or maintaining or securing the position of an <b>Earthing Device</b> .
<b>Local Switching Procedure</b>	A procedure produced under OC7.6 detailing the agreed arrangements in respect of carrying out of <b>Operational Switching</b> at <b>Connection Sites</b> and parts of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> adjacent to those <b>Connection Sites</b> .
<b>Localised Negative Reserve Active Power Margin or Localised NRAPM</b>	That margin of <b>Active Power</b> sufficient to allow transfers to and from a <b>System Constraint Group</b> (as the case may be) to be contained within such reasonable limit as <b>The Company</b> may determine.
<b>Location</b>	Any place at which <b>Safety Precautions</b> are to be applied.
<b>Locked</b>	A condition of <b>HV Apparatus</b> that cannot be altered without the operation of a locking device.
<b>Locking</b>	The application of a locking device which enables <b>HV Apparatus</b> to be <b>Locked</b> .
<b>Low Frequency Relay</b>	Has the same meaning as <b>Under Frequency Relay</b> .
<b>Low Voltage or LV</b>	For <b>E&amp;W Transmission Systems</b> a voltage not exceeding 250 volts. For <b>Scottish Transmission Systems</b> , a voltage exceeding 50 volts but not exceeding 1000 volts.
<b>LV Side of the Offshore Platform</b>	Unless otherwise specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> , the busbar on the <b>Offshore Platform</b> (typically 33kV) at which the relevant <b>Offshore Grid Entry Point</b> is located.

<b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b>	<p>In respect of a <b>Power Station</b> (including <b>Power Stations</b> comprising of <b>DC Connected Power Park Modules</b> and <b>Electricity Storage Modules</b>) is one or more of the principal items of <b>Plant</b> or <b>Apparatus</b> required to convert or re-convert the primary source of energy into electricity.</p> <p>In respect of <b>HVDC Systems</b> or <b>DC Converters</b> or <b>Transmission DC Converters</b> is one of the principal items of <b>Plant</b> or <b>Apparatus</b> used to convert high voltage direct current to high voltage alternating current or vice versa.</p> <p>In respect of a <b>Network Operator’s</b> equipment or a <b>Non-Embedded Customer’s</b> equipment, is one of the principal items of <b>Plant</b> or <b>Apparatus</b> required to facilitate the import or export of <b>Active Power</b> or <b>Reactive Power</b> to or from a <b>Network Operator’s</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer’s System</b>.</p>
<b>Main Protection</b>	A <b>Protection</b> system which has priority above other <b>Protection</b> in initiating either a fault clearance or an action to terminate an abnormal condition in a power system.
<b>Manufacturer’s Data &amp; Performance Report</b>	A report submitted by a manufacturer to <b>The Company</b> relating to a specific version of a <b>Power Park Unit</b> demonstrating the performance characteristics of such <b>Power Park Unit</b> in respect of which <b>The Company</b> has evaluated its relevance for the purposes of the <b>Compliance Processes</b> .
<b>Manufacturer’s Test Certificates</b>	A certificate prepared by a manufacturer which demonstrates that its <b>Power Generating Module</b> has undergone appropriate tests and conforms to the performance requirements expected by <b>The Company</b> in satisfying its compliance requirements and thereby satisfies the appropriate requirements of the Grid Code and <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> .
<b>Market Operation Data Interface System (MODIS)</b>	A computer system operated by <b>The Company</b> and made available for use by <b>Customers</b> connected to or using the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> for the purpose of submitting <b>EU Transparency Availability Data</b> to <b>The Company</b> .
<b>Market Suspension Threshold</b>	Has the meaning given to the term ‘Market Suspension Threshold’ in Section G of the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Material Effect</b>	An effect causing <b>The Company</b> or a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of <b>Transmission Plant</b> and/or <b>Transmission Apparatus</b> at the <b>Connection Site</b> (which term shall, in this definition and in the definition of “ <b>Modification</b> ” only, have the meaning ascribed thereto in the <b>CUSC</b> ) or the site of connection or a <b>User</b> to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of its <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> at the <b>Connection Site</b> or the site of connection which in either case involves that party in expenditure of more than £10,000.
<b>Materially Affected Party</b>	Any person or class of persons designated by the <b>Authority</b> as such.
<b>Maximum Export Capability</b>	The maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> that a <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> can export to the <b>Transmission System</b> at the <b>Grid Supply Point</b> , as specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> .

<b>Maximum Export Capacity</b>	The maximum continuous <b>Apparent Power</b> expressed in MVA and maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> expressed in MW which can flow from an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> connected to a <b>Network Operator's User System</b> , to that <b>User System</b> .
<b>Maximum Capacity or P<sub>max</sub></b>	The maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> which a <b>Power Generating Module</b> can supply to the <b>Total System</b> , less any demand associated solely with facilitating the operation of that <b>Power Generating Module</b> and not fed into the <b>System</b> . In the case of an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> , the <b>Maximum Capacity</b> is the maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> which an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> can export to the <b>Total System</b> less any demand associated with facilitating the operation of that <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> when fully charged and operating in a mode analogous to <b>Generation</b> .
<b>Maximum Generation Service or MGS</b>	A service utilised by <b>The Company</b> in accordance with the <b>CUSC</b> and the <b>Balancing Principles Statement</b> in operating the <b>Total System</b> .
<b>Maximum Generation Service Agreement</b>	An agreement between a <b>User</b> and <b>The Company</b> for the payment by <b>The Company</b> to that <b>User</b> in respect of the provision by such <b>User</b> of a <b>Maximum Generation Service</b> .
<b>Maximum HVDC Active Power Transmission Capacity (PHmax)</b>	The maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> which an <b>HVDC System</b> can exchange with the network at each <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> as specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> or as agreed between <b>The Company</b> and the <b>HVDC System Owner</b> .
<b>Maximum Import Capability</b>	The maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> that a <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> can import from the <b>Transmission System</b> at the <b>Grid Supply Point</b> , as specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> .
<b>Maximum Import Capacity</b>	The maximum continuous <b>Apparent Power</b> expressed in MVA and maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> expressed in MW which can flow to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> connected to a <b>Network Operator's User System</b> , from that <b>User System</b> .
<b>Maximum Import Power</b>	The maximum continuous <b>Active Power</b> which an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> can import from the <b>Total System</b> , when fully discharged and operating in a mode analogous to <b>Demand</b> .

<p><b>Medium Power Station</b></p>	<p>A <b>Power Station</b> which is</p> <p>(a) directly connected to <b>NGET's Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 50MW or more but less than 100MW;</p> <p>or,</p> <p>(b) <b>Embedded</b> within a <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) where such <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to <b>NGET's Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 50MW or more but less than 100MW;</p> <p>or,</p> <p>(c) <b>Embedded</b> within a <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) where the <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) is not connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>, although such <b>Power Station</b> is in <b>NGET's Transmission Area</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of 50MW or more but less than 100MW.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt a <b>Medium Power Station</b> could comprise of <b>Type A, Type B, Type C</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Modules</b>.</p>
<p><b>Medium Voltage</b> or <b>MV</b></p>	<p>For <b>E&amp;W Transmission Systems</b> a voltage exceeding 250 volts but not exceeding 650 volts.</p>
<p><b>Mills</b></p>	<p>Milling plant which supplies pulverised fuel to the boiler of a coal fired <b>Power Station</b>.</p>
<p><b>Minimum Generation</b></p>	<p>The minimum output (in whole MW) which a <b>Genset</b> can generate or <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> can import or export to the <b>Total System</b> under stable operating conditions, as registered with <b>The Company</b> under the <b>PC</b> (and amended pursuant to the <b>PC</b>). For the avoidance of doubt, the output may go below this level as a result of operation in accordance with BC3.7.</p>
<p><b>Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity (PHmin)</b></p>	<p>The minimum continuous <b>Active Power</b> which an <b>HVDC System</b> can exchange with the <b>System</b> at each <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> as specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> or as agreed between <b>The Company</b> and the <b>HVDC System Owner</b>.</p>
<p><b>Minimum Import Capacity</b></p>	<p>The minimum input (in whole MW) into a <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC System</b> at an <b>HVDC Converter</b> (in any of its operating configurations) at the <b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded DC Converter</b> or an <b>Embedded HVDC Converter</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>) at which a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> can operate in a stable manner, as registered with <b>The Company</b> under the <b>PC</b> (and amended pursuant to the <b>PC</b>).</p>
<p><b>Minimum Regulating Level</b></p>	<p>The minimum <b>Active Power</b>, as specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> or as agreed between <b>The Company</b> and the <b>Generator</b> or <b>HVDC System Owner</b>, down to which the <b>Power Generating Module</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b>) or <b>HVDC System</b> can control <b>Active Power</b>.</p>

<b>Minimum Stable Operating Level</b>	The minimum <b>Active Power</b> , as specified in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> or as agreed between <b>The Company</b> and the <b>Generator</b> , at which the <b>Power Generating Module</b> can be operated stably for an unlimited time.
<b>Modification</b>	Any actual or proposed replacement, renovation, modification, alteration or construction by or on behalf of a <b>User</b> or <b>The Company</b> to either that <b>User's Plant</b> or <b>Apparatus</b> or <b>Transmission Plant</b> or <b>Apparatus</b> , as the case may be, or the manner of its operation which has or may have a <b>Material Effect</b> on <b>The Company</b> or a <b>User</b> , as the case may be, at a particular <b>Connection Site</b> .
<b>Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Module</b>	A <b>DC Connected Power Park Module</b> that has previously generated which the <b>Generator</b> plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service.
<b>Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station</b>	A <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> that has previously imported or exported power which the <b>DC Converter Station Owner</b> plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service.
<b>Mothballed HVDC System</b>	An <b>HVDC System</b> that has previously imported or exported power which the <b>HVDC System Owner</b> plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service.
<b>Mothballed HVDC Converter</b>	An <b>HVDC Converter</b> which is part of an <b>HVDC System</b> that has previously imported or exported power which the <b>HVDC System Owner</b> plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service.
<b>Mothballed Generating Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> that has previously generated which the <b>Generator</b> plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service. For the avoidance of doubt a <b>Mothballed Generating Unit</b> could be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> .
<b>Mothballed Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Power Generating Module</b> that has previously generated which the <b>Generator</b> plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service.
<b>Mothballed Power Park Module</b>	A <b>Power Park Module</b> that has previously generated which the <b>Generator</b> plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current <b>Financial Year</b> but which could be returned to service.
<b>Multiple Point of Connection</b>	A double (or more) <b>Point of Connection</b> , being two (or more) <b>Points of Connection</b> interconnected to each other through the <b>User's System</b> .
<b>MSID</b>	Has the meaning a set out in the <b>BSC</b> , covers Metering System Identifier.

<p><b>National Demand</b></p>	<p>The amount of electricity supplied from the <b>Grid Supply Points</b> plus:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• that supplied by <b>Embedded Large Power Stations</b>, and</li> <li>• <b>National Electricity Transmission System Losses</b>,</li> </ul> <p>minus:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the <b>Demand</b> taken by <b>Station Transformers</b> and, <b>Pumped Storage Units</b>’ and <b>Electricity Storage Modules</b>’.</li> </ul> <p>and, for the purposes of this definition, does not include:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• any exports from the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> across <b>External Interconnections</b>.</li> </ul>
<p><b>National Electricity Transmission System</b></p>	<p>The <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> and, where owned by <b>Offshore Transmission Licensees</b>, <b>Offshore Transmission Systems</b>.</p>
<p><b>National Electricity Transmission System Demand</b></p>	<p>The amount of electricity supplied from the <b>Grid Supply Points</b> plus:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• that supplied by <b>Embedded Large Power Stations</b>, and</li> <li>• exports from the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> across <b>External Interconnections</b>, and</li> <li>• <b>National Electricity Transmission System Losses</b>,</li> </ul> <p>and, for the purposes of this definition, includes:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the <b>Demand</b> taken by <b>Station Transformers</b> and, <b>Pumped Storage Units</b> and <b>Electricity Storage Modules</b>’.</li> </ul>
<p><b>National Electricity Transmission System Losses</b></p>	<p>The losses of electricity incurred on the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>.</p>
<p><b>National Electricity Transmission System Operator Area</b></p>	<p>Has the meaning set out in Schedule 1 of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b>.</p>
<p><b>National Electricity Transmission System Study Network Data File</b></p>	<p>A computer file produced by <b>The Company</b> which in <b>The Company's</b> view provides an appropriate representation of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> for a specific point in time. The computer file will contain information and data on <b>Demand</b> on the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> and on <b>Large Power Stations</b> including <b>Genset</b> power output consistent with <b>Output Usable</b> and <b>The Company's</b> view of prevailing system conditions.</p>
<p><b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning</b></p>	<p>A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> to <b>Users</b> (or to certain <b>Users</b> only) in accordance with OC7.4.8.2, which provides information relating to <b>System</b> conditions or <b>Events</b> and is intended to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) alert <b>Users</b> to possible or actual <b>Plant</b> shortage, <b>System</b> problems and/or <b>Demand</b> reductions;</li> <li>(b) inform of the applicable period;</li> <li>(c) indicate intended consequences for <b>Users</b>; and</li> <li>(d) enable specified <b>Users</b> to be in a state of readiness to receive instructions from <b>The Company</b>.</li> </ol>

