STOR System Set up for Ancillary Service Provider

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# Introduction

The PAS (Platform Ancillary Services) project has an objective to replace and enhance systems across the Ancillary Service lifecycle. Starting with a flexible dispatch platform, capable of sending and receiving data, such as provider availability submissions and dispatch notifications. The platform has already been rolled out to include N-BM Fast Reserve, this document will focus on the addition of N-BM Short Term Operating Reserve (STOR). In order for Service Providers to communicate with National Grid they are required to develop the appropriate web services as per the technical specifications.

This document explains the business rules Service Providers need to implement, including the initial set up of the system and the exceptions rules for the web services.

## Scope

This document applies to Non BM providers only and covers the business rules and exceptions which are to be implemented by STOR service providers. This document covers both the Commited and Flexible aspects of the service.

# Initial System Set-up Business Rules

Once a contract has been accepted, the contract data will be placed into the PAS application by National Grid and the web service urls will be placed in the National Grid middleware. Each of the web service urls will be tagged against a Contract ID (for the purpose of this document, the Contract ID is your unique Unit ID in your framework agreement) and the dynamic routing will happen from National Grid middleware.

The following data items are applicable for both the Commited and Flexible (STOR) Service

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Data Item | Description |
| Contract ID | ID of a contract, this will match the Unit ID EG.’STOR-1’ (Service Provider can have multiple contracts)  |
| Contract Start Date | Start date of contract as per accepted tender |
| Contract End Date | End date of contract as per accepted tender |
| Response Time | The time period (in minutes), for the Contracted Unit or Contracted Site to reach their Contracted MW from the pre-instructionMW after sending a Dispatch Instruction |
| Recovery Period | means for the period specified in the STOR Contract which commences upon expiry of the Cease Time |
| Cease Time | The time period (in minutes), for the Contracted Unit or Contracted Site to reach zero MW from their Contracted MW after sending a Cease Instruction |
| Minimum Non Zero Time | The minimum time in minutes a service provider must remain above zero MWs |
| Ramp Up | MW / Minute |
| Ramp Down Rate | MW / Minute |
| Contracted MW per window  | Contract MW per season |
| Telephone  | Telephone number that National Grid Electricity Control Room can call in the event of a manual intervention |
| Fax  | Only If still relevant |

Commited STOR contracts map to the Service type STOR in the webservices, Flexible STOR contracts map to the Service Type STOR\_FLEXIBLE.

The Flexible STOR contracts will require a nomination webservice which is detailed in section 3.5 and 3.6

# Web Services Business Rules and Exceptions

## General business rules and exceptions

In all the web services and for all the data tags, the data should be trimmed and should be without any spaces before or after the data. For example, National Grid would expect ‘STOR’ instead of ‘STOR ’ or

‘ STOR’ in the service type.

The web service will not be accepted if Service Providers send any blank tags. This will mean the ‘NULL’ value will be updated in the PAS system. This is applicable for all the optional fields. If the field is optional, National Grid would expect Service Provider to ignore that tag completely from the xml.

If Service Provider sends blank tag for mandatory tags, PAS will update ‘NULL’ value in the system.

Except for dispatch / cease instruction web service (which is for 30 seconds), National Grid will wait for 1 minute to get synchronous response back from Service Providers before the system times out.

## Web Service Versioning

We have introduced web service version to help with tracebility for onboarding new Ancillary Services. Current webservice version for STOR is Version 2, any changes will be communicated by updating the web specification and business logic document appropriately. Providers will be notified by email of any new documentation.

## Availability Service

This web service is used for declaration of availability window. It is also used to redeclare and emergency redeclare. In a normal situation, National Grid would expect to see declarations and re-declarations from Service Providers (SP) in advance of before gate closure of any given window. The StartDateTime and EndDateTime should be in the future. In normal situations, National Grid will reject any declaration / re-declaration which are sent after Gate Closure – except in the case of an emergency declaration.

In all the situations, National Grid expects to only have ServiceType, ContractID, StartDateTime, EndDateTime, BreakPoint for OfferBid\_Number 1 and DateTimeStamp in the xml. No other details should be provided, refer to the sample payloads in the web service specification. The exceptions are treated below.