<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning - Demand Control Imminent</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC7.4.8.7, which is intended to provide short term notice, where possible, to those <b>Users</b> who are likely to receive <b>Demand</b> reduction instructions from <b>The Company</b> within 30 minutes.
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning - Electricity Margin Notice</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC7.4.8.5, which is intended to invite a response from and to alert recipients to a decreased <b>System Margin</b> .
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning – Embedded Generation Control Imminent</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC7.4.8.12, which is intended to provide short term notice, where possible, to those <b>Network Operators</b> who are likely to receive <b>Embedded Generation Control</b> instructions from <b>The Company</b> within 30 minutes.
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning - High Risk of Demand Reduction</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC7.4.8.6, which is intended to alert recipients that there is a high risk of <b>Demand</b> reduction being implemented and which may normally result from an <b>Electricity Margin Notice</b> .
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning - High Risk of Embedded Generation Reduction</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC7.4.8.11, which is intended to alert recipients that there is a high risk of <b>Embedded Generation Control</b> being implemented and which may result from a <b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning – System NRAPM</b> .
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning – Localised NRAPM</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC.7.4.8.10, which is intended to invite a response from and to alert recipients to a decreased <b>Localised NRAPM</b> .
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning - Risk of System Disturbance</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC7.4.8.8, which is intended to alert <b>Users</b> of the risk of widespread and serious <b>System</b> disturbance which may affect <b>Users</b> .
<b>National Electricity Transmission System Warning – System NRAPM</b>	A warning issued by <b>The Company</b> , in accordance with OC.7.4.8.9, which is intended to invite a response from and to alert recipients to a decreased <b>System NRAPM</b> .
<b>Network Data</b>	The data to be provided by <b>The Company</b> to <b>Users</b> in accordance with the <b>PC</b> , as listed in Part 3 of the Appendix to the <b>PC</b> .

<b>Network Frequency Perturbation Plot</b>	<p>A form of Bode Plot which plots the amplitude (%) and phase (degrees) of the resulting output oscillation responding to an applied input oscillation across a frequency base. The plot will be used to assess the capability and performance of a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> and to ensure that it does not pose a risk to other <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> connected to the <b>Total System</b>.</p> <p>For <b>GBGF-I</b>, these are used to provide data to <b>The Company</b> which together with the associated <b>Nichols Chart</b> (or equivalent) defines the effects on a <b>GBGF-I</b> for changes in the frequency of the applied input oscillation.</p> <p>The input is the applied as an input oscillation and the output is the resulting oscillations in the <b>GBGF-I's Active Power</b>.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, <b>Generators</b> in respect of <b>GBGF-S</b> can provide their data using the existing formats and do not need to supply <b>NFP</b> plots.</p>
<b>Network Operator</b>	<p>A person with a <b>User System</b> directly connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> to which <b>Customers</b> and/or <b>Power Stations</b> (not forming part of the <b>User System</b>) are connected, acting in its capacity as an operator of the <b>User System</b>, but shall not include a person acting in the capacity of an <b>Externally Interconnected System Operator</b> or a <b>Generator</b> in respect of <b>OTSUA</b>.</p>
<b>NGET</b>	<p>National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NO: 2366977) whose registered office is at 1-3 Strand, London, WC2N 5EH.</p>
<b>Nichols Chart</b>	<p>For a <b>GBGF-I</b>, a chart derived from the open loop Bode Plots that are used to produce an <b>NFP Plot</b>. The <b>Nichols Chart</b> plots open loop gain versus open loop phase angle. This enables the open loop phase for an open loop gain of 1 to be identified for use in defining the <b>GBGF-I's</b> equivalent <b>Damping Factor</b>.</p>
<b>No-Load Field Voltage</b>	<p>Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1 : 1992</b>].</p>
<b>No System Connection</b>	<p>As defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2.</p>
<b>Non-CUSC Party</b>	<p>A Party who does not accede to the <b>Connection and Use of System Code (CUSC)</b>.</p>
<b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b>	<p>A <b>Power Park Module</b> comprising solely of one or more <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Units</b>.</p>
<b>Notification of User's Intention to Operate</b>	<p>A notification from a <b>Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> to <b>The Company</b> informing <b>The Company</b> of the date upon which any <b>Network Operator's</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer's Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> at an <b>EU Grid Supply Point</b> will be ready to be connected to the <b>Transmission System</b>.</p>

<b>Notification of User's Intention to Synchronise</b>	A notification from a <b>Generator</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b> to <b>The Company</b> informing <b>The Company</b> of the date upon which any <b>OTSUA</b> , a <b>Generating Unit(s)</b> , <b>CCGT Module(s)</b> , <b>Power Park Module(s)</b> , <b>Power Generating Module(s)</b> (including a <b>DC Connected Power Park Module(s)</b> ), <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter(s)</b> will be ready to be <b>Synchronised</b> to the <b>Total System</b> .
<b>Non-Controllable Electricity Storage Equipment</b>	An item of storage <b>Plant</b> , including but not limited to a <b>Synchronous Flywheel</b> or <b>Synchronous Compensation Equipment</b> or <b>Regenerative Braking</b> whose active output power cannot be independently controlled.
<b>Non-Dynamic Frequency Response Service</b>	A <b>Demand Response Service</b> in which the <b>Demand</b> is controlled through discrete switching rather than through continuous load changes in response to <b>System Frequency</b> changes.
<b>Non-Embedded Customer</b>	A <b>Customer</b> in <b>Great Britain</b> , except for a <b>Network Operator</b> acting in its capacity as such, receiving electricity direct from the <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> irrespective of from whom it is supplied.
<b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b>	A <b>Power Park Module</b> comprising solely of one or more <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Units</b> .
<b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b>	A <b>Power Park Unit</b> which can produce electrical energy by converting or re-converting another source of energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage is not inherently in synchronism with the frequency of the <b>System</b> .
<b>Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b>	An <b>Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b> or <b>Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b> which could form part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> .
<b>Normal CCGT Module</b>	A <b>CCGT Module</b> other than a <b>Range CCGT Module</b> .
<b>Novel Unit</b>	A tidal, wave, wind, geothermal, or any similar, <b>Generating Unit</b> .
<b>OC9 De-synchronised Island Procedure</b>	Has the meaning set out in OC9.5.4.
<b>Offshore</b>	Means wholly or partly in <b>Offshore Waters</b> , and when used in conjunction with another term and not defined means that the associated term is to be read accordingly.
<b>Offshore DC Converter</b>	Any <b>User Apparatus</b> located <b>Offshore</b> used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An <b>Offshore DC Converter</b> is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.
<b>Offshore HVDC Converter</b>	Any <b>User Apparatus</b> located <b>Offshore</b> used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An <b>Offshore HVDC Converter</b> is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.

<b>Offshore Development Information Statement</b>	A statement prepared by <b>The Company</b> in accordance with Special Condition C4 of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Offshore Generating Unit</b>	Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any <b>Apparatus</b> located <b>Offshore</b> which produces electrical energy by converting or re-converting another source of energy, including, an <b>Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b> or <b>Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b> which could also be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Electricity Storage Module</b>
<b>Offshore Grid Entry Point</b>	In the case of:- (a) an <b>Offshore Generating Unit</b> or an <b>Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> or an <b>Offshore DC Converter</b> or an <b>Offshore HVDC Converter</b> , as the case may be, which is directly connected to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> , the point at which it connects to that <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> , or; (b) an <b>Offshore Power Park Module</b> which is directly connected to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> , the point where one <b>Power Park String</b> (registered by itself as a <b>Power Park Module</b> ) or the collection of points where a number of <b>Offshore Power Park Strings</b> (registered as a single <b>Power Park Module</b> ) connects to that <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> , or; (c) an <b>External Interconnection</b> which is directly connected to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> , the point at which it connects to that <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> .
<b>Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b>	An <b>Offshore Generating Unit</b> that is not an <b>Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b> including for the avoidance of doubt a <b>Power Park Unit</b> or <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> located <b>Offshore</b> .
<b>Offshore Platform</b>	A single structure comprising of <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> located <b>Offshore</b> which includes one or more <b>Offshore Grid Entry Points</b> .
<b>Offshore Power Park Module</b>	A collection of one or more <b>Offshore Power Park Strings</b> (registered as a <b>Power Park Module</b> under the <b>PC</b> ). There is no limit to the number of <b>Power Park Strings</b> within the <b>Power Park Module</b> , so long as they either: (a) connect to the same busbar which cannot be electrically split; or (b) connect to a collection of directly electrically connected busbars of the same nominal voltage and are configured in accordance with the operating arrangements set out in the relevant <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> .
<b>Offshore Power Park String</b>	A collection of <b>Offshore Generating Units</b> or <b>Power Park Units</b> or <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> that are powered by an <b>Intermittent Power Source</b> , joined together by cables forming part of a <b>User System</b> with a single point of connection to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> . The connection to an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> may include a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> .

<b>Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> located <b>Offshore</b> which could be part of an <b>Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> in which, under all steady state conditions, the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> divided by the number of pole pairs of the <b>Generating Unit</b> .
<b>Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> located <b>Offshore</b> .
<b>Offshore Tender Process</b>	The process followed by the <b>Authority</b> to make, in prescribed cases, a determination on a competitive basis of the person to whom an offshore transmission licence is to be granted.
<b>Offshore Transmission Distribution Connection Agreement</b>	An agreement entered into by <b>The Company</b> and a <b>Network Operator</b> in respect of the connection to and use of a <b>Network Operator’s User System</b> by an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> .
<b>Offshore Transmission Licensee</b>	Such person in relation to whose <b>Transmission Licence</b> the standard conditions in Section E (offshore transmission owner standard conditions) of such <b>Transmission Licence</b> have been given effect, or any person in that prospective role who has acceded to the <b>STC</b> .
<b>Offshore Transmission System</b>	A system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines and used for the transmission of electricity from one <b>Power Station</b> to a sub-station or to another <b>Power Station</b> or between sub-stations, and includes any <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> (including <b>OTSUA</b> ) and meters in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any <b>Remote Transmission Assets</b> . An <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> extends from the <b>Interface Point</b> , or the <b>Offshore Grid Entry Point(s)</b> and may include <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> located <b>Onshore</b> and <b>Offshore</b> and, where the context permits, references to the <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> includes <b>OTSUA</b> .
<b>Offshore Transmission System Development User Works or OTSDUW</b>	In relation to a particular <b>User</b> where the <b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b> apply, means those activities and/or works for the design, planning, consenting and/or construction and installation of the <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> to be undertaken by the <b>User</b> as identified in Part 2 of Appendix I of the relevant <b>Construction Agreement</b> .
<b>Offshore Transmission System User Assets or OTSUA</b>	<b>OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus</b> constructed and/or installed by a <b>User</b> under the <b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b> which form an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> that once transferred to a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> under an <b>Offshore Tender Process</b> will become part of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> .
<b>Offshore Waters</b>	Has the meaning given to “offshore waters” in Section 90(9) of the Energy Act 2004.
<b>Offshore Works Assumptions</b>	In relation to a particular <b>User</b> , means those assumptions set out in Appendix P of the relevant <b>Construction Agreement</b> as amended from time to time.
<b>Onshore</b>	Means within <b>Great Britain</b> , and when used in conjunction with another term and not defined means that the associated term is to be read accordingly.