National Grid would expect a Service Provider to send a declaration for the entire optional window.

A Service Provider can submit only submit their contracted MW value for optional window using BreakPoint for OfferBid\_Number 1 through initial declaration. In the event a Service Provider does not submit an availability for a window, National Grid will assume zero availability for that window.

As mentioned in the technical specification, SP’s can submit multiple availability windows declaration and / or re-declaration within the same xml.

A Service Provider must submit availability for the week ahead before the cutover, currently Tuesday 10:00 GMT the week before, with the exception of bank holidays falling on a Tuesday in which case the submissions should be done the preceeding working day (any changes to this datetime would be communicated approriately)

**Season ends**

As the season ends will not naturally fall at the end of a window, optional windows can be declared where the end time is equal to the end of the season

For example

If season 1 ends 5th January 05:00 but the last availability window ends on the 4th January 21:30, National Grid will create an optional window which would start at 4th January 21:30 and ends 5th January 05:00. Season starts works on the same principal.

**Optional declarations**

When a Service Provider redeclares for any Optional windows they must be able to provide all MW or nothing for all Optional windows for that day to be inline with the STOR contract, this must be enforced by the service providers declarations.

**Emergency Redeclarations**

Providers are able to send emergency re-declarations after the gate closure (60 minutes before window start) until the end of availability window. The BreakPoint for OfferBid\_Number 1 value should be ‘0’. For example, if the window is from 10:00 to 19:00, a Service Provider can submit an emergency declaration from 09:00 to 18:59 and the StartDateTime should be 10:00 and EndDateTime should be 19:00. For settlement purposes, National Grid will consider the DateTimeStamp as StartDateTime in the case of emergency re-declaration if the submission is sent after the window has started. It should be noted that Service Provider has responsibility to submit the re-declaration of any adjoining window with a contracted MW ‘0’ in case they have submitted emergency declarations. Otherwise, National Grid will assume that Service Provider is available for the next adjoining window and could send a dispatch notification.

Following are the exceptions and the appropriate error responses that would be expected when the xml is sent by Service Provider to National Grid:

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list from the XSD or missing value, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
2. If ContractID is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
3. If StartDateTime is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
4. If EndDateTime is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
5. If DateTimeStamp is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.

**Other Rejections**

1. If ContractID value differs to what has been set up in PAS application (or NULL value in the tag), National Grid will send a 500 Internal Server Error response back to the SP. The response will also provide the details of the error.

**File Rejections (All windows should be considered invalid):**

1. If ContractID is not mapped to the appropriate ServiceType selected, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the FileReason ‘AS\_Error2’
2. If the difference between Service Provider DateTimeStamp and National Grids current system time (in UTC) is greater than one minute National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the FileReason ‘AS\_Error9’

**Window Rejections (Only for the specified window):**

1. If StartDateTime and EndDateTime is not matching to the availability window as per contract, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error3’
2. If EndDateTime is in the past, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error4’
3. If there are any values in UtilisationPrice irrespective of whether it is Commited STOR / Flexible contract / window, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error5’
4. If there are any values in BreakPoint for OfferBid\_Number 1 (MW values) other than contracted MW in the contract data or ‘0’. National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error6’.
5. If there are any values in Availabiliy Price for Commited / Flexible Contracts, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error7’
6. If emergency redeclaration has a BreakPoint for OfferBid\_Number 1 other than zero or if a declaration or redeclaration (non-emergency declaration) is sent post gate-closure, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error11’
7. If Availability submitted after submission cutoff with no valid declaration to redeclare National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error23’
8. If EndDateTime out side of Service term (contract end date), National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error24’
9. If BreakPoint for OfferBid\_Number 1 is missing in the window, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error25’
10. If more than one OfferBid array or OfferBid\_Number is provided for a single AvailabilityWindow array in a file National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection for the affected windows with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error26’
11. If there is a repetition / duplicate of StartDateTime and EndDatetime across two or more AvailabilityWindow arrays in a single file, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection for the affected windows with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error27’
12. In the case of an unspecified error, National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the WindowReason ‘AS\_Error99’

It should be noted that the multiple error codes has a a limit of 200 characters. In the case of error codes exceeding 200 characters, the reasons will be trimmed to 200 characters

## Availability Confirmation Service

This web service is primarily used to validate the declaration / re-declaration data submitted by Service Provider. There are two levels of data validation done by National Grid – one at file level and the other at a window level.