<b>Onshore DC Converter</b>	Any <b>User Apparatus</b> located <b>Onshore</b> with a <b>Completion Date</b> after 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2005 used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An <b>Onshore DC Converter</b> is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an <b>Onshore DC Converter</b> represents the bipolar configuration.
<b>Onshore Generating Unit</b>	Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any <b>Apparatus</b> located <b>Onshore</b> which produces electrical energy by converting or re-converting another source of energy, including, an <b>Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b> or <b>Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b> which could also be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> or an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> .
<b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b>	A point at which a <b>Onshore Generating Unit</b> or a <b>CCGT Module</b> or a <b>CCGT Unit</b> or an <b>Onshore Power Generating Module</b> or a <b>Onshore DC Converter</b> or an <b>Onshore HVDC Converter</b> or a <b>Onshore Power Park Module</b> or an <b>Onshore Electricity Storage Module</b> or an <b>External Interconnection</b> , as the case may be, which is directly connected to the <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> connects to the <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> .
<b>Onshore HVDC Converter</b>	Any <b>User Apparatus</b> located <b>Onshore</b> used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An <b>Onshore HVDC Converter</b> is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an <b>Onshore HVDC Converter</b> represents the bipolar configuration.
<b>Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> located <b>Onshore</b> that is not a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> or <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> including for the avoidance of doubt a <b>Power Park Unit</b> or <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> located <b>Onshore</b> .
<b>Onshore Power Park Module</b>	A collection of <b>Non-Synchronous Generating Units</b> that are powered by an <b>Intermittent Power Source</b> or connected through power electronic conversion technology or <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Units</b> , joined together by a <b>System</b> (registered as a <b>Power Park Module</b> under the <b>PC</b> ) with a single electrical point of connection directly to the <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> (or <b>User System</b> if <b>Embedded</b> ) with no intermediate <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> connections. The connection to the <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> (or <b>User System</b> if <b>Embedded</b> ) may include a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> .
<b>Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b>	An <b>Onshore Generating Unit</b> or <b>Onshore Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> (which could also be part of an <b>Onshore Power Generating Module</b> ) including, for the avoidance of doubt, a <b>CCGT Unit</b> or <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> in which, under all steady state conditions, the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> divided by the number of pole pairs of the <b>Generating Unit</b> .

<b>Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> located <b>Onshore</b> .
<b>Onshore Transmission Licensee</b>	<b>NGET, SPT, or SHETL.</b>
<b>Onshore Transmission System</b>	The system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines owned or operated by <b>Onshore Transmission Licensees</b> or operated by <b>The Company</b> and used for the transmission of electricity from one <b>Power Station</b> to a substation or to another <b>Power Station</b> or between substations or to or from <b>Offshore Transmission Systems</b> or to or from any <b>External Interconnection</b> , and includes any <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> and meters owned or operated by any <b>Onshore Transmission Licensee</b> in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any <b>Remote Transmission Assets</b> .
<b>On-Site Generator Site</b>	A site which is determined by the <b>BSC Panel</b> to be a Trading Unit under the <b>BSC</b> by reason of having fulfilled the Class 1 or Class 2 requirements as such terms are used in the <b>BSC</b> .
<b>Operating Code</b> or <b>OC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>Operating Code</b> .
<b>Operating Margin</b>	<b>Contingency Reserve</b> plus <b>Operating Reserve</b> .
<b>Operating Reserve</b>	The additional output from <b>Large Power Stations</b> or the reduction in <b>Demand</b> , which must be realisable in real-time operation to respond in order to contribute to containing and correcting any <b>System Frequency</b> fall to an acceptable level in the event of a loss of generation or a loss of import from an <b>External Interconnection</b> or mismatch between generation and <b>Demand</b> .
<b>Operation</b>	A scheduled or planned action relating to the operation of a <b>System</b> (including an <b>Embedded Power Station</b> ).
<b>Operational Data</b>	Data required under the <b>Operating Codes</b> and/or <b>Balancing Codes</b> .
<b>Operational Day</b>	The period from 0500 hours on one day to 0500 on the following day.
<b>Operation Diagrams</b>	Diagrams which are a schematic representation of the <b>HV Apparatus</b> and the connections to all external circuits at a <b>Connection Site</b> (and in the case of <b>OTSDUW, Transmission Interface Site</b> ), incorporating its numbering, nomenclature and labelling.
<b>Operational Effect</b>	Any effect on the operation of the relevant other <b>System</b> which causes the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or the <b>System</b> of the other <b>User</b> or <b>Users</b> , as the case may be, to operate (or be at a materially increased risk of operating) differently to the way in which they would or may have operated in the absence of that effect.
<b>Operational Intertripping</b>	The automatic tripping of circuit-breakers to prevent abnormal system conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, <b>System</b> instability, etc. after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power <b>System</b> fault(s) which includes <b>System</b> to <b>Generating Unit</b> , <b>System</b> to <b>CCGT Module</b> , <b>System</b> to <b>Power Park Module</b> , <b>System</b> to <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> , <b>System</b> to <b>DC Converter</b> , <b>System</b> to <b>Power Generating Module</b> , <b>System</b> to <b>HVDC Converter</b> and <b>System</b> to <b>Demand</b> intertripping schemes.

<b>Operational Notifications</b>	Any <b>Energisation Operational Notification</b> , <b>Interim Operational Notification</b> , <b>Final Operational Notification</b> or <b>Limited Operational Notification</b> issued from <b>The Company</b> to a <b>User</b> .
<b>Operational Planning</b>	Planning through various timescales the matching of generation output with forecast <b>National Electricity Transmission System Demand</b> together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain <b>Generating Units</b> or <b>Power Generating Modules</b> , of parts of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> and of parts of <b>User Systems</b> to which <b>Power Stations</b> and/or <b>Customers</b> are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> , each <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence</b> or <b>Electricity Distribution Licence</b> , as the case may be.
<b>Operational Planning Margin</b>	An operational planning margin set by <b>The Company</b> .
<b>Operational Planning Phase</b>	The period from 8 weeks to the end of the 5 <sup>th</sup> year ahead of real time operation.
<b>Operational Procedures</b>	Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the <b>Safety Rules</b> and for the local and remote operation of <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> , issued in connection with the actual operation of <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> at or from a <b>Connection Site</b> .
<b>Operational Switching</b>	Operation of <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> to the instruction of the relevant <b>Control Engineer</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of <b>Transmission Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> forming part of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> will be to the instruction of the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Other Relevant Data</b>	The data listed in BC1.4.2(f) under the heading <b>Other Relevant Data</b> .
<b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b>	The arrangements whereby certain aspects of the design, consenting, construction, installation and/or commissioning of transmission assets are capable of being undertaken by a <b>User</b> prior to the transfer of those assets to a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> under an <b>Offshore Tender Process</b> .
<b>OTSDUW Data and Information</b>	The data and information to be provided by <b>Users</b> undertaking <b>OTSDUW</b> , to <b>The Company</b> in accordance with Appendix F of the <b>Planning Code</b> .
<b>OTSDUW DC Converter</b>	A <b>Transmission DC Converter</b> designed and/or constructed and/or installed by a <b>User</b> under the <b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b> and/or operated by the <b>User</b> until the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time</b> .
<b>OTSDUW Development and Data Timetable</b>	The timetable for both the delivery of <b>OTSDUW Data and Information</b> and <b>OTSDUW Network Data and Information</b> as referred to in Appendix F of the <b>Planning Code</b> and the development of the scope of the <b>OTSDUW</b> .
<b>OTSDUW Network Data and Information</b>	The data and information to be provided by <b>The Company</b> to <b>Users</b> undertaking <b>OTSDUW</b> in accordance with Appendix F of the <b>Planning Code</b> .

<b>OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus</b>	<b>Plant and Apparatus</b> , including any <b>OTSDUW DC Converter</b> , designed by the <b>User</b> under the <b>OTSDUW Arrangements</b> .
<b>OTSUA Transfer Time</b>	The time and date at which the <b>OTSUA</b> are transferred to a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Out of Synchronism</b>	The condition where a <b>System</b> or <b>Generating Unit</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b> cannot meet the requirements to enable it to be <b>Synchronised</b> .
<b>Output Usable or OU</b>	<p>The (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW), at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand, of the maximum level at which the <b>Genset</b> can export to the <b>Grid Entry Point</b>, or in the case of <b>Embedded Power Stations</b>, to the <b>User System Entry Point</b>. In addition, for a <b>Genset</b> powered by an <b>Intermittent Power Source</b> the forecast value is based upon the <b>Intermittent Power Source</b> being at a level which would enable the <b>Genset</b> to generate at <b>Registered Capacity</b>.</p> <p>For the purpose of OC2 only, the term <b>Output Usable</b> shall include the terms <b>Interconnector Export Capacity</b> and <b>Interconnector Import Capacity</b> where the term <b>Output Usable</b> is being applied to an <b>External Interconnection</b>.</p>
<b>Over-excitation Limiter</b>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999</b> Section 116.1: 1992].
<b>Panel Chairperson</b>	A person appointed as such in accordance with GR.4.1.
<b>Panel Member</b>	Any of the persons identified as such in GR.4.
<b>Panel Members' Recommendation</b>	The recommendation in accordance with the " <b>Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote</b> ".
<b>Panel Secretary</b>	A person appointed as such in accordance with GR.3.1.2(d).
<b>Part 1 System Ancillary Services</b>	<b>Ancillary Services</b> which are required for <b>System</b> reasons and which must be provided by <b>Users</b> in accordance with the <b>Connection Conditions</b> . An exhaustive list of <b>Part 1 System Ancillary Services</b> is included in that part of CC.8.1 or ECC.8.1 headed Part 1.
<b>Part 2 System Ancillary Services</b>	<b>Ancillary Services</b> which are required for <b>System</b> reasons and which must be provided by a <b>User</b> if the <b>User</b> has agreed to provide them under a <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> . A non-exhaustive list of <b>Part 2 System Ancillary Services</b> is included in that part of CC.8.1 or ECC.8.1 headed Part 2.
<b>Part Load</b>	The condition of a <b>Genset</b> , or <b>Cascade Hydro Scheme</b> which is <b>Loaded</b> but is not running at its Maximum Export Limit.
<b>Peak Current Rating</b>	<p>For a <b>GBGF-I</b> this is the larger of either the: -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The registered maximum steady-state current plus the maximum additional current to supply the <b>Active ROCOF Response Power</b> plus the <b>Defined Active Damping Power</b>; or.</li> <li>• The registered maximum steady-state current plus the maximum additional current to supply the <b>Phase Jump Angle</b> limit power, or.</li> </ul> <p>This is the maximum short term total current as declared by the <b>Grid Forming Plant Owner</b> in accordance with PC.A.5.8.1.</p>

<p><b>Permit for Work for proximity work</b></p>	<p>In respect of <b>E&amp;W Transmission Systems</b>, a document issued by the <b>Relevant E&amp;W Transmission Licensee</b> or an <b>E&amp;W User</b> in accordance with its respective <b>Safety Rules</b> to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8A.8 and which provides for <b>Safety Precautions</b> to be applied and maintained. An example format of a <b>Relevant E&amp;W Transmission Licensee's</b> permit for work is attached as Appendix E to <b>OC8A</b>.</p> <p>In respect of <b>Scottish Transmission Systems</b>, a document issued by a <b>Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</b> or a <b>Scottish User</b> in accordance with its respective <b>Safety Rules</b> to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8B.8 and which provides for <b>Safety Precautions</b> to be applied and maintained. Example formats of <b>Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees'</b> permits for work are attached as Appendix E to <b>OC8B</b>.</p>
<p><b>Partial Shutdown</b></p>	<p>The same as a <b>Total Shutdown</b> except that all generation has ceased in a separate part of the <b>Total System</b> and there is no electricity supply from <b>External Interconnections</b> or other parts of the <b>Total System</b> to that part of the <b>Total System</b> and, therefore, that part of the <b>Total System</b> is shutdown, with the result that it is not possible for that part of the <b>Total System</b> to begin to function again without <b>The Company's</b> directions relating to a <b>Black Start</b>.</p>
<p><b>Pending Grid Code Modification Proposal</b></p>	<p>A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> in respect of which, at the relevant time, the <b>Authority</b> has not yet made a decision as to whether to direct such <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> to be made pursuant to the <b>Transmission Licence</b> (whether or not a <b>Grid Code Modification Report</b> has been submitted in respect of such <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b>) or, in the case of a <b>Grid Code Self Governance Proposals</b>, in respect of which the <b>Grid Code Review Panel</b> has not yet voted whether or not to approve.</p>
<p><b>Phase Jump Angle</b></p>	<p>The difference in the measured phase angle of the voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> in a given mains half cycle compared with the measured phase angle of the voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> in the previous mains half cycle.</p>
<p><b>Phase Jump Angle Limit</b></p>	<p>The maximum <b>Phase Jump Angle</b> when applied to a <b>GBGF-I</b> which will result in a linear controlled response without activating current limiting functions. This is specified for a <b>System</b> angle near to zero which will be considered to be the normal operating angle under steady state conditions.</p>
<p><b>Phase Jump Angle Withstand</b></p>	<p>The maximum <b>Phase Jump Angle</b> change when applied to a <b>GBGF-I</b> which will result in the <b>GBGF-I</b> remaining in stable operation with current limiting functions activated. This is specified for a <b>System</b> angle near to zero which will be considered to be the normal operating angle under steady state conditions.</p>
<p><b>Phase (Voltage) Unbalance</b></p>	<p>The ratio (in percent) between the rms values of the negative sequence component and the positive sequence component of the voltage.</p>

<b>Physical Notification</b>	Data that describes the <b>BM Participant's</b> best estimate of the expected input or output of <b>Active Power</b> of a <b>BM Unit</b> and/or (where relevant) <b>Generating Unit</b> , the accuracy of the <b>Physical Notification</b> being commensurate with <b>Good Industry Practice</b> .
<b>Planning Code or PC</b>	That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the <b>Planning Code</b> .
<b>Planned Maintenance Outage</b>	An outage of <b>The Company's</b> electronic data communication facilities as provided for in CC.6.5.8 or ECC.6.5.8 and <b>The Company's</b> associated computer facilities of which normally at least 5 days notice is given, but in any event of which at least twelve hours notice has been given by <b>The Company</b> to the <b>User</b> and which is anticipated to last no longer than 2 hours. The length of such an outage may in exceptional circumstances be extended where at least 24 hours notice has been given by <b>The Company</b> to the <b>User</b> . It is anticipated that normally any planned outage would only last around one hour.
<b>Planned Outage</b>	An outage of a <b>Large Power Station</b> or of part of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , or of part of a <b>User System</b> , co-ordinated by <b>The Company</b> under <b>OC2</b> .
<b>Plant</b>	Fixed and movable items used in the generation and/or supply and/or transmission of electricity, other than <b>Apparatus</b> .
<b>Point of Common Coupling</b>	That point on the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> electrically nearest to the <b>User</b> installation at which either <b>Demands</b> or <b>Loads</b> are, or may be, connected.
<b>Point of Connection</b>	An electrical point of connection between the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> and a <b>User's System</b> .
<b>Point of Isolation</b>	The point on <b>Apparatus</b> (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2) at which <b>Isolation</b> is achieved.
<b>Post-Control Phase</b>	The period following real time operation.
<b>Power Available</b>	A signal prepared in accordance with good industry practice, representing the instantaneous sum of the potential <b>Active Power</b> available from each individual <b>Power Park Unit</b> within the <b>Power Park Module</b> calculated using any applicable combination of electrical or mechanical or meteorological data (including wind speed) measured at each <b>Power Park Unit</b> at a specified time. <b>Power Available</b> shall be a value between 0MW and <b>Registered Capacity</b> or <b>Maximum Capacity</b> which is the sum of the potential <b>Active Power</b> available of each <b>Power Park Unit</b> within the <b>Power Park Module</b> . A unit that is not generating or supplying power will be considered as not available. For the avoidance of doubt, the <b>Power Available</b> signal would be the <b>Active Power</b> output that a <b>Power Park Module</b> could reasonably be expected to export at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> taking all the above criteria into account including <b>Power Park Unit</b> constraints such as optimisation modes but would exclude a reduction in the <b>Active Power</b> export of the <b>Power Park Module</b> instructed by <b>The Company</b> (for example) for the purposes selecting a <b>Power Park Module</b> to operate in <b>Frequency Sensitive Mode</b> or when an <b>Emergency Instruction</b> has been issued.
<b>Power Factor</b>	The ratio of <b>Active Power</b> to <b>Apparent Power</b> .

<b>Power-Generating Module</b>	Either a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> , a <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> , a <b>Power Park Module</b> or a <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> owned or operated by an <b>EU Generator</b> .
<b>Power-Generating Module Document (PGMD)</b>	A document provided by the <b>Generator</b> to <b>The Company</b> for a <b>Type B</b> or <b>Type C Power Generating Module</b> which confirms that the <b>Power Generating Module's</b> compliance with the technical criteria set out in the Grid Code has been demonstrated and provides the necessary data and statements, including a statement of compliance.
<b>Power Generating Module Performance Chart</b>	A diagram showing the <b>Active Power (MW)</b> and <b>Reactive Power (MVAR)</b> capability limits within which a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> at its <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.
<b>Power Island</b>	<b>Gensets</b> at an isolated <b>Power Station</b> , together with complementary local <b>Demand</b> . In Scotland a <b>Power Island</b> may include more than one <b>Power Station</b> .
<b>Power Park Module</b>	Any <b>Onshore Power Park Module</b> or <b>Offshore Power Park Module</b> .
<b>Power Park Module Availability Matrix</b>	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading <b>Power Park Module Availability Matrix</b> .
<b>Power Park Module Planning Matrix</b>	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 4 of OC2 showing the combination of <b>Power Park Units</b> within a <b>Power Park Module</b> which would be expected to be running under normal conditions.
<b>Power Park Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> within a <b>Power Park Module</b> .
<b>Power Station</b>	An installation comprising one or more <b>Generating Units</b> or <b>Power Park Modules</b> or <b>Power Generating Modules</b> or <b>Electricity Storage Modules</b> (even where sited separately) owned and/or controlled by the same <b>Generator</b> , which may reasonably be considered as being managed as one <b>Power Station</b> .
<b>Power System Stabiliser or PSS</b>	Equipment controlling the <b>Exciter</b> output via the voltage regulator in such a way that power oscillations of the synchronous machines are dampened. Input variables may be speed, frequency or power (or a combination of these).
<b>Preface</b>	The preface to the Grid Code (which does not form part of the Grid Code and therefore is not binding).
<b>Preliminary Notice</b>	A notice in writing, sent by <b>The Company</b> both to all <b>Users</b> identified by it under OC12.4.2.1 and to the <b>Test Proposer</b> , notifying them of a proposed <b>System Test</b> .
<b>Preliminary Project Planning Data</b>	Data relating to a proposed <b>User Development</b> at the time the <b>User</b> applies for a <b>CUSC Contract</b> but before an offer is made and accepted.

<b>Primary Response</b>	The automatic increase in <b>Active Power</b> output of a <b>Genset</b> or, as the case may be, the decrease in <b>Active Power Demand</b> in response to a <b>System Frequency</b> fall. This increase in <b>Active Power</b> output or, as the case may be, the decrease in <b>Active Power Demand</b> must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> which will provide that it will be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the <b>Frequency</b> fall on the basis set out in the <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> and fully available by the latter, and sustainable for at least a further 20 seconds. The interpretation of the <b>Primary Response</b> to a – 0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2 and Figure ECC.A.3.2
<b>Private Network</b>	A network which connects to a <b>Network Operator's System</b> and that network belongs to a <b>User</b> who is not classified as a <b>Generator, Network Operator</b> or <b>Non-Embedded Customer</b> .
<b>Programming Phase</b>	The period between the <b>Operational Planning Phase</b> and the <b>Control Phase</b> . It starts at the 8 weeks ahead stage and finishes at 17:00 on the day ahead of real time.
<b>Proposal Notice</b>	A notice submitted to <b>The Company</b> by a <b>User</b> which would like to undertake a <b>System Test</b> .
<b>Proposal Report</b>	A report submitted by the <b>Test Panel</b> which contains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) proposals for carrying out a <b>System Test</b> (including the manner in which the <b>System Test</b> is to be monitored);</li> <li>(b) an allocation of costs (including un-anticipated costs) between the affected parties (the general principle being that the <b>Test Proposer</b> will bear the costs); and</li> <li>(c) such other matters as the <b>Test Panel</b> considers appropriate.</li> </ul> The report may include requirements for indemnities to be given in respect of claims and losses arising from a <b>System Test</b> .
<b>Proposed Implementation Date</b>	The proposed date(s) for the implementation of a <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> such date(s) to be either (i) described by reference to a specified period after a direction from the Authority approving the <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> or (ii) a <b>Fixed Proposed Implementation Date</b> .
<b>Proposer</b>	In relation to a particular <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> , the person who makes such <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> .
<b>Protection</b>	The provisions for detecting abnormal conditions on a <b>System</b> and initiating fault clearance or actuating signals or indications.
<b>Protection Apparatus</b>	A group of one or more <b>Protection</b> relays and/or logic elements designated to perform a specified <b>Protection</b> function.
<b>Pumped Storage</b>	A hydro unit in which water can be raised by means of pumps and stored to be used for the generation of electrical energy;

<b>Pumped Storage Generating Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> at a <b>Pumped Storage Plant</b>
<b>Pumped Storage Generator</b>	A <b>Generator</b> which owns and/or operates any <b>Pumped Storage Plant</b> .
<b>Pumped Storage Plant</b>	A <b>Power Station</b> comprising <b>Pumped Storage Generating Units</b> .
<b>Pumped Storage Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> within a <b>Pumped Storage Plant</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Pumped Storage Unit</b> is not considered to form part of an <b>Electricity Storage Unit</b> unless specifically declared by the <b>Generator</b> .
<b>Purchase Contracts</b>	A final and binding contract for the purchase of the <b>Main Plant and Apparatus</b> .
<b>Q/Pmax</b>	<p>The ratio of <b>Reactive Power</b> to the <b>Maximum Capacity</b>. The relationship between <b>Power Factor</b> and <b>Q/Pmax</b> is given by the formula:-</p> $\text{Power Factor} = \text{Cos} \left[ \arctan \left[ \frac{Q}{P_{max}} \right] \right]$ <p>For example, a <b>Power Park Module</b> with a Q/P value of +0.33 would equate to a <b>Power Factor</b> of <math>\text{Cos}(\arctan 0.33) = 0.95</math> <b>Power Factor lag</b>.</p>
<b>Quick Resynchronisation Capability</b>	The capability of a <b>Type C</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Module</b> as defined in ECC.6.3.5.6. For the avoidance of doubt this requirement only applies to <b>EU Code Generators</b> who own or operate a <b>Type C</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Module</b> .
<b>Quick Resynchronisation Unit Test</b>	A test undertaken on <b>Generating Unit</b> forming part of a <b>Type C</b> or <b>Type D Power Generating Module</b> as detailed in OC5.7.1 and OC5.7.4 necessary to determine its ability to demonstrate a <b>Quick Resynchronisation Capability</b> .
<b>Range CCGT Module</b>	A <b>CCGT Module</b> where there is a physical connection by way of a steam or hot gas main between that <b>CCGT Module</b> and another <b>CCGT Module</b> or other <b>CCGT Modules</b> , which connection contributes (if open) to efficient modular operation, and which physical connection can be varied by the operator.
<b>Rated Field Voltage</b>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992</b> ].

<p><b>Rated MW</b></p>	<p>The “rating-plate” MW output of a <b>Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, Power Park Module, Electricity Storage Module, HVDC Converter or DC Converter</b>, being:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) that output up to which the <b>Generating Unit</b> was designed to operate (Calculated as specified in <b>British Standard BS EN 60034 – 1: 1995</b>); or</li> <li>(b) the nominal rating for the MW output of a <b>Power Park Module or Power Generating Module</b> being the maximum continuous electric output power which the <b>Power Park Module or Power Generating Module</b> was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions; or</li> <li>(c) the nominal rating for the MW import capacity and export capacity (if at a <b>DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter Station</b>) of a <b>DC Converter or HVDC Converter</b>.</li> <li>(d) in an importing mode, is that input up to which an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> was designed to operate being the maximum continuous electric input which the <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions. In an exporting mode is:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) that output up to which the <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b> was designed to operate (Calculated as specified in <b>British Standard BS EN 60034 – 1: 1995</b>); or</li> <li>(ii) the nominal rating for the MW output of a <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> being the maximum continuous electric output power which the <b>Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Reactive Despatch Instruction</b></p>	<p>Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b>.</p>
<p><b>Reactive Despatch Network Restriction</b></p>	<p>A restriction placed upon an <b>Embedded Power Generating Module, Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module or DC Converter</b> at an <b>Embedded DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter</b> at an <b>Embedded HVDC Converter Station</b> by the <b>Network Operator</b> that prevents the <b>Generator or DC Converter Station owner or HVDC System Owner</b> in question (as applicable) from complying with any <b>Reactive Despatch Instruction</b> with respect to that <b>Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station or HVDC Converter</b> at a <b>HVDC Converter Station</b>, whether to provide MVAr over the range referred to in CC 6.3.2, ECC.6.3.2 or otherwise.</p>
<p><b>Reactive Despatch to Zero Mvar Network Restriction</b></p>	<p>A <b>Reactive Despatch Network Restriction</b> which prevents an <b>Embedded Power Generating Module, an Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module, Embedded HVDC System, HVDC Converter</b> at an <b>Embedded HVDC Converter Station or DC Converter</b> at an <b>Embedded DC Converter Station</b> from supplying power at zero MVAr at all <b>Active Power</b> output levels up to and including <b>Rated MW</b> at the <b>Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded)</b>.</p>
<p><b>Reactive Energy</b></p>	<p>The integral with respect to time of the <b>Reactive Power</b>.</p>