If any of the exceptions mentioned in section 3.3 occur for File level rejection, the availability confirmation will be marked as ‘REJECTED’ with appropriate reason code as mentioned in section 3.3 in the FileReason tag. If the confirmation is marked as ‘REJECTED’ all windows should be considered as rejected for the availability file submission. If the file has been REJECTED the confirmation response will not contain any availability windows, the file should be identified by the DateTimeStamp which will correspond to the date timestamp which is sent in the availability web service.

If any of the exceptions mentioned in section 3.3 occur for Window level rejection, the availability confirmation will be marked as ‘ACCEPTED’ but the Availability Window array(s) with error(s) will have appropriate WindowReason error code. The Service Provider is expected to resend the correction only for those windows which have been rejected by National Grid.

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
3. If ContractID is not valid, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ContractID’
4. If either StartDateTime or EndDateTime is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
5. If DateTimeStamp is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
6. If Confirmation is not from the list or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
7. If Validation is not from the list or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure

**Other Rejections:**

1. If ContractID is not mapped to the appropriate ServiceType, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a **non** **200** http status code back with a message ‘ContractID not matching to ServiceType’
2. If StartDateTime and EndDateTime is different to the window provided by SP, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid StartDateTime and EndDateTime’
3. If File or Window Reason is different to the rejection codes mentioned in the above section, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid Reason in File or Window’
4. DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘DateTimeStamp is in the future’

Using availability confirmation web service, National Grid can send error codes for different windows in a single availability confirmation xml. National Grid can also send multiple error codes for a single availability window. These error codes will be separated by semicolons.

## Availability Nomination Service

The purpose of the nomination service is to replace the current faxing and telephone process that takes place by Friday 4pm (local time) in regards to the flexible contract process. This will enable service providers to integrate nomination responses into their systems and processes and providing an easier way to tell if a submission has been accepted.

The Availability Nomination Service is used for the all windows which are submitted for STOR\_FLEXIBLE and is used to communicate the results of flexible assessment.

Nomination message will contain the StartDateTime and EndDateTime of the windows in GMT. Windows which have been declared for 0 MW will not be assessed so will not receive a Nomination.

Flexible contract availabilities (at contracted MW, not 0) which PAS has accepted and confirmed using the Availability Confirmation Service which have not been notified by 4pm local time should be considered as accepted.

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
3. If NUI is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
4. If DateTimeStamp is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure

**File Rejections:**

1. If ContractID is not valid, National Grid expects Service Provider to reject all windows and include a FileReason error code ‘NS\_Error1’
2. If ContractID is not mapped to the appropriate ServiceType, National Grid expects Service Provider to reject all windows and include a FileReason error code ‘NS\_Error2’
3. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid expects Service Provider to reject all windows and include a FileReason error code ‘NS\_Error3’
4. If a non specified Error occurs, National Grid expects Service Provider reject the and include a FileReason error code ‘NS\_Error99’

**Window Rejections:**

1. If StartDateTime is in the past or incorrect, National Grid expects Service Provider to reject the relevant windows and include a Reason error code ‘NS\_Error4’
2. If EndDateTime is in the past or incorrect, National Grid expects Service Provider to reject the relevant windows and include a Reason error code ‘NS\_Error5’
3. If a non specified Error occurs, National Grid expects Service Provider to reject the window and include a Reason error code ‘NS\_Error99’

## Availability Nomination Confirmation Service

This web service should be used by Service Provider to confirm the an arming nomination sent by National Grid for STOR\_FLEXIBLE.

Service Providers can only reject a nomination incase of an error and must provide a reason in case they are rejecting the nomination.

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing value, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
2. If ContractID is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
3. If NUI is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
4. If Confirmation is not from the list (ACCEPTED or REJECTED) or missing value, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
5. If DateTimeStamp is missing in the xml, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.