<p><b>Reactive Power</b></p>	<p>The product of voltage and current and the sine of the phase angle between them measured in units of voltamperes reactive and standard multiples thereof, ie:</p> <p>1000 VAr = 1 kVAr</p> <p>1000 kVAr = 1 MVar</p>
<p><b>Record of Inter-System Safety Precautions or RISSP</b></p>	<p>A written record of inter-system <b>Safety Precautions</b> to be compiled in accordance with the provisions of <b>OC8</b>.</p>
<p><b>Regenerative Braking</b></p>	<p>A method of braking in which energy is extracted from the parts braked, which may be returned directly to the <b>System</b> and the purpose of the braking is motion control.</p>

<p><b>Registered Capacity</b></p>	<p>(a) In the case of a <b>Generating Unit</b> other than that forming part of a <b>CCGT Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> or <b>Power Generating Module</b>, the normal full load capacity of a <b>Generating Unit</b> as declared by the <b>Generator</b>, less the MW consumed by the <b>Generating Unit</b> through the <b>Generating Unit's Unit Transformer</b> when producing the same (the resultant figure being expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place).</p> <p>(b) In the case of a <b>CCGT Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> owned or operated by a <b>GB Generator</b>, the normal full load capacity of the <b>CCGT Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> (as the case may be) as declared by the <b>GB Generator</b>, being the <b>Active Power</b> declared by the <b>GB Generator</b> as being deliverable by the <b>CCGT Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b> at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded CCGT Module</b> or <b>Power Park Module</b>, at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place. For the avoidance of doubt <b>Maximum Capacity</b> would apply to <b>Power Generating Modules</b> which form part of a <b>Large, Medium</b> or <b>Small Power Station</b>.</p> <p>(c) In the case of a <b>Power Station</b>, the maximum amount of <b>Active Power</b> deliverable by the <b>Power Station</b> at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded Power Station</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>Generator</b>, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place. The maximum <b>Active Power</b> deliverable is the maximum amount deliverable simultaneously by the <b>Power Generating Modules</b> and/or <b>Generating Units</b> and/or <b>CCGT Modules</b> and/or <b>Power Park Modules</b> less the MW consumed by the <b>Power Generating Modules</b> and/or <b>Generating Units</b> and/or <b>CCGT Modules</b> in producing that <b>Active Power</b> and forming part of a <b>Power Station</b>.</p> <p>(d) In the case of a <b>DC Converter</b> at a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> at an <b>HVDC Converter Station</b>, the normal full load amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable from a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> at the <b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded DC Converter Station</b> or an <b>Embedded HVDC Converter Station</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b>, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.</p> <p>(e) In the case of a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter Station</b>, the maximum amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable from a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter Station</b> at the <b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded DC Converter Station</b> or <b>Embedded HVDC Converter Station</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b>, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.</p> <p>(f) In the case of an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b>, the normal full load amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable from an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded Electricity Storage Module</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>Generator</b>, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.</p>
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<b>Registered Data</b>	Those items of <b>Standard Planning Data</b> and <b>Detailed Planning Data</b> which upon connection become fixed (subject to any subsequent changes).
<b>Registered Import Capability</b>	<p>In the case of a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter Station</b> containing <b>DC Converters</b> or <b>HVDC Converters</b> connected to an <b>External System</b>, the maximum amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable into a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter Station</b> at the <b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded DC Converter Station</b> or <b>Embedded HVDC Converter Station</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b>, expressed in whole MW.</p> <p>In the case of a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> connected to an <b>External System</b> and in a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter Station</b>, the normal full load amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable into a <b>DC Converter</b> or <b>HVDC Converter</b> at the <b>Onshore Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded DC Converter Station</b> or <b>Embedded HVDC Converter Station</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>DC Converter</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b>, expressed in whole MW.</p> <p>In the case of an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b>, the maximum amount of <b>Active Power</b> transferable into an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> (or in the case of an <b>Embedded Electricity Storage Module</b> at the <b>User System Entry Point</b>), as declared by the <b>Generator</b>, expressed in whole MW.</p>
<b>Regulations</b>	The Utilities Contracts Regulations 1996, as amended from time to time.
<b>Regulated Sections</b>	Parts of the Grid Code that are referenced in <b>Governance Rules</b> Annex GR.B as amended from time to time with the approval of the <b>Authority</b> .
<b>Reheater Time Constant</b>	Determined at <b>Registered Capacity</b> , the reheater time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
<b>Rejected Grid Code Modification Proposal</b>	A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> in respect of which the <b>Authority</b> has decided not to direct <b>The Company</b> to modify the <b>Grid Code</b> pursuant to <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> in the manner set out herein or, in the case of a <b>Grid Code Self Governance Proposals</b> , in respect of which the <b>Grid Code Review Panel</b> has voted not to approve.
<b>Related Person</b>	Means, in relation to an individual, any member of their immediate family, their employer (and any former employer of theirs within the previous 12 months), any partner with whom they are in partnership, and any company or <b>Affiliate</b> of a company in which they or any member of their immediate family controls more than 20% of the voting rights in respect of the shares of the company;
<b>Relevant E&amp;W Transmission Licensee</b>	As the context requires <b>NGET</b> and/or an <b>E&amp;W Offshore Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Relevant Party</b>	Has the meaning given in GR15.10(a).

<b>Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</b>	As the context requires <b>SPT</b> and/or <b>SHETL</b> and/or a <b>Scottish Offshore Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b>	Means National Grid Electricity Transmission plc ( <b>NGET</b> ) in its <b>Transmission Area</b> or SP Transmission plc ( <b>SPT</b> ) in its <b>Transmission Area</b> or Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Ltd ( <b>SHETL</b> ) in its <b>Transmission Area</b> or any <b>Offshore Transmission Licensee</b> in its <b>Transmission Area</b> .
<b>Relevant Unit</b>	As defined in the <b>STC</b> , Schedule 3.
<b>Remote End HVDC Converter Station</b>	An <b>HVDC Converter Station</b> which forms part of an <b>HVDC System</b> and is not directly connected to the AC part of the <b>GB Synchronous Area</b> .
<b>Remote Transmission Assets</b>	Any <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> or meters owned by <b>NGET</b> which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are <b>Embedded</b> in a <b>User System</b> and which are not directly connected by <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> owned by <b>NGET</b> to a sub-station owned by <b>NGET</b>; and</li> <li>(b) are by agreement between <b>NGET</b> and such <b>User</b> operated under the direction and control of such <b>User</b>.</li> </ul>
<b>Replacement Reserves (RR)</b>	Means, in the context of <b>Balancing Services</b> , the <b>Active Power</b> reserves available to restore or support the required level of <b>FRR</b> to be prepared for additional system imbalances, including generation reserves;
<b>Requesting Safety Co-ordinator</b>	The <b>Safety Co-ordinator</b> requesting <b>Safety Precautions</b> .
<b>Responsible Engineer/ Operator</b>	A person nominated by a <b>User</b> to be responsible for <b>System</b> control.
<b>Responsible Manager</b>	A manager who has been duly authorised by a <b>User</b> or a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> to sign <b>Site Responsibility Schedules</b> on behalf of that <b>User</b> or <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> as the case may be.
<b>Restoration Service Provider</b>	A <b>Black Start Service Provider</b> , <b>User</b> or <b>Non-CUSC Party</b> with a legal or contractual obligation to provide a service contributing to one or several measures of the <b>System Restoration Plan</b> .
<b>Re-synchronisation</b>	The bringing of parts of the <b>System</b> which have become <b>Out of Synchronism</b> with any other <b>System</b> back into <b>Synchronism</b> , and like terms shall be construed accordingly.
<b>Retained EU Law</b>	31 December 2020 as defined in European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020.
<b>RR Acceptance</b>	The results of the <b>TERRE</b> auction for each <b>BM Participant</b> .
<b>Restricted</b>	Applies to a <b>TERRE Bid</b> which has been marked so that it will be passed to the <b>TERRE Central Platform</b> but will not be used in the auction.
<b>ROCOF</b>	<b>Rate of Change of Frequency</b>

<b>RR Instruction</b>	<b>Replacement Reserve</b> Instruction – used for instructing <b>BM Participants</b> after the results of the <b>TERRE</b> auction. An <b>RR Instruction</b> has the same format as a <b>Bid-Offer Acceptance</b> but has type field indicating it is for <b>TERRE</b> .
<b>Safety Co-ordinator</b>	A person or persons nominated by a <b>Relevant E&amp;W Transmission Licensee</b> and each <b>E&amp;W User</b> in relation to <b>Connection Points</b> (or in the case of <b>OTSUA</b> operational prior to the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time, Transmission Interface Points</b> ) on an <b>E&amp;W Transmission System</b> and/or by the <b>Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</b> and each <b>Scottish User</b> in relation to <b>Connection Points</b> (or in the case of <b>OTSUA</b> operational prior to the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time, Transmission Interface Points</b> ) on a <b>Scottish Transmission System</b> to be responsible for the co-ordination of <b>Safety Precautions</b> at each <b>Connection Point</b> (or in the case of <b>OTSUA</b> operational prior to the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time, Transmission Interface Points</b> ) when work (which includes testing) is to be carried out on a <b>System</b> which necessitates the provision of <b>Safety Precautions</b> on <b>HV Apparatus</b> (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2), pursuant to <b>OC8</b> .
<b>Safety From The System</b>	That condition which safeguards persons when work is to be carried out on or near a <b>System</b> from the dangers which are inherent in the <b>System</b> .
<b>Safety Key</b>	A key unique at the <b>Location</b> capable of operating a lock which will cause an <b>Isolating Device</b> and/or <b>Earthing Device</b> to be <b>Locked</b> .
<b>Safety Log</b>	A chronological record of messages relating to safety co-ordination sent and received by each <b>Safety Co-ordinator</b> under <b>OC8</b> .
<b>Safety Precautions</b>	<b>Isolation</b> and/or <b>Earthing</b> .
<b>Safety Rules</b>	The rules of the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> or a <b>User</b> that seek to ensure that persons working on <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> to which the rules apply are safeguarded from hazards arising from the <b>System</b> .
<b>Scottish Offshore Transmission System</b>	An <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> with an <b>Interface Point</b> in Scotland.
<b>Scottish Offshore Transmission Licensee</b>	A person who owns or operates a <b>Scottish Offshore Transmission System</b> pursuant to a <b>Transmission Licence</b> .
<b>Scottish Transmission System</b>	Collectively <b>SPT’s Transmission System</b> and <b>SHETL’s Transmission System</b> and any <b>Scottish Offshore Transmission Systems</b> .
<b>Scottish User</b>	A <b>User</b> in Scotland or any <b>Offshore User</b> who owns or operates <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> connected (or which will at the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time</b> be connected) to a <b>Scottish Offshore Transmission System</b> .
<b>Secondary BM Unit</b>	Has the same meaning set out in the <b>BSC</b> .

<b>Secondary Response</b>	The automatic increase in <b>Active Power</b> output of a <b>Genset</b> or, as the case may be, the decrease in <b>Active Power Demand</b> in response to a <b>System Frequency</b> fall. This increase in <b>Active Power</b> output or, as the case may be, the decrease in <b>Active Power Demand</b> must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant <b>Ancillary Services Agreement</b> which will provide that it will be fully available by 30 seconds from the time of the start of the <b>Frequency</b> fall and be sustainable for at least a further 30 minutes. The interpretation of the <b>Secondary Response</b> to a -0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2 or Figure ECC.A.3.2.
<b>Secretary of State</b>	Has the same meaning as in the <b>Act</b> .
<b>Secured Event</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>Security and Quality of Supply Standard</b> .
<b>Security and Quality of Supply Standard (SQSS)</b>	The version of the document entitled 'Security and Quality of Supply Standard' established pursuant to the <b>Transmission Licence</b> in force at the time of entering into the relevant <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> .
<b>Self-Governance Criteria</b>	A proposed <b>Modification</b> that, if implemented, (a) is unlikely to have a material effect on: (i) existing or future electricity consumers; and (ii) competition in the generation, storage, distribution, or supply of electricity or any commercial activities connected with the generation, storage, distribution or supply of electricity; and (iii) the operation of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> ; and (iv) matters relating to sustainable development, safety or security of supply, or the management of market or network emergencies; and (v) the <b>Grid Code's</b> governance procedures or the <b>Grid Code's</b> modification procedures, and (b) is unlikely to discriminate between different classes of Users. (c) other than where the modification meets the <b>Fast Track Criteria</b> , will not constitute an amendment to the <b>Regulated Sections</b> of the Grid Code.
<b>Self-Governance Modifications</b>	A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> that does not fall within the scope of a <b>Significant Code Review</b> and that meets the <b>Self-Governance Criteria</b> or which the <b>Authority</b> directs is to be treated as such any direction under GR.24.4.
<b>Self-Governance Statement</b>	The statement made by the <b>Grid Code Review Panel</b> and submitted to the <b>Authority</b> : (a) confirming that, in its opinion, the <b>Self-Governance Criteria</b> are met and the proposed <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> is suitable for the Self-Governance route; and (b) providing a detailed explanation of the <b>Grid Code Review Panel's</b> reasons for that opinion.

<b>Setpoint Voltage</b>	The value of voltage at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> , or <b>User System Entry Point</b> if <b>Embedded</b> , on the automatic control system steady state operating characteristic, as a percentage of the nominal voltage, at which the transfer of <b>Reactive Power</b> between a <b>Power Park Module</b> , <b>DC Converter</b> , <b>HVDC Converter</b> or <b>Non-Synchronous Generating Unit</b> and the <b>Transmission System</b> , or <b>Network Operator's</b> system if <b>Embedded</b> , is zero.
<b>Settlement Period</b>	A period of 30 minutes ending on the hour and half-hour in each hour during a day.
<b>Seven Year Statement</b>	A statement, prepared by <b>The Company</b> in accordance with the terms of <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b> , showing for each of the seven succeeding <b>Financial Years</b> , the opportunities available for connecting to and using the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> and indicating those parts of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> most suited to new connections and transport of further quantities of electricity.
<b>SF<sub>6</sub> Gas Zone</b>	A segregated zone surrounding electrical conductors within a casing containing SF <sub>6</sub> gas.
<b>SHETL</b>	Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Limited.
<b>Shutdown</b>	In the case of a <b>Generating Unit</b> is the condition of a <b>Generating Unit</b> where the generator rotor is at rest or on barring.  In the case of an <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> , is the condition of an <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> where the <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> is de-energised and therefore not importing or exporting <b>Apparent Power</b> to or from the <b>Total System</b> .
<b>Significant Code Review</b>	Means the period commencing on the start date of a <b>Significant Code Review</b> as stated in the notice issued by the <b>Authority</b> , and ending in the circumstances described in GR.16.6 or GR.16.7, as appropriate.
<b>Significant Code Review Phase</b>	Means the period commencing on the start date of a <b>Significant Code Review</b> as stated in the notice issued by the <b>Authority</b> , and ending in the circumstances described in GR.16.6 or GR.16.7, as appropriate.
<b>Significant Event</b>	An <b>Event</b> , as defined in OC3.4.1.
<b>Significant Incident</b>	An <b>Event</b> which either:  (a) was notified by a <b>User</b> to <b>The Company</b> under <b>OC7</b> , and which <b>The Company</b> considers has had or may have had a significant effect on the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , and <b>The Company</b> requires the <b>User</b> to report that <b>Event</b> in writing in accordance with <b>OC10</b> and notifies the <b>User</b> accordingly; or  (b) was notified by <b>The Company</b> to a <b>User</b> under <b>OC7</b> , and which that <b>User</b> considers has had or may have had a significant effect on that <b>User's System</b> , and that <b>User</b> requires <b>The Company</b> to report that <b>Event</b> in writing in accordance with the provisions of <b>OC10</b> and notifies <b>The Company</b> accordingly.

<b>Simultaneous Tap Change</b>	A tap change implemented on the generator step-up transformers of <b>Synchronised Gensets</b> , effected by <b>Generators</b> in response to an instruction from <b>The Company</b> issued simultaneously to the relevant <b>Power Stations</b> . The instruction, preceded by advance notice, must be effected as soon as possible, and in any event within one minute of receipt from <b>The Company</b> of the instruction.
<b>Single Intraday Coupling</b>	The continuous process where collected orders are matched and cross-zonal capacity is allocated simultaneously for different bidding zones in the intraday market.
<b>Single Line Diagram</b>	A schematic representation of a three-phase network in which the three phases are represented by single lines. The diagram shall include (but not necessarily be limited to) busbars, overhead lines, underground cables, power transformers and reactive compensation equipment. It shall also show where <b>Large Power Stations</b> are connected, and the points at which <b>Demand</b> is supplied.
<b>Single Point of Connection</b>	A single <b>Point of Connection</b> , with no interconnection through the <b>User's System</b> to another <b>Point of Connection</b> .
<b>Site Common Drawings</b>	Drawings prepared for each <b>Connection Site</b> (and in the case of <b>OTSDUW, Transmission Interface Site</b> ) which incorporate <b>Connection Site</b> (and in the case of <b>OTSDUW, Transmission Interface Site</b> ) layout drawings, electrical layout drawings, common protection/ control drawings and common services drawings.
<b>Site Responsibility Schedule</b>	A schedule containing the information and prepared on the basis of the provisions set out in Appendix 1 of the <b>CC</b> and Appendix E1 of the <b>ECC</b> .
<b>Slope</b>	The ratio of the steady state change in voltage, as a percentage of the nominal voltage, to the steady state change in <b>Reactive Power</b> output, in per unit of <b>Reactive Power</b> capability. For the avoidance of doubt, the value indicates the percentage voltage reduction that will result in a 1 per unit increase in <b>Reactive Power</b> generation.
<b>Small Participant</b>	Has the meaning given in the <b>CUSC</b> .

<p><b>Small Power Station</b></p>	<p>A <b>Power Station</b> which is</p> <p>(a) directly connected to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) <b>NGET’s Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 50MW; or</li> <li>(ii) <b>SPT’s Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 30MW; or</li> <li>(iii) <b>SHETL’s Transmission System</b> where such a <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 10 MW; or</li> <li>(iv) an <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> where such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 10MW;</li> </ul> <p>or,</p> <p>(b) <b>Embedded</b> within a <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) where such <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) <b>NGET’s Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 50MW; or</li> <li>(ii) <b>SPT’s Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 30MW; or</li> <li>(iii) <b>SHETL’s Transmission System</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 10MW;</li> </ul> <p>or,</p> <p>(c) <b>Embedded</b> within a <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) where the <b>User System</b> (or part thereof) is not connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>, although such <b>Power Station</b> is in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) <b>NGET’s Transmission Area</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 50MW; or</li> <li>(ii) <b>SPT’s Transmission Area</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 30MW; or</li> <li>(iii) <b>SHETL’s Transmission Area</b> and such <b>Power Station</b> has a <b>Registered Capacity</b> of less than 10MW;</li> </ul> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Small Power Station</b> could comprise of <b>Type A, Type B, Type C or Type D Power Generating Modules</b>.</p>
<p><b>Speeder Motor Setting Range</b></p>	<p>The minimum and maximum no-load speeds (expressed as a percentage of rated speed) to which the turbine is capable of being controlled, by the speeder motor or equivalent, when the <b>Generating Unit</b> terminals are on open circuit.</p>
<p><b>SPT</b></p>	<p>SP Transmission Limited plc</p>
<p><b>Standard Contract Terms</b></p>	<p>The standard terms and conditions applicable to <b>Ancillary Services</b> provided by <b>Demand Response Providers</b> and published on the <b>Website</b> from time to time.</p>

<b>Standard Modifications</b>	A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> that does not fall within the scope of a <b>Significant Code Review</b> subject to any direction by the <b>Authority</b> pursuant to GR.16.3 and GR.16.4, nor meets the <b>Self-Governance Criteria</b> subject to any direction by the <b>Authority</b> pursuant to GR.24.4 and in accordance with any direction under GR.24.2. A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> that constitutes an amendment to the <b>Regulated Sections</b> of the Grid Code shall be a <b>Standard Modification</b> except where it is an <b>Urgent Modification</b> or where it meets the <b>Fast Track Criteria</b> .
<b>Standard Planning Data</b>	The general data required by <b>The Company</b> under the <b>PC</b> . It is generally also the data which <b>The Company</b> requires from a <b>User</b> in an application for a <b>CUSC Contract</b> , as reflected in the <b>PC</b> .
<b>Standard Product</b>	Means a harmonised balancing product defined by all EU TSOs for the exchange of balance services.
<b>Specific Product</b>	Means in the context of Balancing Services a product that is not a standard product.
<b>Start Time</b>	The time named as such in an instruction issued by <b>The Company</b> pursuant to the <b>BC</b> .
<b>Start-Up</b>	In the case of a <b>Generating Unit</b> is the action of bringing a <b>Generating Unit</b> from <b>Shutdown</b> to <b>Synchronous Speed</b> .  In the case of an <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> , is the action of bringing the <b>HVDC System</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> from <b>Shutdown</b> to a state where it is energised.
<b>Statement of Readiness</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> and/or <b>Construction Agreement</b> .
<b>Station Board</b>	A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the <b>Auxiliaries</b> of a <b>Power Station</b> , and which is supplied by a <b>Station Transformer</b> . It may be interconnected with a <b>Unit Board</b> .
<b>Station Transformer</b>	A transformer supplying electrical power to the <b>Auxiliaries</b> of (a) a <b>Power Station</b> , which is not directly connected to the <b>Generating Unit</b> terminals (typical voltage ratios being 132/11kV or 275/11kV), or (b) a <b>DC Converter Station</b> or <b>HVDC Converter Station</b> .
<b>STC Committee</b>	The committee established under the <b>STC</b> .
<b>Steam Unit</b>	A <b>Generating Unit</b> whose prime mover converts the heat-energy in steam to mechanical energy.

<p><b>Storage User</b></p>	<p>A <b>Generator</b> who owns or operates one or more <b>Electricity Storage Modules</b>. For the avoidance of doubt:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/631, Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1388 and Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1485) shall not apply to <b>Storage Users</b>; and</li> <li>(b) the <b>European Connection Conditions (ECC's)</b> shall apply to <b>Storage Users</b> on the basis set out in Paragraph ECC1.1(d).</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtransmission System</b></p>	<p>The part of a <b>User's System</b> which operates at a single transformation below the voltage of the relevant <b>Transmission System</b>.</p>
<p><b>Substantial Modification</b></p>	<p>A <b>Modification</b> in relation to modernisation or replacement of the <b>User's Main Plant and Apparatus</b> which impacts its technical capabilities, which, following notification by the relevant <b>User</b> to <b>The Company</b>, results in substantial amendment to the <b>Bilateral Agreement</b>.</p>
<p><b>Supergrid Voltage</b></p>	<p>Any voltage greater than 200kV.</p>
<p><b>Supplier</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) A person supplying electricity under an <b>Electricity Supply Licence</b>; or</li> <li>(b) A person supplying electricity under exemption under the <b>Act</b>;</li> </ul> <p>in each case acting in its capacity as a supplier of electricity to <b>Customers</b> in <b>Great Britain</b>.</p>
<p><b>Surplus</b></p>	<p>A MW figure equal to the total <b>Output Usable</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minus the forecast of <b>Active Power Demand</b>, and</li> <li>(b) minus the <b>Operational Planning Margin</b>.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Synchronised</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) The condition where an incoming <b>Power Generating Module, Generating Unit or Power Park Module or DC Converter or HVDC Converter or System</b> is connected to the busbars of another <b>System</b> so that the <b>Frequencies</b> and phase relationships of that <b>Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, Power Park Module, DC Converter, HVDC Converter or System</b>, as the case may be, and the <b>System</b> to which it is connected are identical, like terms shall be construed accordingly e.g. "<b>Synchronism</b>".</li> <li>(b) The condition where an importing <b>BM Unit</b> is consuming electricity.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b></p>	<p>A <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> which can convert or re-convert electrical energy from another source of energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of network voltage are in a constant ratio and thus in synchronism. For the avoidance of doubt a <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> could comprise of one or more <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Units</b>.</p>

<b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b>	A <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> which can supply or absorb electrical energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of the equipment are in constant ratio and thus in synchronism with the network.
<b>Synchronising Generation</b>	The amount of MW (in whole MW) produced at the moment of synchronising.
<b>Synchronising Group</b>	A group of two or more <b>Gensets</b> ) which require a minimum time interval between their <b>Synchronising</b> or <b>De-Synchronising</b> times.
<b>Synchronous Area</b>	An area covered by synchronously interconnected <b>Transmission Licensees</b> , such as the <b>Synchronous Areas</b> of Continental Europe, Great Britain, Ireland-Northern Ireland and Nordic and the power systems of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia, together referred to as 'Baltic' which are part of a wider <b>Synchronous Area</b> ;
<b>Synchronous Compensation</b>	The operation of rotating synchronous <b>Apparatus</b> for the specific purpose of either the generation or absorption of <b>Reactive Power</b> .
<b>Synchronous Compensation Equipment</b>	<b>Apparatus</b> which has the function of providing <b>Synchronous Compensation</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, one or more <b>Synchronous Compensation</b> units would not constitute an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> unless it could be operated in a controllable manner.
<b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b>	A <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> which can convert and reconvert electrical energy from another source of energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of network voltage are in a constant ratio and thus in synchronism. For the avoidance of doubt a <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Module</b> could comprise of one or more <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Units</b> .
<b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit</b>	A <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> which can supply and absorb electrical energy such that the frequency of the generated voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of the equipment are in constant ratio and thus in synchronism with the network.
<b>Synchronous Flywheel</b>	An item of synchronously rotating <b>Plant</b> for the specific purpose of contributing inertia to the <b>System</b> . One or more <b>Synchronous Flywheels</b> would not be considered to form an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> unless it could be operated in a controllable manner for its AC input and output power.
<b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b>	Any <b>Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b> or <b>Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit</b> .
<b>Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart</b>	A diagram showing the <b>Active Power</b> (MW) and <b>Reactive Power</b> (MVAR) capability limits within which a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> at its stator terminals (which is part of a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> ) will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.