**Other Rejections:**

1. If ContractID is not matching to the nomination payload National Grid has sent, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ContractID’ in the response
2. If NUI is not matching to the nomination payload National Grid has sent, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid NUI’ in the response
3. If StartDateTime or EndDateTime is in the past (SLA breach), National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘SLA Breach’ in the response
4. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘DateTimeStamp is in future’ in the response
5. If StartDateTime or EndDateTime does not match the values National Grid has sent, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid StartDateTime’ or ‘Invalid EndDateTime’ in response

## Dispatch/Cease Service

VolumeRequested is mandatory only for dispatch instruction. However, National Grid will also send this value in Cease instruction. VolumeRequested will always be contracted MW value for the appropriate window.

National Grid will not send ‘0’ MW dispatch instructions.

The same DUI is used for both Dispatch and Cease instruction. At any point in time, there will be only one active DUI per ContractID.

Dispatch instruction will have ‘START’ and cease instruction will have ‘STOP’ in the Instruction tag.

A normal cease instruction will only be sent by National Grid only after the minimum non-zero time is past from the dispatch instruction (e.g. If the dispatch instruction has been sent at 13:30 and the minimum non-zero time is 5 mins, National Grid will send a cease instruction from 13:35). The next dispatch will be sent only after ramp down time and recovery time is past (e.g. If the cease instruction (for 10MW) has been sent at 13:35 and the ramp down rate is 5MW per minute and recovery time is 3 minutes, National Grid can only send the next dispatch instruction at 13:40).

The field ScheduledDateTime is not currently used for the STOR and STOR\_Flexible services and can be ignored.

**Emergency Ceases**

Emergency Ceases are cases where National Grid needs a service provider to stop delivering because of issues on the electricity system. This can be triggered in a service provider’s minimum run time (Min non zero time) a service provider should accept the emergency cease. In the case of being unable to run ramp down until minimum run time the provider should reject the instruction and start ramping down once minimum run time has been reached.

National Grid will have provision for emergency cease where it will send the cease instruction before minimum non-zero time is past. The DUI will have an ‘E-’ to indicate it is an emergency cease. i.e. if you receive a dispatch with a DUI of : ‘DIS0931239abc12’ an emergency cease would have a DUI of ‘E-DIS0931239abc12’.

In the circumstances when Service Provider sends emergency redeclaration and the contract is dispatched, National Grid will send cease instruction irrespective of whether the contract has past the minimum non-zero time. National Grid expects Service Provider to accept this cease instruction.

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing value, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
3. If DUI is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
4. If Instruction is different to that of XSD or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
5. If DateTimeStamp is missing in the xml, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure

**Error Code Responses:**

1. ContractID is not valid, National Grid expects Service Provider to send Dispatch / Cease confirmation response with ERROR in the ResponseCode with the associated Errorcode ‘DCS\_Error1’
2. If VolumeRequested is different to the Contracted Value, National Grid expects Service Provider to send Dispatch / Cease confirmation response with ERROR in the ResponseCode with the associated Errorcode ‘DCS\_Error2’
3. If DateTimeStamp is in the future (but only greater than 5 seconds from the server time), National Grid expects Service Provider to send Dispatch / Cease confirmation response with ERROR in the ResponseCode with the associated Errorcode ‘DCS\_Error3’
4. If ContractID is not matching to that of ServiceType, National Grid expects Service Provider to send Dispatch / Cease confirmation response with ERROR in the ResponseCode with the associated Errorcode ‘DCS\_Error4’
5. If any of the following; VTarget, DroopPercentage, DeadBandPercentage are provided National Grid expects Service Provider to send Dispatch / Cease confirmation response with ERROR in the ResponseCode with the associated Errorcode ‘DCS\_Error5’
6. If there is an unspecified error in the Dispatch or Cease message, National Grid expects Service Provider to send Dispatch / Cease confirmation response with ERROR in the ResponseCode with the associated Errorcode ‘DCS\_Error99’

In the situation where National Grid did not get a 200 ok response back when the instruction has been sent, National Grid may trigger a manual process to investigate the reason for non-response.