<b>Synchronous Power-Generating Module</b>	An indivisible set of installations which can convert or re-convert electrical energy from another source of energy such that the frequency of the supplied voltage, the rotor speed and the frequency of network voltage are in a constant ratio and thus in synchronism. For the avoidance of doubt, a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> could comprise of one or more <b>Synchronous Generating Units</b> or one or more <b>Synchronous Electricity Storage Units</b> .
<b>Synchronous Power Generating Module Matrix</b>	The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module Matrix</b> .
<b>Synchronous Power Generating Module Planning Matrix</b>	A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 5 of OC2 showing the combination of <b>Synchronous Generating Units</b> within a <b>Synchronous Power Generating Module</b> which would be running in relation to any given MW output.
<b>Synchronous Power Generating Unit</b>	Has the same meaning as a <b>Synchronous Generating Unit</b> and would be considered to be part of a <b>Power Generating Module</b> .
<b>Synchronous Speed</b>	That speed required by a <b>Generating Unit</b> to enable it to be <b>Synchronised</b> to a <b>System</b> .
<b>System</b>	Any <b>User System</b> and/or the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , as the case may be.
<b>System Ancillary Services</b>	Collectively <b>Part 1 System Ancillary Services</b> and <b>Part 2 System Ancillary Services</b> .
<b>System Constraint</b>	A limitation on the use of a <b>System</b> due to lack of transmission capacity or other <b>System</b> conditions.
<b>System Constrained Capacity</b>	That portion of <b>Registered Capacity</b> or <b>Registered Import Capacity</b> not available due to a <b>System Constraint</b> .
<b>System Constraint Group</b>	A part of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> which, because of <b>System Constraints</b> , is subject to limits of <b>Active Power</b> which can flow into or out of (as the case may be) that part.
<b>System Defence Plan</b>	A document prepared by <b>The Company</b> , as published on its <b>Website</b> , outlining how the requirements of the “defence plan”, as provided for by <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2196), has been implemented within the <b>GB Synchronous Area</b> .
<b>System Fault Dependability Index or Dp</b>	A measure of the ability of <b>Protection</b> to initiate successful tripping of circuit-breakers which are associated with a faulty item of <b>Apparatus</b> . It is calculated using the formula:  $Dp = 1 - F_1/A$ Where: A = Total number of <b>System</b> faults F <sub>1</sub> = Number of <b>System</b> faults where there was a failure to trip a circuit-breaker.
<b>System Incidents Report</b>	A report submitted to the GCRP on a monthly basis, containing, but not limited to, a list of <b>Significant Events</b> , as detailed in OC3.4.1.

<b>System Margin</b>	The margin in any period between (a) the sum of Maximum Export Limits and (b) forecast <b>Demand</b> and the <b>Operating Margin</b> , for that period.
<b>System Negative Reserve Active Power Margin or System NRAPM</b>	That margin of <b>Active Power</b> sufficient to allow the largest loss of <b>Load</b> at any time.
<b>System Operator - Transmission Owner Code or STC</b>	Has the meaning set out in <b>The Company's Transmission Licence</b>
<b>System Restoration Plan</b>	A document prepared by <b>The Company</b> , as published on its <b>Website</b> , outlining how the requirements of the "restoration plan", as defined in <b>Retained EU Law</b> (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2196), has been implemented within the <b>GB Synchronous Area</b> .
<b>System Telephony</b>	An alternative method by which a <b>User's Responsible Engineer/Operator</b> , <u>the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensees' Control Engineers</b></u> and <b>The Company's Control Engineer(s)</b> speak to one and another for the purposes of control of the <b>Total System</b> in both normal <del>operating conditions and where practicable,</del> <u>and</u> emergency operating conditions.
<b>System Tests</b>	Tests which involve simulating conditions, or the controlled application of irregular, unusual or extreme conditions, on the <b>Total System</b> , or any part of the <b>Total System</b> , but which do not include commissioning or recommissioning tests or any other tests of a minor nature.
<b>System to Demand Intertrip Scheme</b>	An intertrip scheme which disconnects <b>Demand</b> when a <b>System</b> fault has arisen to prevent abnormal conditions occurring on the <b>System</b> .
<b>System to Generator Operational Intertripping</b>	A <b>Balancing Service</b> involving the initiation by a <b>System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme</b> of automatic tripping of the <b>User's</b> circuit breaker(s), or <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee's</b> circuit breaker(s) where agreed by <b>The Company</b> , the <b>User</b> and the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> , resulting in the tripping of <b>BM Unit(s)</b> or (where relevant) <b>Generating Unit(s)</b> comprised in a <b>BM Unit</b> to prevent abnormal system conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, <b>System</b> instability, etc, after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power <b>System</b> fault(s).
<b>System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme</b>	A <b>System to Generating Unit</b> or <b>System to CCGT Module</b> or <b>System to Power Park Module</b> or <b>System to Power Generating Module</b> or <b>System to Electricity Storage Module Intertripping Scheme</b> forming a condition of connection and specified in Appendix F3 of the relevant <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> , being either a <b>Category 1 Intertripping Scheme</b> , <b>Category 2 Intertripping Scheme</b> , <b>Category 3 Intertripping Scheme</b> or <b>Category 4 Intertripping Scheme</b> .

<b>Target Frequency</b>	That <b>Frequency</b> determined by <b>The Company</b> , in its reasonable opinion, as the desired operating <b>Frequency</b> of the <b>Total System</b> . This will normally be 50.00Hz plus or minus 0.05Hz, except in exceptional circumstances as determined by <b>The Company</b> , in its reasonable opinion when this may be 49.90 or 50.10Hz. An example of exceptional circumstances may be difficulties caused in operating the <b>System</b> during disputes affecting fuel supplies.
<b>Technical Specification</b>	In relation to <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> , (a) the relevant <b>European Specification</b> ; or (b) if there is no relevant <b>European Specification</b> , other relevant standards which are in common use in the European Community.
<b>TERRE</b>	Trans European Replacement Reserves Exchange – a market covering the procurement of replacement reserves across Europe.
<b>TERRE Activation Period</b>	A period of time lasting 15 minutes and starting at either 0, 15, 30 or 45 minutes past the hour (e.g. 10:00 to 10:15). There are 4 <b>TERRE Activation Periods</b> in one <b>TERRE Auction Period</b> .
<b>TERRE Auction Period</b>	A period of time lasting one hour and starting and ending on the hour (e.g. from 10:00 to 11:00). Hence there are 24 <b>TERRE Auction Periods</b> in a day.
<b>TERRE Bid</b>	A submission by a <b>BM Participant</b> covering the price and MW deviation offered into the <b>TERRE</b> auction (please note – in the <b>Balancing Mechanism</b> the term bid has a different meaning – in this case a bid can be an upward or downward MW change).
<b>TERRE Central Platform</b>	An IT system which implements the <b>TERRE</b> auction.
<b>TERRE Data Validation and Consistency Rules</b>	A document produced by the central <b>TERRE</b> project detailing the correct format of submissions for <b>TERRE</b> .
<b>TERRE Gate Closure</b>	60 minutes before the start of the <b>TERRE Auction Period</b> (note still ongoing discussions if this may become 55 minutes).
<b>TERRE Instruction Guide</b>	Details specific rules for creating an <b>RR Instruction</b> from an <b>RR Acceptance</b> .
<b>Test Co-ordinator</b>	A person who co-ordinates <b>System Tests</b> .
<b>Test Panel</b>	A panel, whose composition is detailed in <b>OC12</b> , which is responsible, inter alia, for considering a proposed <b>System Test</b> , and submitting a <b>Proposal Report</b> and a <b>Test Programme</b> .
<b>Test Plan</b>	<a href="#">A document prepared by The Company, as published on its Website, outlining how the requirements of the “test plan”, as provided for by Retained EU Law (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2196), has been implemented within the GB Synchronous Area.</a>

<b>Test Programme</b>	A programme submitted by the <b>Test Panel</b> to <b>The Company</b> , the <b>Test Proposer</b> , and each <b>User</b> identified by <b>The Company</b> under OC12.4.2.1, which states the switching sequence and proposed timings of the switching sequence, a list of those staff involved in carrying out the <b>System Test</b> (including those responsible for the site safety) and such other matters as the <b>Test Panel</b> deems appropriate.
<b>Test Proposer</b>	The person who submits a <b>Proposal Notice</b> .
<b>Test Signal</b>	A signal in the form of a sine wave, applied to a <b>GBGF-I</b> to demonstrate its ability to contribute to <b>Active Damping Power</b> .
<b>The Company</b>	National Grid Electricity System Operator Limited (NO: 11014226) whose registered office is at 1-3 Strand, London, WC2N 5EH as the person whose <b>Transmission Licence</b> Section C of such <b>Transmission Licence</b> has been given effect.
<b>The Company Control Engineer</b>	The nominated person employed by <b>The Company</b> to direct the operation of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or such person as nominated by <b>The Company</b> .
<b>The Company Operational Strategy</b>	<b>The Company's</b> operational procedures which form the guidelines for operation of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> .
<b>Total Shutdown</b>	The situation existing when all generation has ceased and there is no electricity supply from <b>External Interconnections</b> and, therefore, the <b>Total System</b> has shutdown with the result that it is not possible for the <b>Total System</b> to begin to function again without <b>The Company's</b> directions relating to a <b>Black Start</b> .
<b>Total System</b>	The <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> and all <b>User Systems</b> in the <b>National Electricity Transmission System Operator Area</b> .
<b>Trading Point</b>	A commercial and, where so specified in the Grid Code, an operational interface between a <b>User</b> and <b>The Company</b> , which a <b>User</b> has notified to <b>The Company</b> .
<b>Transfer Date</b>	Such date as may be appointed by the <b>Secretary of State</b> by order under section 65 of the <b>Act</b> .
<b>Transmission</b>	Means, when used in conjunction with another term relating to equipment or a site, whether defined or not, that the associated term is to be read as being part of or directly associated with the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , and not of or with the <b>User System</b> .
<b>Transmission Area</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>Transmission Licence</b> of a <b>Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Transmission Connected Demand Facilities</b>	A <b>Demand Facility</b> which has a <b>Grid Supply Point</b> to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> .