## Dispatch / Cease Confirmation Service

If National Grid did not get a confirmation (after receiving a 200 ok response to the dispatch instruction that has been sent by NG) past 300 seconds from the dispatch instruction, it will be assumed that service providers has rejected the instruction.

If National Grid do not get a confirmation (after receiving a 200 ok response to the cease instruction that has been sent by NG) past 300 seconds from the cease instruction, it will be deemed that the Service Provider has ceased the dispatch.

The same DUI should be sent for both Dispatch and Cease instructions. At any point in time, there will be only one active DUI per ContractID.

QDeltaCost and QDelta should not be used for the STOR or STOR Flexible Service

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ContractID is not matching to the dispatch/cease xml payload National Grid has sent, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ContractID’ in the response
2. If Instruction (START or STOP) is not matching to the dispatch/cease xml payload National Grid has sent, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message “Unexpected 'STOP' instruction type received” when START is sent in dispatch/cease instruction or “Unexpected 'START' instruction type received” message when STOP is sent in dispatch/cease instruction
3. If the ResponseCode is different to that of XSD, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
4. If ErrorCode is different to that of the list mentioned in section 3.6, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ErrorCode’ in the response
5. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid DateTimeStamp’ in the response
6. If DUI is not matching to the dispatch/cease xml payload National Grid has sent, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid DUI’ in the response
7. If Dispatch / Cease confirmation is received after 300 seconds, National Grid will reject the confirmation with a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘SLA breach’ in the response.

## Realtime Metering Service

National Grid expects to get meter readings once every 15 seconds (at 00:00:00, 00:00:15, 00:00:30 and 00:00:45) in every minute.

National Grid expects SPs to provide the average meter reading between the time (e.g. at 00:00:15, take the average of all meter readings between 00:00:00 and 00:00:15)

One meter read should be provided per contract. Sum of all the meter reads attached to the contract should be provided in the meter read.

The only required fields for STOR and STOR\_Flexible are; ServiceType, ContractID, DateTimeOfMeterReading, MeterReading, DateTimeStamp, all other fields should not be submitted.

In the event of a service providers RTM failure, National Grid only expects the most current value to be sent at the next 15 second interval and does not expect the RTM readings to be back dated.

As RTM is used by National Grid to gauge the heartbeat of Service Provider’s comms, we would consider the contract to be unavailable to dispatch, if:

1. National Grid does not receive any RTM in the last 2 minutes (i.e. 8 for STOR and STOR\_FLEXIBLE), RTM NACK will be sent with an error code ‘RTM\_Error1’, or
2. the values of DateTimeOfMeterReading received in the last 2 minutes are all duplicate, RTM NACK will be sent with an error code ‘RTM\_Error2’, or
3. The values of DateTimeStamp received in the last 2 minutes are all duplicate, RTM NACK will be sent with an error code ‘RTM\_Error3’

The other exceptions are handled as follows. Until the point National Grid gets a valid RTM back, the contract will be unavailable as per the above mentioned logic.

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing value, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
3. If DateTimeOfMeterReading is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
4. If MeterReading is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
5. If DateTimeStamp is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.

**Other Rejections:**

1. If ContractID value differs to what has been set up in PAS application, National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘Invalid ContractID’ in the response
2. If ContractID is not mapped to the appropriate ServiceType selected, National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘ContractID not matching to ServiceType’ in the response
3. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘DateTimeStamp is in the future’ in the response
4. If DateTimeOfMeterReading is not at 00:00:00, 00:00:15, 00:00:30 or 00:0045 in every minute, National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘DateTimeOfMeterReading is not in 15 seconds’ in the response
5. If DateTimeOfMeterReading is after the contract end date, National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘DateTimeOfMeterReading is after Contract end date’ in the response
6. If DateTimeOfMeterReading is in the future, National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘DateTimeOfMeterReading is in the future’ in the response
7. If DateTimeOfMeterReading is more than 3 minutes (this time could change in the future) in the past National Grid will reject the RTM with a 500 Internal Server Error response back including a message ‘DateTimeOfMeterReading is too far in the past’ in the response

## Realtime Metering Negative Acknowledgement Service

A Realtime Metering Negative Acknowledgement (NACK) is a message to communicate that we have not received RTM for the last two minutes or there is some issue with the RealTime metering that has been sent and until remedied with correct RTM submissions the contract will be unavailable to dispatch.

**Exceptions:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
3. If ContractID is not valid, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ContractID’
4. If ContractID does not match to that of ServiceType, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘ContractID not matching to ServiceType’ in the response
5. If StartDateTime or EndDateTime is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
6. If ErrorCode not in the list as mentioned in section 3.8, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ErrorCode’
7. If StartDateTime or EndDateTime is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘StartDateTime or EndDateTime is missing’
8. If DateTimeStamp is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
9. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘DateTimeStamp is in the future’

## Settlement Metering Service

The settlement meter reads should be submitted for the previous operational day starting from previous day 05:00:00 (local time) to current day 05:00:00 (local time) by the end of the current operational day. For example, by 08 April 2018 at 05:00, National Grid would expect the SPs to submit the meter reads between 05:00:00 on 06 April 2018 to 04:59:00 on 07 April 2018. So, National Grid would expect to see 1440 meter reads every normal day.

The meter read should be the average read in a minute. For example, the meter read on 04:30:00 should be the average of meter reads from 04:29:00 to 04:30:00.

Each meter reading should be submitted in a separate meter reading window tag.

**XSD Rejections:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing value, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
3. If DateTimeOfMeterReading is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.
4. If DateTimeStamp is missing, National Grid Middleware rejects the same via XSD validation and Service Provider should be getting a 500 Internal Server Error response back. The response will also provide the details of the error.

**Error Code Responses:**

1. If ContractID value differs to what has been set up in PAS application, National Grid will send a Rejection in the Settlement Metering Confirmation with ‘SS\_Error1’ in the reason field
2. If ContractID is not mapped to the appropriate ServiceType selected, National Grid will send a Rejection in the Settlement Metering Confirmation with ‘SS\_Error2’ in the reason field
3. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid will send a Rejection in the Settlement Metering Confirmation with ‘SS\_Error3’ in the reason field
4. If any DateTimeOfMeterReading is after the contract end date, National Grid will send a Rejection in the Settlement Metering Confirmation with ‘SS\_Error4’ in the reason field
5. If the difference between Service Provider DateTimeStamp and National Grids current system time (in UTC) is greater than one minute National Grid will send availability confirmation rejection with the error code ‘SS\_Error5’
6. If MeterReading is missing, National Grid will send a Rejection in the Settlement Metering Confirmation with ‘SS\_Error6’ in the reason field
7. If an unspecified error occurs , National Grid will send a Rejection in the Settlement Metering Confirmation with ‘SS\_Error99’ in the reason field

There will be manual data validations which are not part of this document.

## Settlement Metering Confirmation Service

The purpose of this web service is to provide an asynchoros response to the Settlement metering submissions. Service provides will receive a Settlement Confirmation message after submitting Settlement metering this will have an ‘ACCEPTED’ meaning the submission was valid or ‘REJECTED’ meaning one of the errors mentioned above happened

In case of multiple errors, the reason will be given separately

**Exceptions:**

1. If ServiceType is not from the list or missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
2. If ContractID is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
3. If ContractID is not valid, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘Invalid ContractID’
4. If StartDateTime or EndDateTime is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
5. If StartDateTime or EndDateTime is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
6. If DateTimeStamp is missing, National Grid expects Service Provider to throw 500 Internal Server Error as XSD validation failure
7. If DateTimeStamp is in the future, National Grid expects Service Provider to send a non 200 http status code back with a message ‘DateTimeStamp is in the future’

# Security rules and exceptions

As of Technical Specifications v4.0, National Grid is expecting all the webservices to be authenticated with usernames and passwords. Each Service Provider will have one set of username and password pair i.e. if Service Provider has multiple contracts across any ancillary service types, National Grid will provide a single pair of username and password across all contract ids. If Service Provider sends incorrect username and password or if there is a combination mismatch to the username password to that of contract id in the web services, National Grid will send the appropriate error (will be only 500 error code when sending backend error exception and for XSD validation failure). It is expected for SPs to send the same to NG.

# Appendix

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