<b>Transmission DC Converter</b>	Any <b>Transmission Licensee Apparatus</b> (or <b>OTSUA</b> that will become <b>Transmission Licensee Apparatus</b> at the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time</b> ) used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. A <b>Transmission Network DC Converter</b> (which could include an <b>HVDC System</b> owned by an <b>Offshore Transmission Licensee</b> or <b>Generator</b> in respect of <b>OTSUA</b> ) is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.
<b>Transmission Entry Capacity</b>	Has the meaning set out in the <b>CUSC</b> .
<b>Transmission Interface Circuit</b>	In <b>NGET's Transmission Area</b> , a <b>Transmission</b> circuit which connects a <b>System</b> operating at a voltage above 132kV to a <b>System</b> operating at a voltage of 132kV or below  In <b>SHETL's Transmission Area</b> and <b>SPT's Transmission Area</b> , a <b>Transmission</b> circuit which connects a <b>System</b> operating at a voltage of 132kV or above to a <b>System</b> operating at a voltage below 132kV.
<b>Transmission Interface Point</b>	Means the electrical point of connection between the <b>Offshore Transmission System</b> and an <b>Onshore Transmission System</b> .
<b>Transmission Interface Site</b>	The site at which the <b>Transmission Interface Point</b> is located.
<b>Transmission Licence</b>	A licence granted under Section 6(1)(b) of the <b>Act</b> .
<b>Transmission Licensee</b>	<b>The Company</b> and any <b>Onshore Transmission Licensee</b> or <b>Offshore Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Transmission Site</b>	Means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> in which there is a <b>Connection Point</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a <b>User</b> but occupied by the <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> as aforesaid, is a <b>Transmission Site</b> .
<b>Transmission System</b>	Has the same meaning as the term "licensee's transmission system" in the <b>Transmission Licence</b> of a <b>Transmission Licensee</b> .
<b>Turbine Time Constant</b>	Determined at <b>Registered Capacity</b> , the turbine time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.
<b>Type A Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Power-Generating Module</b> (including an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> ) with a <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> below 110 kV and a <b>Maximum Capacity</b> of 0.8 kW or greater but less than 1MW;
<b>Type B Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Power-Generating Module</b> (including an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> ) with a <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> below 110 kV and a <b>Maximum Capacity</b> of 1MW or greater but less than 10MW;
<b>Type C Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Power-Generating Module</b> (including an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> ) with a <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> below 110 kV and a <b>Maximum Capacity</b> of 10MW or greater but less than 50MW;

<b>Type D Power Generating Module</b>	A <b>Power-generating Module</b> : (including an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> ): with a <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> at, or greater than, 110 kV; or with a <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b> below 110 kV and with <b>Maximum Capacity</b> of 50MW or greater
<b>Unbalanced Load</b>	The situation where the <b>Load</b> on each phase is not equal.
<b>Under-excitation Limiter</b>	Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in <b>IEC 34-16-1:1991</b> [equivalent to <b>British Standard BS4999</b> Section 116.1: 1992].
<b>Under Frequency Relay</b>	An electrical measuring relay intended to operate when its characteristic quantity ( <b>Frequency</b> ) reaches the relay settings by a decrease in <b>Frequency</b> .
<b>Unit Board</b>	A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the <b>Auxiliaries</b> of a <b>Generating Unit</b> and which is supplied by a <b>Unit Transformer</b> . It may be interconnected with a <b>Station Board</b> .
<b>Unit Transformer</b>	A transformer directly connected to a <b>Generating Unit's</b> terminals, and which supplies power to the <b>Auxiliaries</b> of a <b>Generating Unit</b> . Typical voltage ratios are 23/11kV and 15/6.6kV.
<b>Unit Load Controller Response Time Constant</b>	The time constant, expressed in units of seconds, of the power output increase which occurs in the <b>Secondary Response</b> timescale in response to a step change in <b>System Frequency</b> .
<b>Unresolved Issues</b>	Any relevant Grid Code provisions or <b>Bilateral Agreement</b> requirements identified by <b>The Company</b> with which the relevant <b>User</b> has not demonstrated compliance to <b>The Company's</b> reasonable satisfaction at the date of issue of the <b>Preliminary Operational Notification</b> and/or <b>Interim Operational Notification</b> and/or <b>Limited Operational Notification</b> and which are detailed in such <b>Preliminary Operational Notification</b> and/or <b>Interim Operational Notification</b> and/or <b>Limited Operational Notification</b> .
<b>Urgent Modification</b>	A <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> treated or to be treated as an <b>Urgent Modification</b> in accordance with GR.23.
<b>User</b>	A term utilised in various sections of the Grid Code to refer to the persons using the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , as more particularly identified in each section of the Grid Code concerned. In the <b>Preface</b> and the <b>General Conditions</b> the term means any person to whom the Grid Code applies. The term <b>User</b> includes an <b>EU Code User</b> and a <b>GB Code User</b> .
<b>User Data File Structure</b>	The file structure given at <b>DRC 18</b> which will be specified by <b>The Company</b> which a <b>Generator</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b> must use for the purposes of the <b>CP</b> or the <b>ECP</b> to submit <b>DRC</b> data Schedules and information demonstrating compliance with the Grid Code and, where applicable, with the <b>CUSC Contract(s)</b> , unless otherwise agreed by <b>The Company</b> .

<b>User Development</b>	In the <b>PC</b> means either <b>User's Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> to be connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , or a <b>Modification</b> relating to a <b>User's Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> already connected to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> , or a proposed new connection or <b>Modification</b> to the connection within the <b>User System</b> .
<b>User Self Certification of Compliance</b>	A certificate, in the form attached at CP.A.2.(1) or ECP.A.2.(1) completed by a <b>Generator</b> or <b>DC Converter Station</b> owner or <b>HVDC System Owner</b> to which the <b>Compliance Statement</b> is attached which confirms that such <b>Plant</b> and <b>Apparatus</b> complies with the relevant Grid Code provisions and where appropriate, with the <b>CUSC Contract(s)</b> , as identified in the <b>Compliance Statement</b> and, if appropriate, identifies any <b>Unresolved Issues</b> and/or any exceptions to such compliance and details the derogation(s) granted in respect of such exceptions.
<b>User Site</b>	A site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a <b>User</b> in which there is a <b>Connection Point</b> . For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a <b>Relevant Transmission Licensee</b> but occupied by a <b>User</b> as aforesaid, is a <b>User Site</b> .
<b>User System</b>	<p>Any system owned or operated by a <b>User</b> comprising:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <b>Power Generating Modules</b> or <b>Generating Units</b>; and/or</li> <li>(b) Systems consisting (wholly or mainly) of electric lines used for the distribution of electricity from <b>Grid Supply Points</b> or <b>Generating Units</b> or <b>Power Generating Modules</b> or other entry points to the point of delivery to <b>Customers</b>, or other <b>Users</b>;</li> </ul> <p>and <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> (including prior to the <b>OTSUA Transfer Time</b>, any <b>OTSUA</b>) connecting:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(c) The system as described above; or</li> <li>(d) <b>Non-Embedded Customers</b> equipment;</li> </ul> <p>to the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b> or to the relevant other <b>User System</b>, as the case may be.</p> <p>The <b>User System</b> includes any <b>Remote Transmission Assets</b> operated by such <b>User</b> or other person and any <b>Plant</b> and/or <b>Apparatus</b> and meters owned or operated by the <b>User</b> or other person in connection with the distribution of electricity but does not include any part of the <b>National Electricity Transmission System</b>.</p>
<b>User System Entry Point</b>	A point at which a <b>Power Generating Module</b> , <b>Generating Unit</b> , a <b>CCGT Module</b> or a <b>CCGT Unit</b> or a <b>Power Park Module</b> , or an <b>Electricity Storage Module</b> or a <b>DC Converter</b> or an <b>HVDC Converter</b> , as the case may be, which is <b>Embedded</b> connects to the <b>User System</b> .
<b>Virtual Lead Party</b>	<u>As defined in the BSC.</u>

<b>Voltage Jump Reactive Power</b>	<p>The transient <b>Reactive Power</b> injected or absorbed from a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> to the <b>Total System</b> as a result of either a step or ramp change in the difference between the voltage magnitude and/or phase of the voltage of the <b>Internal Voltage Source</b> of the <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> and <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b>.</p> <p>In the event of a voltage magnitude and phase change at the <b>Grid Entry Point</b> or <b>User System Entry Point</b>, a <b>Grid Forming Plant</b> will instantaneously (within 5ms) supply <b>Voltage Jump Reactive Power</b> to the <b>Total System</b> as a result of the voltage magnitude change.</p>
<b>Water Time Constant</b>	Bears the meaning ascribed to the term "Water inertia time" in IEC308.
<b>Website</b>	The site established by <b>The Company</b> on the World-Wide Web for the exchange of information among <b>Users</b> and other interested persons in accordance with such restrictions on access as may be determined from time to time by <b>The Company</b> .
<b>Weekly ACS Conditions</b>	Means that particular combination of weather elements that gives rise to a level of peak <b>Demand</b> within a week, taken to commence on a Monday and end on a Sunday, which has a particular chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone. This particular chance is determined such that the combined probabilities of <b>Demand</b> in all weeks of the year exceeding the annual peak <b>Demand</b> under <b>Annual ACS Conditions</b> is 50%, and in the week of maximum risk the weekly peak <b>Demand</b> under <b>Weekly ACS Conditions</b> is equal to the annual peak <b>Demand</b> under <b>Annual ACS Conditions</b> .
<b>WG Consultation Alternative Request</b>	Any request from an <b>Authorised Electricity Operator</b> ; the <b>Citizens Advice</b> or the <b>Citizens Advice Scotland</b> , <b>The Company</b> or a <b>Materially Affected Party</b> for a <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> to be developed by the <b>Workgroup</b> expressed as such and which contains the information referred to at GR.20.16. For the avoidance of doubt, any <b>WG Consultation Alternative Request</b> does not constitute either a <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or a <b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b> .
<b>Workgroup</b>	A <b>Workgroup</b> established by the <b>Grid Code Review Panel</b> pursuant to GR.20.1;
<b>Workgroup Consultation</b>	As defined in GR.20.13, and any further consultation which may be directed by the <b>Grid Code Review Panel</b> pursuant to GR.20.20;
<b>Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification</b>	An alternative modification to the <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> developed by the <b>Workgroup</b> under the <b>Workgroup</b> terms of reference (either as a result of a <b>Workgroup Consultation</b> or otherwise) and which is believed by a majority of the members of the <b>Workgroup</b> or by the chairperson of the <b>Workgroup</b> to better facilitate the <b>Grid Code Objectives</b> than the <b>Grid Code Modification Proposal</b> or the current version of the <b>Grid Code</b> ;
<b>Zonal System Security Requirements</b>	That generation required, within the boundary circuits defining the <b>System Zone</b> , which when added to the secured transfer capability of the boundary circuits exactly matches the <b>Demand</b> within the <b>System Zone</b> .

A number of the terms listed above are defined in other documents, such as the **Balancing and Settlement Code** and the **Transmission Licence**. Appendix 1 sets out the current definitions from the other documents of those terms so used in the Grid Code and defined in other documents for ease of reference, but does not form part of the Grid Code.

## GD.2.1

In the Grid Code:

- (i) a table of contents, a Preface, a Revision section, headings, and the Appendix to this **Glossary and Definitions** are inserted for convenience only and shall be ignored in construing the Grid Code;
- (ii) unless the context otherwise requires, all references to a particular paragraph, sub-paragraph, Appendix or Schedule shall be a reference to that paragraph, sub-paragraph Appendix or Schedule in or to that part of the Grid Code in which the reference is made;
- (iii) unless the context otherwise requires, the singular shall include the plural and vice versa, references to any gender shall include all other genders and references to persons shall include any individual, body corporate, corporation, joint venture, trust, unincorporated association, organisation, firm or partnership and any other entity, in each case whether or not having a separate legal personality;
- (iv) references to the words "include" or "including" are to be construed without limitation to the generality of the preceding words;
- (v) unless there is something in the subject matter or the context which is inconsistent therewith, any reference to an Act of Parliament or any Section of or Schedule to, or other provision of an Act of Parliament shall be construed at the particular time, as including a reference to any modification, extension or re-enactment thereof then in force and to all instruments, orders and regulations then in force and made under or deriving validity from the relevant Act of Parliament;
- (vi) where the **Glossary and Definitions** refers to any word or term which is more particularly defined in a part of the Grid Code, the definition in that part of the Grid Code will prevail (unless otherwise stated) over the definition in the **Glossary & Definitions** in the event of any inconsistency;
- (vii) a cross-reference to another document or part of the Grid Code shall not of itself impose any additional or further or co-existent obligation or confer any additional or further or co-existent right in the part of the text where such cross-reference is contained;
- (viii) nothing in the Grid Code is intended to or shall derogate from **The Company's** statutory or licence obligations;
- (ix) a "holding company" means, in relation to any person, a holding company of such person within the meaning of section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such latter section were in force at such date;
- (x) a "subsidiary" means, in relation to any person, a subsidiary of such person within the meaning of section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such latter section were in force at such date;
- (xi) references to time are to London time; and
- (xii) (a) Save where (b) below applies, where there is a reference to an item of data being expressed in a whole number of MW, fractions of a MW below 0.5 shall be rounded down to the nearest whole MW and fractions of a MW of 0.5 and above shall be rounded up to the nearest whole MW;  
  
(b) In the case of the definition of **Registered Capacity** or **Maximum Capacity**, fractions of a MW below 0.05 shall be rounded down to one decimal place and fractions of a MW of 0.05 and above shall be rounded up to one decimal place.

- (xiii) For the purposes of the Grid Code, physical quantities such as current or voltage are not defined terms as their meaning will vary depending upon the context of the obligation. For example, voltage could mean positive phase sequence root mean square voltage, instantaneous voltage, phase to phase voltage, phase to earth voltage. The same issue equally applies to current, and therefore the terms current and voltage should remain undefined with the meaning depending upon the context of the application. **Retained EU Law** (Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/631) defines requirements of current and voltage but they have not been adopted as part of EU implementation for the reasons outlined above.
- (xiv) Except where expressly stated to the contrary, reference to Commission Regulations means the Commission Regulation (EU) as it forms part of **Retained EU Law**, as such regulation may be amended.

**< END OF GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS >**